

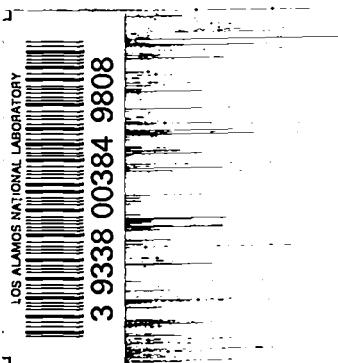
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This document contains 120 pages.THE CONSERVATION OF ENERGY AND MOMENTUM IN NUCLEAR REACTIONSReport compiled by:

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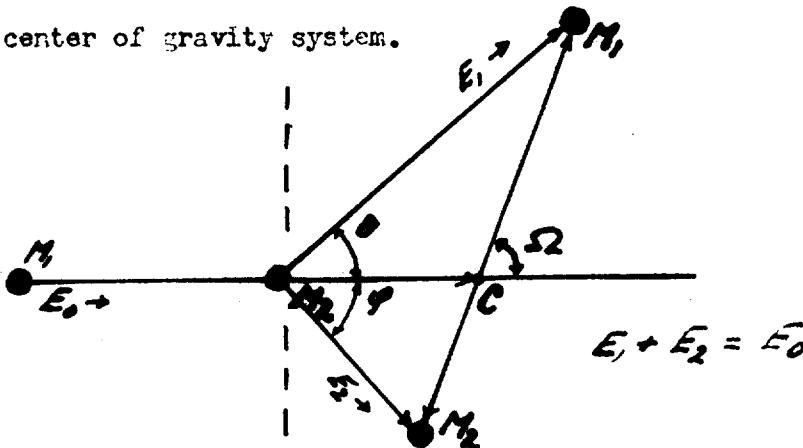
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Formulae for the Conservation of Energy and Momentum in Nuclear Reactions.

1. Scattering.

An incident nucleus of mass M_1 and energy E_0 is scattered by a target nucleus of mass M_2 initially at rest. Figure I illustrates a scattering of this kind, the left hand side representing the situation shortly before, the right hand side the situation a short time after the collision. For the discussion of the system after the collision we need some additional notation. We therefore let E_1 and θ denote the energy and scattering angle of the incident nucleus, E_2 and φ the corresponding data for the target nucleus, and Σ and $100 - \Sigma$ the respective scattering angles in the center of gravity system.

Figure I



Since the right hand side of Figure I represents the situation a given time after the collision, the sides of the two triangles are clearly proportional to velocities. Specifically we have:

The side $(M_1 M_1)$ \sim to the velocity of the incident nucleus,
 the side $(M_2 M_2)$ \sim to the velocity of the target nucleus,
 the side $(M_2 C)$ \sim to the velocity of the center of gravity of the system,

the side (CM_1) \sim to the velocity (in the center of gravity system) of the incident nucleus, and

the side (CM_2) \sim to the velocity (in the center of gravity system) of the target nucleus.

Once the above-mentioned velocities have been found the problem is essentially solved, for it has then been reduced to the application of trigonometric formulae to the two triangles in Figure I.

In the derivations which follow we shall use the following basic formulae frequently:

$$(A) \text{ Momentum} = \sqrt{2 \times \text{Mass} \times \text{Energy}}, \quad \text{Energy} = (\text{Momentum})^2 / 2 \times \text{Mass},$$

$$(B) \text{ Velocity} = \text{Momentum}/\text{Mass}, \quad \text{Momentum} = \text{Mass} \times \text{Velocity}.$$

Using the formulae given above we can readily construct the following two tables. In these we understand by the center of gravity the whole two-particle system regarded as one with its mass concentrated at the center of gravity.

Table I. Before the collision (laboratory system).

Particle	Mass	Energy	Momentum	Velocity
Incident nucleus	M_1	E_0	$\sqrt{2M_1 E_0}$	$\frac{\sqrt{E_0}}{M_1} = v_1$
Target nucleus	M_2	0	0	0
Center of gravity	$M_1 + M_2$	$\frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2} E_0$	$\sqrt{2M_1 E_0}$	$\frac{1}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{2M_1 E_0} = \frac{M_1 v_1}{M_1 + M_2}$

Table II. After the collision (laboratory system).

Particle	Mass	Energy	Momentum	Velocity
Incident nucleus	M_1	E_1	$\sqrt{2M_1 E_1}$	$\frac{\sqrt{E_1}}{M_1} = v_1$
Target nucleus	M_2	E_2	$\sqrt{2M_2 E_2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{E_2}}{M_2} = v_2$
Center of gravity	$M_1 + M_2$	$\frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2} E_0$	$\sqrt{2M_1 E_0}$	$\frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{2M_1 E_0} = \frac{M_1 v_1}{M_1 + M_2}$

The entries for the center of gravity in Table I are derived from its known mass $M_1 + M_2$ and from the fact that its momentum in this case

is simply the sum of the individual momenta. Since the momentum of the system is conserved the collision does not affect the center of gravity. The entries for the center of gravity in Table II are therefore identical to those in Table I. Furthermore, the conservation of energy requires that $E_1 + E_2 = E_0$.

Two of the required velocities have to be expressed in a different coordinate system, viz. the center of gravity system. In this system the momenta of the two particles have the same magnitude. We denote this by m . In addition, the total energy available in this coordinate system equals the total energy of the two particles less the energy associated with the center of gravity. With this in mind we can write down the following equation, the solution of which will enable us to construct Table III:

$$(C) \quad \frac{m^2}{2M_1} + \frac{m^2}{2M_2} = E_0 - \frac{M_1 M_2}{M_1 + M_2} E_0,$$

or

$$(D) \quad m = \frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{2M_1 E_0}.$$

Since momentum and energy is conserved Table III applies after as well as before the collision.

$$v'_1 = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} v_1$$

Table III. Before and after the collision (center of gravity system).

Particle	Mass	Energy	Momentum	Velocity
Incident nucleus	M_1	$(\frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2})^2 E_0$	$\frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{2M_1 E_0}$	$\frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{\frac{E_0}{M_1}} v_1$
Target nucleus	M_2	$(\frac{M_2}{M_1 + M_2})^2 E_0$	$\frac{M_2}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{2M_1 E_0}$	$\frac{M_2}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{\frac{E_0}{M_2}} v_1$
Center of gravity	$M_1 + M_2$	0	0	0

$$v'_2 = \frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_2$$

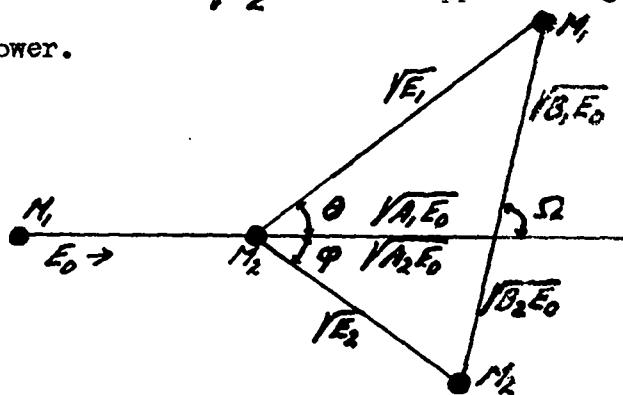
To simplify the trigonometric calculations which follow we introduce the following notation:

$$(1.1) \quad A_1 = \frac{M_1^2}{(M_1 + M_2)^2}, \quad B_1 = \frac{M_2^2}{(M_1 + M_2)^2},$$

$$A_2 = \frac{M_1 M_2}{(M_1 + M_2)^2}, \quad B_2 = \frac{M_1 M_2}{(M_1 + M_2)^2}.$$

We also redraw Figure I (see Figure II below) and assign lengths to the sides of the two triangles, proportional to the appropriate velocities, which are now available in Tables I, II, and III. Since we are going to discuss the upper and lower triangles in Figure II separately we need not use the same factor of proportionality. It turns out to be convenient to use the factor $\sqrt{\frac{M_1}{2}}$ for the upper triangle and the factor $\sqrt{\frac{M_2}{2}}$ for the lower.

