

# The World's Reactors

14  
No. 13-RWE 1

(Rheinisch-Westfälisches Elektrizitätswerk A.G.)

## DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

### KEY

#### REACTOR CONTAINMENT

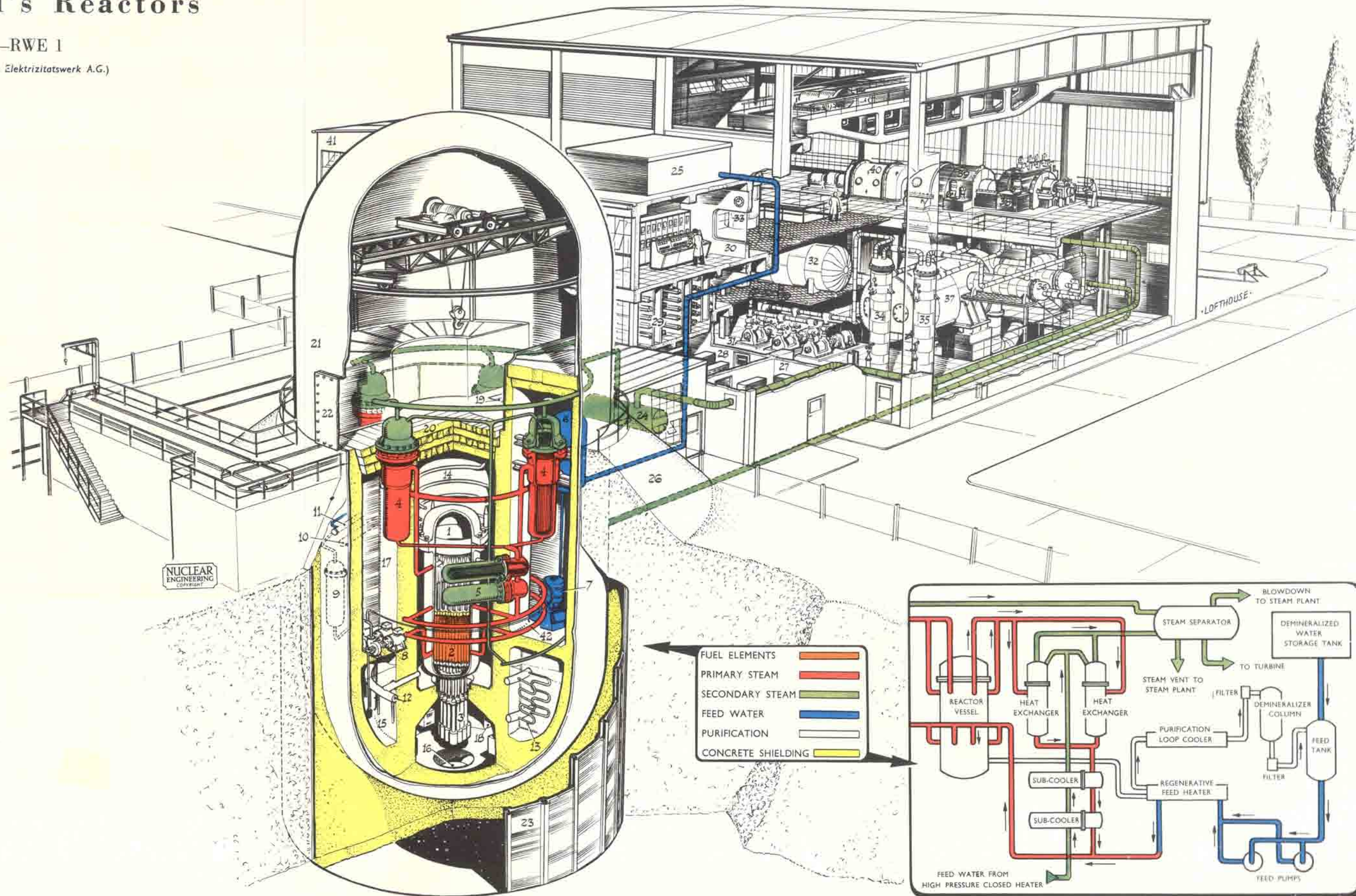
- 1. Reactor vessel
- 2. Fuel elements
- 3. Control rods (16)
- 4. Heat exchangers (4)
- 5. Sub-coolers (4)
- 6. Feed tank (2)
- 7. Feed pump (2)
- 8. Quench tank dump pumps (2)
- 9. Demineralizing column
- 10. Regenerative feed heater
- 11. Purification loop cooler
- 12. Reactor space pressure relief pipe
- 13. Quench tank cooling coils
- 14. Reactor space cooling coils
- 15. Quench tank (steel lined)
- 16. Sump
- 17. Used fuel storage space (steel lined)
- 18. Maintenance access
- 19. Maintenance access closure
- 20. Top shield
- 21. Steel pressure dome
- 22. Access door
- 23. Sheet steel piling
- 24. Steam separator
- 25. Demineralized water supply tanks (2)
- 26. Soil backfill
- 42. Reserve ring main