Figure II



Using Figure II and the law of cosines we obtain:

$$(1.2) \quad E_1/E_0 = 1 - 2B_2(1 - \cos\Omega),$$

$$(1.3) \quad E_2/E_0 = 2B_2(1 - \cos\Omega),$$

and using the law of sines and the relationship, $a = b \cos C + c \cos B$, :

$$(1.4) \quad \sin\theta = \sqrt{\frac{B_1}{E_1/E_0}} \sin\Omega,$$

$$(1.5) \quad \sin\varphi = \sqrt{\frac{B_2}{E_2/E_0}} \sin\Omega.$$

$$(1.6) \quad \cos\Omega = \sqrt{\frac{E_1/E_0}{B_1}} \cos\theta - \frac{M_1}{M_2}$$

$$(1.7) \quad \cos\Omega = -\sqrt{\frac{E_2/E_0}{B_2}} \cos\varphi + 1$$

We can now eliminate Ω between (1.2) and (1.6), between (1.3) and (1.7), and between (1.4) and (1.5), and combine (1.2) with (1.4) and (1.3) with (1.5), obtaining:

$$(1.8) \quad E_1/E_0 = \frac{M_2^2}{(M_1+M_2)^2} \left(\cos \theta \pm \sqrt{\frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} - \sin^2 \theta} \right)^2, \quad (*)$$

$$(1.9) \quad E_2/E_0 = \frac{4M_1 M_2}{(M_1+M_2)^2} \cos^2 \varphi,$$

$$(1.10) \quad \tan \theta = \frac{\sin 2\varphi}{\frac{M_1}{M_2} - \cos 2\varphi}$$

$$(1.11) \quad \Omega = \pi - 2\varphi = \theta + \arcsin\left(\frac{M_2}{M_1} \sin \theta\right)$$

The relative intensities $I(\Omega)/I(\theta)$ and $I(\varphi)/I(\varphi)$ are defined below and are obtained by differentiating (1.4) and (1.5) regarding E_1/E_0 and E_2/E_0 as functions of Ω .

$$(1.12) \quad I(\Omega)/I(\theta) = \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{\sin \Omega d\Omega} = \frac{\frac{M_1 M_2}{(M_1+M_2)^2} \sqrt{\frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} - \sin^2 \theta}}{E_1/E_0}$$

$$(1.13) \quad I(\Omega)/I(\varphi) = \frac{\sin \varphi d\varphi}{\sin \Omega d\Omega} = \frac{1}{4 \cos \varphi}$$

Formulae (1.8), (1.9), and (1.10) can also be obtained from the set of equations given below, which is a straightforward statement of the laws of conservation of energy and momentum. But to proceed from this set would be much more difficult.

$$(1.14) \quad \begin{cases} E_0 = E_1 + E_2 \\ \sqrt{2M_1 E_0} = \sqrt{2M_1 E_1} \cos \theta + \sqrt{2M_2 E_2} \cos \varphi \\ 0 = \sqrt{2M_1 E_1} \sin \theta + \sqrt{2M_2 E_2} \sin \varphi \end{cases}$$

Note. If the incident nucleus is heavier than the target nucleus it can scatter with two different energies in a given direction θ , depending on how it was scattered in the center of gravity system. The two energies are referred to as the slow and the fast component of the scattering.

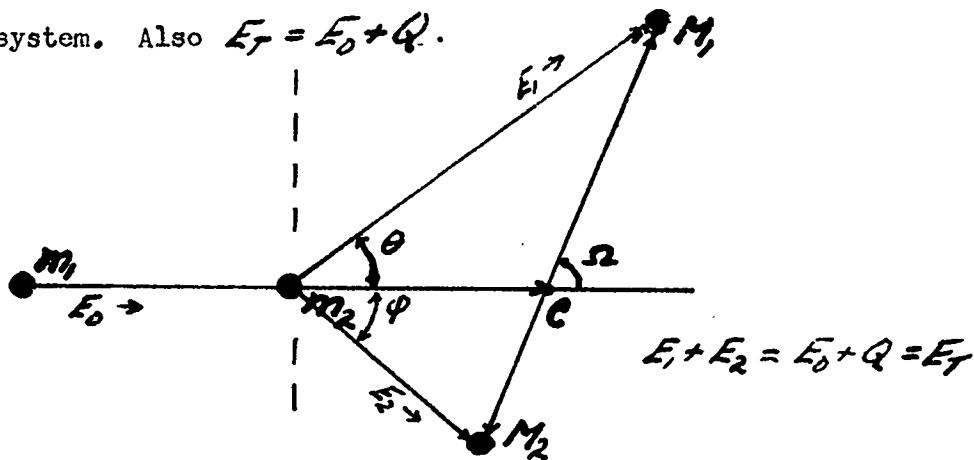
* Use both signs if $M_1 > M_2$, in which case $\theta_{\max} = \arcsin \frac{M_2}{M_1}$
Use only the plus sign if $M_1 \leq M_2$. See also note above.

2. Reactions.

An incident nucleus of mass m_1 and energy E_0 reacts with a target nucleus of mass m_2 initially at rest, giving rise to two nuclei of masses M_1 and M_2 , where M_1 denotes the heavier nucleus. The energy released in the reaction is denoted by Q , which in the case Q is negative is interpreted as the energy required for the reaction. It is customary to take $M_1 + M_2 = m_1 + m_2$ even though this is strictly speaking not correct, the mass defect being $Q/931$.

Figure III illustrates a reaction of this kind, the left hand side representing the situation shortly before, the right hand side the situation a short time after the reaction. For the discussion of the system after the nuclear reaction we need some additional notation. We therefore let E_1 and θ denote the energy and scattering angle of the heavier nucleus, E_2 and φ the corresponding data for the lighter nucleus, and Ω and $180 - \Omega$ the respective scattering angles in the center of gravity system. Also $E_T = E_0 + Q$.

Figure III



Since the right hand side in Figure III represents the situation a given time after the reaction, the sides of the two triangles are clearly proportional to velocities. Specifically we have:

The side $(m_2 M_1) \sim$ to the velocity of the heavier emerging nucleus,
 the side $(m_2 M_2) \sim$ to the velocity of the lighter emerging nucleus,
 the side $(m_2 C)$ \sim to the velocity of the center of gravity of the system,

the side (CM_1) \sim to the velocity (in the center of gravity system) of the heavier nucleus, and

the side (CM_2) \sim to the velocity (in the center of gravity system) of the lighter nucleus.

Once the above-mentioned velocities have been found the problem is essentially solved, for it has then been reduced to the application of trigonometric formulae to the two triangles in Figure III.

We repeat here Formulae (A) and (B) which will be used frequently in what follows.

$$(A) \text{ Momentum} = \sqrt{2 \times \text{Mass} \times \text{Energy}}, \quad \text{Energy} = (\text{Momentum})^2 / 2 \times \text{Mass},$$

$$(B) \text{ Velocity} = \text{Momentum} / \text{Mass}, \quad \text{Momentum} = \text{Mass} \times \text{Velocity}.$$

Using the above formulae we can readily construct the following two tables in which we understand by the center of gravity the whole system regarded as one with its mass concentrated at the center of gravity.

Table IV. Before the reaction (laboratory system).

Particle	Mass	Energy	Momentum	Velocity
Incident nucleus	m_1	E_0	$\sqrt{2m_1 E_0}$	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{m_1}} V E_0$
Target nucleus	m_2	0	0	0
Center of gravity	$m_1 + m_2$	$\frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} E_0$	$\sqrt{2m_1 E_0}$	$\frac{1}{m_1 + m_2} \sqrt{2m_1 E_0}$

Table V. After the reaction (laboratory system).

Particle	Mass	Energy	Momentum	Velocity
Heavier nucleus	M_1	E_1	$\sqrt{2M_1 E_1}$	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{M_1}} V E_1$
Lighter nucleus	M_2	E_2	$\sqrt{2M_2 E_2}$	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{M_2}} V E_2$
Center of gravity	$M_1 + M_2$	$\frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} E_0$	$\sqrt{2m_1 E_0}$	$\frac{\sqrt{m_1 M_1}}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{M_1}} V E_0$

The entries for the center of gravity in Table IV are derived from its known mass $m_1 + m_2$ and from the fact that its momentum in this case is simply the sum of the individual momenta. Since the momentum of the system is conserved the collision does not affect the center of gravity. The entries for the center of gravity in Table V are therefore identical to those in Table IV, except that $m_1 + m_2$ has been replaced by $M_1 + M_2$.

Two of the required velocities have to be expressed in a different coordinate system, viz. the center of gravity system. We denote this magnitude by m . In addition, the total energy available in this coordinate system equals the total energy of the two particles less the energy associated with the center of gravity. However, energy is not conserved in the case of reactions, the total energy of the two particles being E_0 before the reaction and $E_0 + Q = E_f$ after. We can now write down the equation for m , the common momentum of the two particles emerging after the reaction:

$$(C) \quad \frac{m^2}{2M_1} + \frac{m^2}{2M_2} = (E_0 + Q) - \frac{m_1}{M_1 + M_2} E_0,$$

the solution of which is given by

$$(D) \quad m = \frac{\sqrt{m_1 M_2}}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{m_2 E_f}} \sqrt{2M_1 E_f}.$$

We can now construct a table which applies to the system after the reaction has taken place.

Table VI. After the reaction (center of gravity system).

Particle	Mass	Energy	Momentum	Velocity
Heavier nucleus	M_1	$\frac{m_1 M_2}{(M_1 + M_2)^2} (1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{m_2 E_f}) E_f$	$\frac{\sqrt{m_1 M_2}}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{m_2 E_f}} \sqrt{2M_1 E_f} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{M_1 + M_2} \frac{\sqrt{m_1 Q}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{m_2 E_f}}} E_f$	
Lighter nucleus	M_2	$\frac{m_2 M_1}{(M_1 + M_2)^2} (1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{m_2 E_f}) E_f$	$\frac{\sqrt{m_1 M_2}}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{m_2 E_f}} \sqrt{2M_1 E_f} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{M_2} \frac{\sqrt{m_1 Q}}{M_1 + M_2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{m_2 E_f}} E_f$	
Center of gravity	$M_1 + M_2$	0	0	0

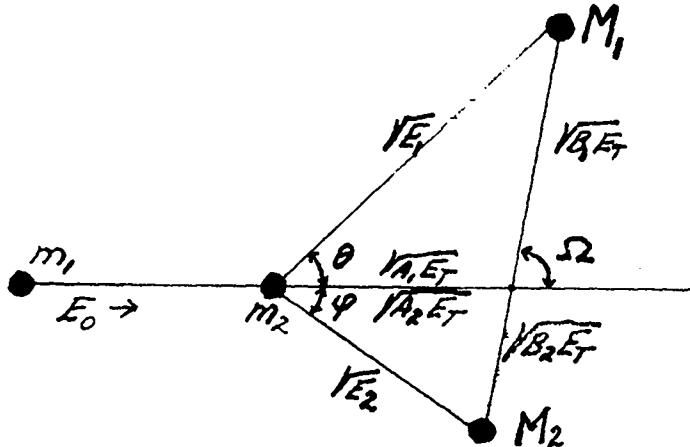
To simplify the trigonometric calculations which follow we introduce the following notation:

$$(2.1) \quad A_1 = \frac{m_1 M_1}{(M_1 + M_2)^2} \left(1 - \frac{Q}{E_T}\right), \quad B_1 = \frac{m_2 M_2}{(M_1 + M_2)^2} \left(1 + \frac{m_1 Q}{M_2 E_T}\right),$$

$$A_2 = \frac{m_2 M_2}{(M_1 + M_2)^2} \left(1 - \frac{Q}{E_T}\right), \quad B_2 = \frac{m_1 M_1}{(M_1 + M_2)^2} \left(1 + \frac{m_2 Q}{M_1 E_T}\right).$$

We also redraw Figure III (see Figure IV below) and assign lengths to the sides of the two triangles, proportional to the appropriate velocities now available in Tables IV, V, and VI. Since we are going to discuss the upper and lower triangles in Figure IV separately we need not use the same factor of proportionality. It turns out to be convenient to use the factor $\sqrt{\frac{M_1}{2}}$ for the upper triangle and the factor $\sqrt{\frac{M_2}{2}}$ for the lower.

Figure IV



Using Figure IV and the law of cosines we obtain:

$$(2.3) \quad E_1/E_T = (A_1 + B_1) + 2\sqrt{A_1 B_1} \cos \Omega,$$

$$(2.3) \quad E_2/E_T = (A_2 + B_2) - 2\sqrt{A_2 B_2} \cos \Omega,$$

and using the law of sines and the relationship, $a = b \cos C + c \cos B$,

$$(2.4) \quad \sin \theta = \sqrt{\frac{B_1}{E_1/E_T}} \sin \Omega$$

$$(2.5) \quad \sin \varphi = \sqrt{\frac{B_2}{E_2/E_T}} \sin \Omega$$

$$(2.6) \quad \cos \Omega = \sqrt{\frac{E_1/E_T}{B_1}} \cos \theta - \sqrt{\frac{A_1}{B_1}}$$

$$(2.7) \quad \cos \Omega = -\sqrt{\frac{E_2/E_T}{B_2}} \cos \varphi + \sqrt{\frac{A_2}{B_2}}$$

We can now eliminate Ω between (2.2) and (2.6), between (2.3) and (2.7), and between (2.4) and (2.5), obtaining:

$$(2.8) \quad E_1/E_T = A_1 \left(\cos \theta \pm \sqrt{\frac{B_1}{A_1} - \sin^2 \theta} \right)^2, \quad (*)$$

$$(2.9) \quad E_2/E_T = A_2 \left(\cos \varphi \pm \sqrt{\frac{B_2}{A_2} - \sin^2 \varphi} \right)^2, \quad (**)$$

$$(2.10) \quad \sin \theta = \sqrt{\frac{M_2}{M_1}} \frac{E_2/E_T}{1 - (E_2/E_T)} \sin \varphi$$

The relative intensities $I(\Omega)/I(\theta)$ and $I(\Omega)/I(\varphi)$ are defined below and are obtained by differentiating (2.4) and (2.5) regarding E_1/E_T and E_2/E_T as functions of Ω .

$$(2.11) \quad I(\Omega)/I(\theta) \equiv \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{\sin \Omega d\Omega} = \frac{\sqrt{A_1 B_1 / A_1} - \sin^2 \theta}{E_1/E_T}$$

$$(2.12) \quad I(\Omega)/I(\varphi) \equiv \frac{\sin \varphi d\varphi}{\sin \Omega d\Omega} = \frac{\sqrt{A_2 B_2 / A_2} - \sin^2 \varphi}{E_2/E_T}$$

The values of Q used in this report are uncertain since they were computed from the experimental masses of n, p, D, T, He³, and He⁴ (see page 14). Nevertheless the tables and figures in this report may be used for modified values of Q using the following formulae:

$$(2.13) \quad Q' = Q + \Delta Q$$

$$(2.14) \quad E_0' = E_0 \left(1 + \frac{\Delta Q}{Q} \right)$$

$$(2.15) \quad E_T' = E_T \left(1 + \frac{\Delta Q}{Q} \right)$$

where Q , E_0 , and E_T are the values used in this report.