#### TURBINE HOUSE

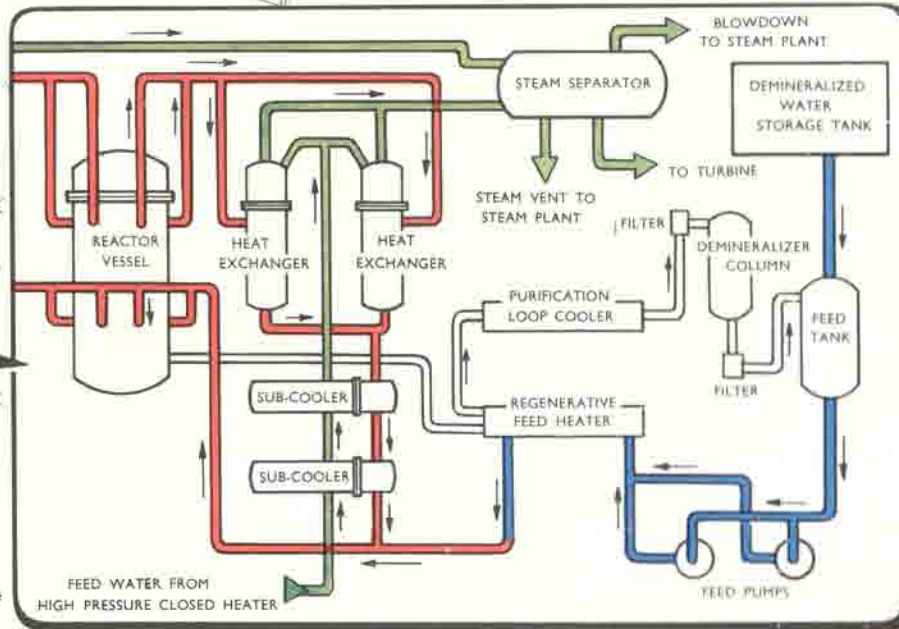
- 27. Battery room
- 28. Switchgear room
- 29. Cable room
- 30. Control room
- 31. Feed water pumps (2 electro, 1 turbo)
- 32. Feed water storage tank
- 33. De-aerator
- 34. L.P. preheater
- 35. H.P. preheater
- 36. Vacuum preheater
- 37. Condenser
- 38. L.P. turbine
- 39. H.P. turbine
- 40. 15 MW generator
- 41. Administrative buildings and water treatment plant

## DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

A. M. F. Atomics Inc. New York.  
 Mitchell Engineering Ltd. London  
 Siemens Schuckertswerke Erlangen.



FUEL ELEMENTS	
PRIMARY STEAM	
SECONDARY STEAM	
FEED WATER	
PURIFICATION	
CONCRETE SHIELDING	





# The World's Reactors

## No. 14 RWE 1

TYPE :	Boiling water reactor.
PURPOSE :	Power production.
LOCATION :	Dettingen, near Frankfurt-Main.
OPERATION :	Site clearance begun : Aug., 1957. Commissioning : Oct., 1959.
RATING :	Reactor : 58 MW (heat). Guaranteed net output : 16.2 MW. Installed capacity : 17.13 MW.
FUEL :	Thorium oxide (75%), enriched uranium oxide (25%). Max. fuel temp. $\approx$ 3,200°F. Max. heat flux $\approx$ 450,000 BTU/h,ft <sup>2</sup> . Average heat flux $\approx$ 114,000 BTU/h,ft <sup>2</sup> .
CORE :	80 assemblies, each of 49 elements, in 0.078 in Zircaloy frame. Active volume : 5 ft dia. $\times$ 5 ft high. Weight (including cladding) : 6 ton. Excess reactivity : 6%.
FUEL ELEMENTS :	Cylindrical : 5 ft high $\times$ 0.425 in dia. Cladding : zirconium alloy, 0.03 in thick. Zircaloy tubes filled with short ceramic slugs. Riser sections : 5 ft high. Max. fuel surface temp. $<$ 800°F. Max. cladding surface temp. $<$ 565°F.
MODERATOR :	Light water.
CONTROL :	16 cruciform rods, in two groups (12 safety and 4 control). Blade span : 11 in, thickness $\frac{1}{4}$ in. Stroke : 4 ft 6 in. Material : 4 inner rods hafnium, 12 outer rods borated stainless steel. Electro-mechanical drive from bottom of reactor.
PRESSURE VESSEL :	26 ft high $\times$ 7 ft 6 in i.d. Wall thickness : 4 in. Material : SA 212 B. Internal cladding : $\frac{1}{4}$ in stainless steel, SA 312 type 304 L.
COOLANT :	Boiling light water, natural circulation. Inlet temp.: 400°F. Outlet temp.: 533°F. Pressure (saturation) : 900 p.s.i.g. Flow (at 58 MW) : 241,000 lb/h. Av. vol. steam in core : 13%. Max. solids conc.: 2 ppm. Purification bleed : 10 gal/min.
BOILERS :	4 in number, type C.T. Secondary steam formed in annulus between $\frac{1}{2}$ in o.d. carbon steel tube and 1 in o.d. 16 s.w.g. stainless steel tube. Dimensions : 3 ft 3 in i.d., length below tube plate : 14 ft, above tube plate : 3 ft 6 in. Vessel : Carbon steel SA 212 B, $1\frac{3}{8}$ in thick over main length. Cladding (primary steam side) : $\frac{1}{8}$ in type 304 stainless steel. Tube plate : 212 B carbon steel, clad on lower side with $\frac{1}{8}$ in type 304 stainless steel.

### SECONDARY COOLANT :

Steam to turbine.  
Flow at max. rating : 224,000 lb/h.  
Inlet temp. sub-coolers : 350°F.  
Outlet temp. at T.S.V.: 497°F.  
Pressure : 600 p.s.i.g.

### ALTERNATOR :

17.13 MW.  
6 kV, 3 ph, 50 c/s.

### SHIELDING :

1 in steel thermal shield in vessel, and concrete.  
Sides 5 ft thick round vessel,  
Additional 2 ft round primary circuits.  
Top : 8 ft over vessel, 5 ft over primary circuits.  
Bottom : 1 ft lead below p.v.  
Lining : 1 in aluminized steel in reactor space,  $\frac{1}{4}$  in aluminized steel in quench tank and fuel storage space.

### CONTAINMENT :

Cylindrical steel vessel, hemispherical ends.  
Plate thickness : side  $\frac{3}{8}$  in, ends  $\frac{3}{8}$  in.  
Overall dimensions : 47 ft 6 in dia.  $\times$  110 ft high.

Data sheets in this series already published in "Nuclear Engineering" are:

- No. 1. BEPO (April, 1956)
- No. 2. CP5 (May, 1956)
- No. 3. NRX (June, 1956)
- No. 4. DIMPLE (August, 1956)
- No. 5. ZEUS (September, 1956)
- No. 6. CALDER HALL (October and December, 1956)
- No. 7. RUSSIAN 5 MW (November, 1956)
- No. 8. DIDO (January, 1957)
- No. 9. THE SOUTH OF SCOTLAND ELECTRICITY BOARD STATION (February, 1957)
- No. 10. BERKELEY POWER STATION (March, 1957)
- No. 11. BRADWELL POWER STATION (April, 1957)
- No. 12. DOUNREAY FAST REACTOR (June, 1957)
- No. 13. EBWR (July, 1957)