Suppose Q for the reaction $D + D \rightarrow n + \text{He}^3 + Q$ is actually 3.28 MEV instead of the value, 3.24 MEV, which was used, then $\Delta Q = 0.04$ MEV and for $E_0 = 6$ MEV we have $E_0' = 6.07$ MEV and $E_T' = 9.35$ MEV.

The tables and corresponding figures will now give the desired values simply by replacing the given E_0 and E_T by E_0' and E_T' .

Use both signs if $A_1 > B_1$, in which case $\theta_{\max} = \arcsin \sqrt{\frac{B_1}{A_1}}$.

Use only the plus sign if $A_1 \leq B_1$. See also note under formula (1.14).

Use both signs if $A_2 > B_2$, in which case $\varphi_{\max} = \arcsin \sqrt{\frac{B_2}{A_2}}$.

Use only the plus sign if $A_2 \leq B_2$. See also note under formula (1.14).

2. Rutherford Scattering.

The cross-section for Rutherford Scattering in the θ -interval, (θ_1, θ_2) , is given by:

$$(3.1) \quad 2\pi \int_{\Omega_1}^{\Omega_2} I(\Omega) \sin \Omega d\Omega \equiv 2\pi \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} I(\theta) \sin \theta d\theta$$

where Ω is the angle in the center of gravity system, and θ is the angle in the laboratory system, and the relationship between Ω and θ is given by (1.4) and (1.6). In (3.1), which we refer to as the partial cross-section, the functions, $I(\Omega)$ and $I(\theta)$ are given by:

$$(3.2) \quad I(\Omega) = \frac{C}{2\pi} \frac{(M_1 + M_2)^2}{M_2^2} \frac{1}{4 \sin^2 \frac{\Omega}{2}} \quad (A)$$

$$(3.3) \quad I(\theta) = \frac{C}{2\pi} \frac{[\cos \theta \pm \sqrt{1 - \frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} \sin^2 \theta}]^2}{\sin^2 \theta \sqrt{1 - \frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} \sin^2 \theta}} \quad (A)$$

where

$$(3.4) \quad C = \frac{\pi}{2} \left(\frac{Z_1 Z_2 e^2}{E_0} \right)^2 = .03256 \left(\frac{Z_1 Z_2}{E_0} \right)^2 \text{ barns}$$

In the above formulae M_1 , Z_1 , and E_0 denote mass, charge, and energy of the incident nucleus; M_2 and Z_2 denote the mass and charge of the target nucleus, which is initially assumed to be at rest; and $e^2 = 1.4397 \cdot 10^{-13}$ MEV-cm.

Substituting (3.3) into (3.1), integrating, and omitting the factor, C , we obtain what we term the relative partial cross-section. The formulae are given below:

$$(3.5) \quad \frac{1}{2} [\cot^2 \frac{\theta_1}{2} - \cot^2 \frac{\theta_2}{2}], \quad M_1 \ll M_2, \quad 0 < \theta_1 < \theta_2 \leq \pi,$$

$$(3.6) \quad \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_1} \left[1 + \cos \theta_1 \sqrt{1 - \frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} \sin^2 \theta_1} \right] - \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_2} \left[1 + \cos \theta_2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} \sin^2 \theta_2} \right], \quad M_1 < M_2, \quad 0 < \theta_1 < \theta_2 \leq \pi \quad (B)$$

$$(3.7) \quad 2 \left[\cot^2 \theta_1 - \cot^2 \theta_2 \right], \quad M_1 = M_2, \quad Z_1 \neq Z_2, \quad 0 < \theta_1 < \theta_2 \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad (C)$$

$$(3.8) \quad 2 \left[\frac{\cos \theta_1}{\sin^2 \theta_1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} \sin^2 \theta_1} - \frac{\cos \theta_2}{\sin^2 \theta_2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2} \sin^2 \theta_2} \right], \quad M_1 > M_2. \quad (D)$$

(1) See G. Gamow, ATOMIC NUCLEI AND NUCLEAR TRANSFORMATIONS, pages 162-163.

(2) The second term in (3.6) approaches $\frac{1}{2}(1 + \frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2})$ as θ_2 approaches π .

(3) In (3.7) it should be noted that the formula is valid only when $Z_1 \neq Z_2$.

If $Z_1 = Z_2$: $I(\theta) = \frac{C}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} + \frac{2 \psi}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} \right]^{1/2} \cos \theta$ where $\psi = \cos \left(\frac{Z_1 e}{R_0 v} \right)^2 \tan^2 \theta$.

(4) $0 < \theta_1 < \theta_2 \leq \arcsin \frac{M_2}{M_1}$.

INDEX OF TABLES

(See the Figure with number corresponding to the Table number for the graphs of the tabulated functions.)

Scattering: $M_1 = 1$.

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- Table 1: E_1/E_0 as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 2: E_2/E_0 as a function of ϕ for various M_2 .
 - Table 3: $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 4: Θ as a function of ϕ for various M_2 . *

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-
- Table 5: E_1/E_0 as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 6: E_2/E_0 as a function of ϕ for various M_2 .
 - Table 7: $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 8: Θ as a function of ϕ for various M_2 . *

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-
- Table 9: E_1/E_0 as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 10: E_2/E_0 as a function of ϕ for various M_2 .
 - Table 11: $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 12: Θ as a function of ϕ for various M_2 . *

Scattering: $M_1 = 4$.

-
- Table 13: E_1/E_0 as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 14: E_2/E_0 as a function of ϕ for various M_2 .
 - Table 15: $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ as a function of Θ for various M_2 .
 - Table 16: Θ as a function of ϕ for various M_2 . *

* NOTE: SINCE $\Omega = 180 - 2\phi$, THE TABLES AND CORRESPONDING FIGURES ALSO GIVE Θ AS A FUNCTION OF Ω .

Particle	Mass
n	1.00893
p	1.00812
D	2.01472
T	3.01703
He^3	3.01703
He^4	4.00387

1.008932

131.162

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D + D → p + T + 3.98 MEV.

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- Table 32: E_2/E_T and $I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$ as a function of ϕ for various E_0 .
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p + T → n + He³ - 0.76 MEV.

- Table 35: E_1/E_T as a function of θ for various E_0 .
- Table 36: $I(\Omega)/I(\theta)$ as a function of θ for various E_0 .
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Rutherford Scattering.

- Table 40: Relative Partial Crosssections as a function of E_1/m_2 for various θ -Intervals.

Range-Energy Relations.

- Table 41: Range of p and He⁴ particles as a function of energy for various nuclear research emulsions.

Table 1
(See Fig. 1)

TABLE OF E_1/E_0

$M_1 = 1$

θ	M_2	1	M_2	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
θ			θ												
0	0	1.000	0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
5	10	.992	10	.985	.990	.992	.995	.996	.996	.997	.997	.997	.997	.998	.998
10	20	.970	20	.941	.960	.970	.980	.983	.985	.987	.988	.989	.990	.991	.992
15	30	.933	30	.873	.914	.935	.956	.962	.967	.971	.974	.976	.978	.981	.983
20	40	.883	40	.786	.854	.889	.925	.935	.943	.949	.954	.958	.962	.967	.971
25	50	.821	50	.689	.785	.835	.887	.903	.914	.924	.931	.937	.942	.950	.956
30	60	.750	60	.589	.711	.776	.846	.866	.882	.895	.905	.913	.920	.931	.939
35	70	.671	70	.494	.636	.716	.802	.828	.848	.864	.876	.887	.896	.910	.921
40	80	.587	80	.407	.565	.656	.757	.789	.813	.832	.847	.860	.871	.888	.902
45	90	.500	90	.333	.500	.600	.714	.750	.778	.800	.818	.833	.846	.867	.882
50	100	.413	100	.273	.442	.549	.674	.713	.744	.770	.790	.807	.822	.845	.863
55	110	.329	110	.225	.393	.503	.636	.680	.714	.741	.764	.783	.799	.825	.845
60	120	.250	120	.189	.352	.464	.603	.649	.686	.715	.740	.761	.778	.807	.829
65	130	.179	130	.161	.319	.431	.575	.623	.661	.693	.719	.741	.760	.790	.814
70	140	.117	140	.141	.293	.405	.552	.601	.642	.674	.702	.725	.744	.777	.802
75	150	.067	150	.127	.274	.385	.534	.584	.626	.659	.688	.712	.732	.766	.792
80	160	.030	160	.118	.260	.371	.521	.572	.614	.649	.678	.702	.723	.758	.784
85	170	.008	170	.113	.253	.363	.513	.565	.607	.642	.671	.696	.718	.753	.780
90	180	.000	180	.111	.250	.360	.510	.562	.605	.640	.669	.694	.716	.751	.779

Table 2
(See Fig. 2)

$M_1 = 1$

TABLE OF E_2/E_0

ϕ	M_2	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
0		1.000	.889	.750	.640	.490	.438	.395	.360	.331	.306	.284	.249	.221
5		.992	.882	.744	.635	.486	.434	.392	.357	.328	.303	.282	.247	.220
10		.970	.862	.727	.621	.475	.424	.383	.349	.321	.296	.275	.241	.215
15		.933	.829	.700	.597	.457	.408	.369	.336	.308	.285	.265	.232	.207
20		.883	.785	.662	.565	.433	.386	.349	.318	.292	.270	.251	.220	.196
25		.821	.730	.616	.526	.402	.359	.324	.296	.272	.251	.233	.204	.182
30		.750	.667	.562	.480	.367	.328	.296	.270	.248	.229	.213	.187	.166
35		.671	.596	.503	.429	.329	.294	.265	.242	.222	.205	.191	.167	.149
40		.587	.522	.440	.376	.287	.257	.232	.211	.194	.179	.167	.146	.130
45		.500	.444	.375	.320	.245	.219	.198	.180	.165	.153	.142	.124	.111
50		.413	.367	.310	.264	.202	.181	.163	.149	.137	.126	.117	.103	.091
55		.329	.292	.247	.211	.161	.144	.130	.118	.109	.101	.093	.082	.073
60		.250	.222	.188	.160	.122	.109	.099	.090	.083	.076	.071	.062	.055
65		.179	.159	.134	.114	.087	.078	.071	.064	.059	.055	.051	.044	.040
70		.117	.104	.088	.075	.057	.051	.046	.042	.039	.036	.033	.029	.026
75		.067	.060	.050	.043	.033	.029	.026	.024	.022	.020	.019	.017	.015
80		.030	.027	.023	.019	.015	.013	.012	.011	.010	.009	.009	.008	.007
85		.008	.007	.006	.005	.004	.003	.003	.003	.003	.002	.002	.002	.002
90		.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

TABLE OF $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ Table 3
(See Fig. 3) $M_1 = 1$

$\theta \backslash M_2$	1	$\theta \backslash M_2$	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
θ														
0	.250	0	.444	.562	.640	.735	.766	.790	.810	.826	.840	.852	.871	.886
5	.251	10	.450	.567	.644	.738	.769	.793	.813	.829	.842	.854	.873	.887
10	.254	20	.465	.582	.657	.748	.778	.801	.820	.836	.849	.860	.878	.892
15	.259	30	.493	.607	.679	.766	.794	.815	.833	.848	.860	.871	.887	.900
20	.266	40	.535	.643	.711	.790	.815	.835	.851	.864	.875	.885	.900	.911
25	.276	50	.596	.693	.752	.821	.843	.860	.874	.885	.894	.903	.915	.925
30	.289	60	.680	.758	.805	.860	.877	.890	.901	.910	.918	.924	.934	.942
35	.305	70	.795	.839	.869	.905	.917	.926	.933	.939	.944	.948	.955	.960
40	.326	80	.950	.940	.945	.957	.961	.965	.968	.971	.973	.975	.978	.980
45	.354	90	1.155	1.061	1.033	1.014	1.010	1.008	1.006	1.005	1.004	1.003	1.003	1.002
50	.389	100	1.418	1.201	1.131	1.076	1.062	1.053	1.046	1.041	1.037	1.033	1.028	1.024
55	.436	110	1.742	1.360	1.237	1.140	1.117	1.100	1.087	1.077	1.069	1.063	1.053	1.046
60	.500	120	2.124	1.531	1.347	1.205	1.170	1.145	1.127	1.113	1.101	1.092	1.078	1.067
65	.592	130	2.546	1.707	1.457	1.267	1.221	1.189	1.165	1.146	1.131	1.119	1.100	1.087
70	.731	140	2.978	1.877	1.560	1.324	1.268	1.228	1.198	1.176	1.158	1.143	1.120	1.104
75	.966	150	3.320	2.028	1.649	1.372	1.307	1.261	1.227	1.200	1.180	1.163	1.137	1.118
80	1.440	160	3.709	2.147	1.719	1.409	1.336	1.285	1.242	1.219	1.196	1.178	1.149	1.129
85	2.868	170	3.924	2.224	1.763	1.432	1.355	1.301	1.261	1.231	1.206	1.187	1.157	1.136
90	∞	180	4.000	2.250	1.778	1.440	1.361	1.306	1.266	1.235	1.210	1.190	1.160	1.138

Table 4
(See Fig. 4)

TABLE OF θ AS A FUNCTION OF ϕ

$M_1 = 1$

$\phi \backslash M_2$	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
0	90.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00
5	85.00	160.33	165.08	166.70	168.02	168.35	168.58	168.76	168.90	169.01	169.10	169.24	169.34
10	80.00	142.12	150.58	153.62	156.13	156.77	157.23	157.57	157.84	158.05	158.23	158.50	158.70
15	75.00	126.21	136.81	140.94	144.44	145.34	145.99	146.48	146.87	147.17	147.43	147.82	148.11
20	70.00	112.48	123.95	128.76	133.00	134.11	134.92	135.54	136.02	136.41	136.72	137.22	137.58
25	65.00	100.56	112.00	117.15	121.86	123.13	124.06	124.76	125.32	125.77	126.14	126.72	127.14
30	60.00	90.00	100.89	106.10	111.05	112.41	113.41	114.18	114.79	115.28	115.69	116.33	116.80
35	55.00	80.46	90.53	95.59	100.57	101.97	103.00	103.81	104.44	104.96	105.39	106.06	106.57
40	50.00	71.67	80.79	85.57	90.41	91.79	92.83	93.63	94.28	94.80	95.24	95.93	96.44
45	45.00	63.44	71.56	75.96	80.54	81.87	82.88	83.66	84.29	84.81	85.24	85.91	86.42
50	40.00	55.63	62.76	66.72	70.94	72.18	73.13	73.87	74.47	75.18	75.38	76.02	76.52
55	35.00	48.14	54.30	57.79	61.57	62.71	63.57	64.26	64.81	65.26	65.65	66.25	66.71
60	30.00	40.89	46.10	49.10	52.41	53.41	54.18	54.79	55.28	55.69	56.04	56.58	57.00
65	25.00	33.84	38.12	40.63	43.42	44.26	44.94	45.46	45.88	46.24	46.53	47.00	47.36
70	20.00	26.92	30.32	32.32	34.57	35.27	35.81	36.24	36.58	36.87	37.12	37.51	37.80
75	15.00	20.10	22.63	24.13	25.84	26.36	26.77	27.10	27.36	27.59	27.78	28.07	28.30
80	10.00	13.36	15.04	16.04	17.18	17.53	17.81	18.03	18.21	18.36	18.49	18.69	18.84
85	5.00	6.67	7.50	8.00	8.58	8.76	8.89	9.00	9.09	9.17	9.23	9.34	9.41
90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Fig. 1 (See Table 1)

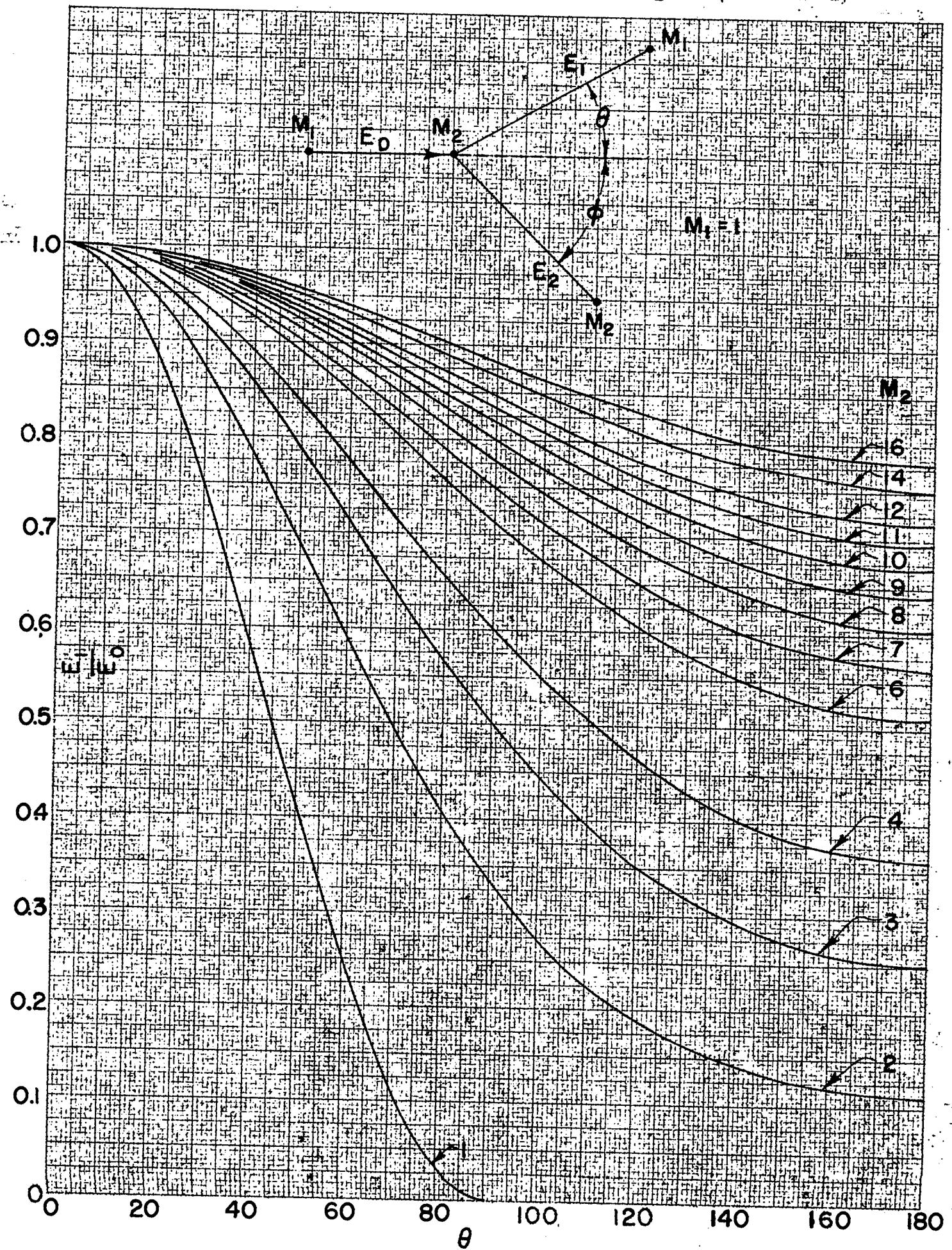
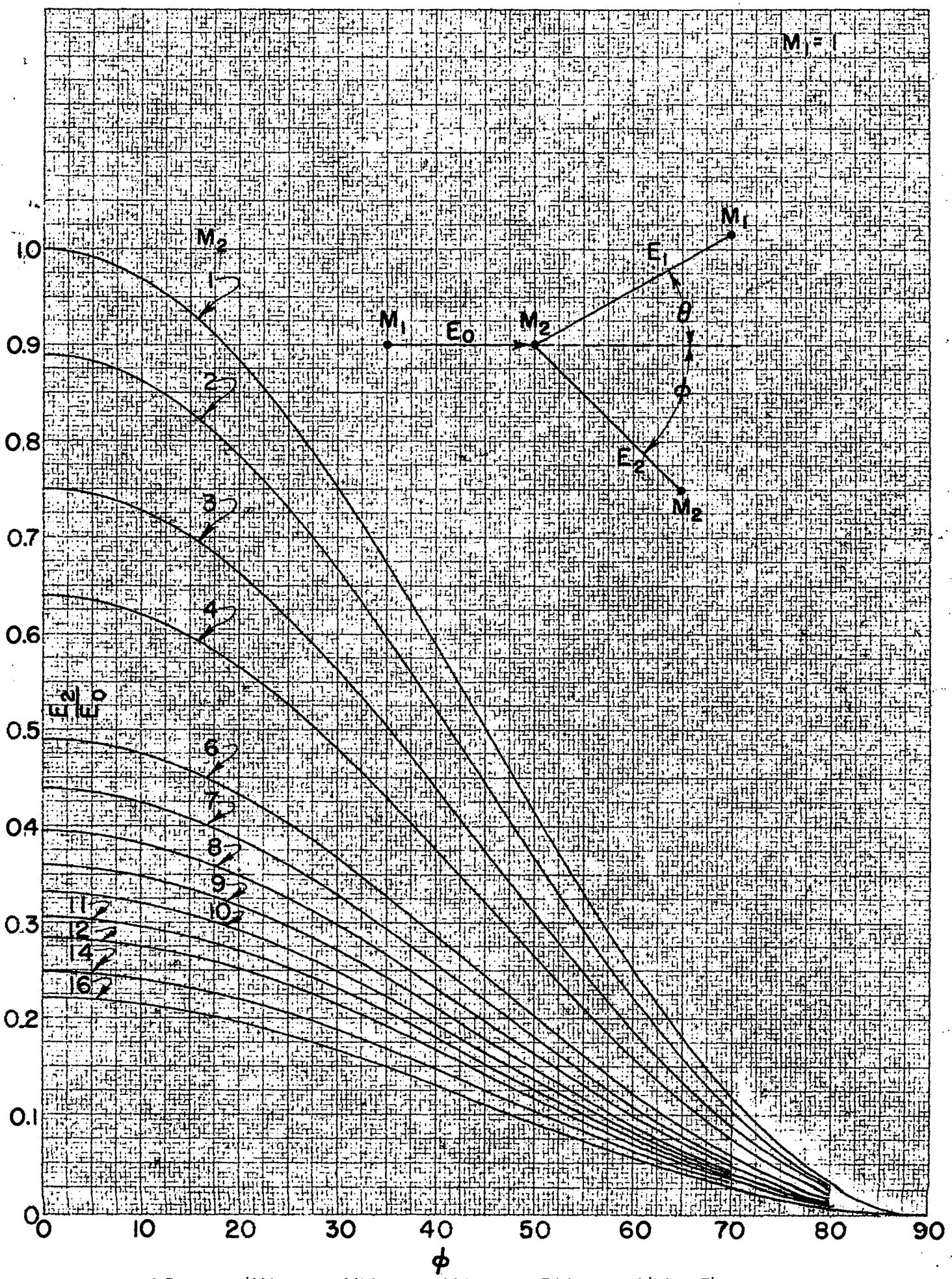


Fig. 2 (See Table 2)



2.5 Fig. 3 (See Table 3)

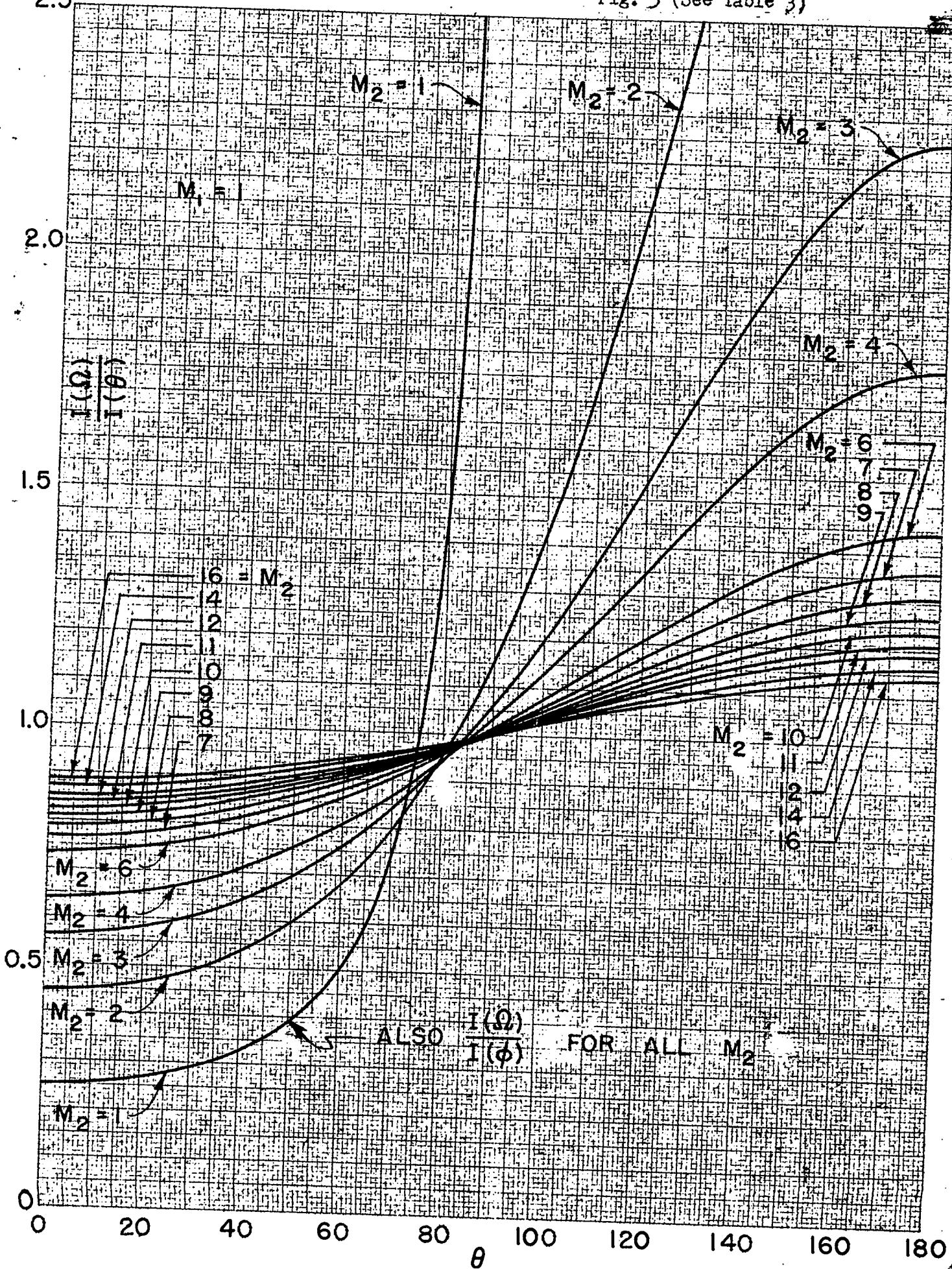


Fig. 4 (See Table 4)

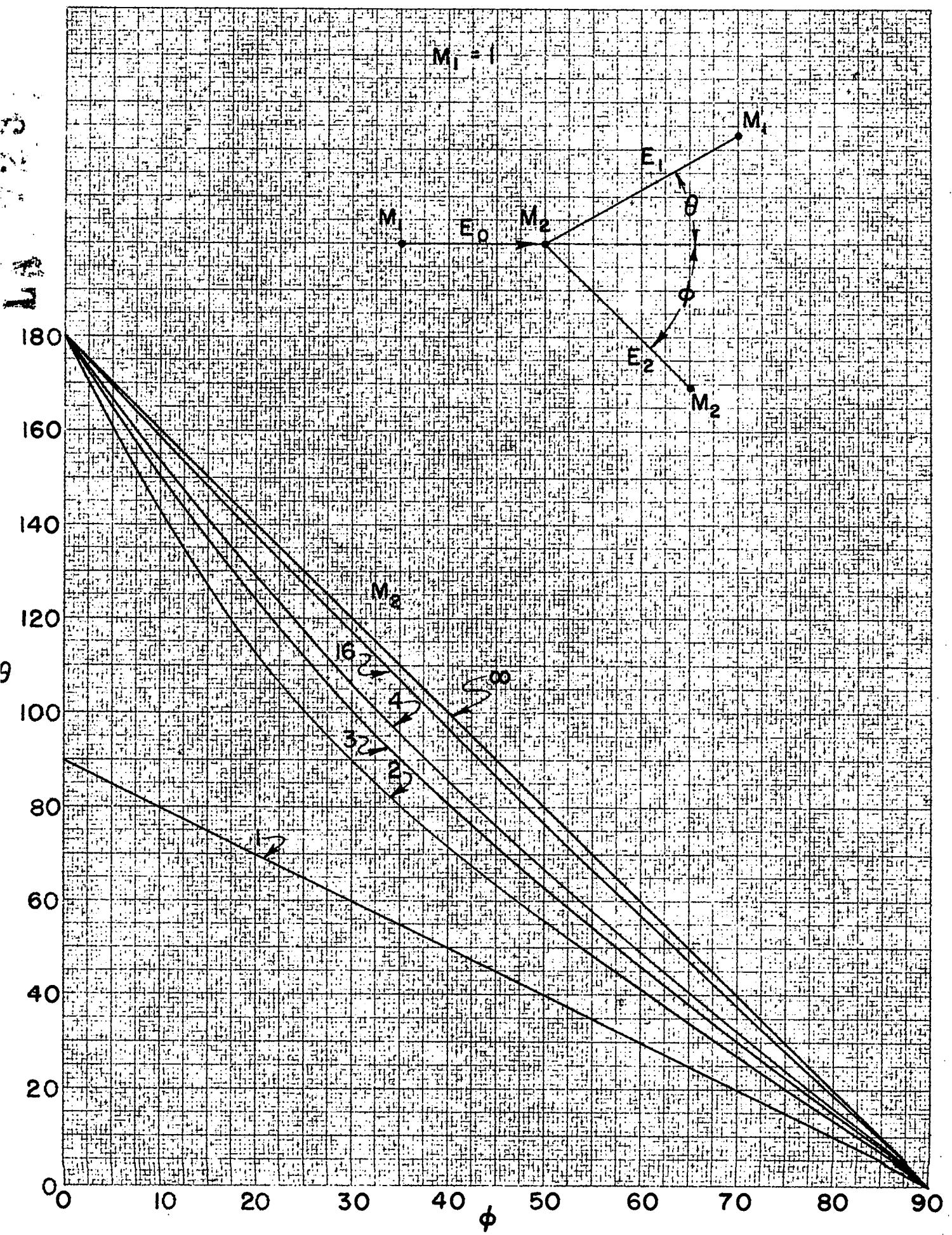


Table 5
(See Fig. 5)

$M_1 = 2$

TABLE OF E_1/E_0

$\frac{M_2}{\theta}$	1 Fast	1 Slow	2	$\frac{M_2}{\epsilon}$	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
0	1.000	.111	1.000	0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
5	.985	.113	.992	10	.980	.985	.990	.991	.992	.993	.994	.994	.995	.996	.996
10	.939	.118	.970	20	.922	.941	.960	.966	.970	.974	.976	.978	.980	.983	.985
15	.863	.129	.933	30	.832	.873	.914	.926	.935	.942	.948	.952	.956	.962	.967
20	.756	.147	.883	40	.720	.786	.854	.874	.889	.901	.910	.918	.925	.935	.943
25	.612	.182	.821	50	.598	.689	.785	.813	.835	.852	.866	.878	.887	.903	.914
30	.333	.333	.750	60	.476	.589	.711	.748	.776	.799	.817	.833	.846	.866	.882
35			.671	70	.365	.494	.636	.681	.716	.744	.766	.786	.802	.828	.848
40			.587	80	.273	.407	.565	.616	.656	.689	.716	.738	.757	.789	.813
45			.500	90	.200	.333	.500	.556	.600	.636	.667	.692	.714	.750	.778
50			.413	100	.147	.273	.442	.501	.549	.588	.621	.649	.674	.713	.744
55			.329	110	.109	.225	.393	.453	.503	.545	.580	.610	.636	.680	.714
60			.250	120	.084	.189	.352	.413	.464	.507	.544	.576	.603	.649	.686
65			.179	130	.067	.161	.319	.380	.431	.475	.513	.546	.575	.623	.661
70			.117	140	.056	.141	.293	.353	.405	.450	.488	.522	.552	.601	.642
75			.067	150	.048	.127	.274	.333	.385	.430	.469	.503	.534	.584	.624
80			.030	160	.043	.118	.260	.319	.371	.416	.455	.490	.521	.572	.614
85			.008	170	.041	.113	.253	.311	.363	.408	.447	.482	.513	.565	.607
90			.000	180	.040	.111	.250	.309	.360	.405	.444	.479	.510	.562	.605
$\theta_{\max.}$	30.00														
E_1/E_0 for $\theta_{\max.}$.333														

TABLE OF E_2/E_0

Table 6
(See Fig. 6)

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Table 7
(See Fig. 7)

TABLE OF $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$

$M_1 = 2$

M_2	1 Fast	1 Slow	2	θ	M_2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
θ																
0	.111	1.000	.250	0		.360	.444	.562	.605	.640	.669	.694	.716	.735	.766	.790
5	.111	.970	.251	10		.365	.450	.567	.609	.644	.673	.698	.720	.738	.769	.793
10	.111	.881	.254	20		.380	.465	.582	.623	.657	.686	.710	.730	.746	.778	.801
15	.110	.739	.259	30		.408	.493	.607	.646	.679	.706	.729	.749	.766	.794	.815
20	.107	.552	.266	40		.452	.535	.643	.681	.711	.736	.757	.774	.790	.815	.835
25	.097	.327	.276	50		.518	.596	.693	.726	.752	.774	.792	.808	.821	.843	.860
30	.000	.000	.289	60		.618	.620	.758	.784	.805	.822	.837	.849	.860	.877	.890
35			.305	70		.768	.795	.839	.856	.869	.880	.890	.898	.905	.917	.926
40			.326	80		.996	.950	.940	.942	.945	.948	.951	.954	.957	.961	.965
45			.354	90		1.342	1.155	1.061	1.043	1.033	1.026	1.021	1.017	1.014	1.010	1.008
50			.389	100		1.850	1.418	1.201	1.159	1.131	1.111	1.096	1.085	1.076	1.062	1.053
55			.436	110		2.563	1.742	1.360	1.286	1.237	1.202	1.176	1.156	1.140	1.117	1.100
60			.500	120		3.499	2.124	1.531	1.420	1.347	1.296	1.258	1.228	1.205	1.170	1.145
65			.592	130		4.623	2.546	1.707	1.555	1.457	1.388	1.337	1.298	1.267	1.221	1.189
70			.731	140		5.857	2.978	1.877	1.683	1.560	1.474	1.410	1.362	1.324	1.268	1.228
75			.966	150		7.062	3.380	2.028	1.796	1.649	1.548	1.473	1.417	1.372	1.307	1.261
80			1.440	160		8.077	3.709	2.147	1.884	1.719	1.605	1.522	1.458	1.409	1.336	1.285
85			2.868	170		8.757	3.924	2.224	1.941	1.763	1.641	1.552	1.485	1.432	1.355	1.301
90			∞	180		9.000	4.000	2.250	1.960	1.778	1.653	1.562	1.494	1.440	1.361	1.306
θ_{\max}		30.00														
$I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$																
for θ_{\max}		.000														

Table 8
(See Fig. 8)

$M_1 = 2$

TABLE OF θ AS A FUNCTION OF ϕ

$\phi \backslash M_2$	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
ϕ	0.00	90.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00
0	0.00	90.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00
5	9.71	85.00	151.37	160.33	165.08	166.05	166.70	167.17	167.53	167.80	168.02	168.35	168.58
10	17.88	80.00	128.60	142.12	150.58	152.39	153.62	154.51	155.18	155.71	156.13	156.77	157.23
15	23.79	75.00	111.74	126.21	136.81	139.25	140.94	142.17	143.10	143.84	144.44	145.34	145.99
20	27.52	70.00	98.79	112.48	123.95	126.77	128.76	130.23	131.37	132.27	133.00	134.11	134.92
25	29.44	65.00	88.20	100.56	112.00	114.99	117.15	118.77	120.03	121.04	121.86	123.13	124.06
30	30.00	60.00	79.10	90.00	100.89	103.90	106.10	107.78	109.11	110.17	111.05	112.41	113.41
35	29.54	55.00	70.94	80.46	90.53	93.43	95.59	97.26	98.59	99.68	100.57	101.97	103.00
40	28.34	50.00	63.41	71.67	80.79	83.51	85.57	87.18	88.47	90.48	90.41	91.79	92.83
45	26.56	45.00	56.31	63.44	71.56	74.06	75.96	77.47	78.69	79.70	80.54	81.87	82.88
50	24.37	40.00	49.53	55.63	62.76	64.99	66.72	68.10	69.22	70.15	70.94	72.18	73.13
55	21.86	35.00	42.97	48.14	54.30	56.26	57.79	59.02	60.02	60.86	61.57	62.71	63.57
60	19.11	30.00	36.59	40.89	46.10	47.78	49.11	50.17	51.05	51.79	52.41	53.41	54.18
65	16.16	25.00	30.33	33.84	38.12	39.52	40.63	41.53	42.27	42.89	43.42	44.26	44.94
70	13.08	20.00	24.16	26.92	30.32	31.43	32.32	33.04	33.64	34.14	34.57	35.27	35.81
75	9.90	15.00	18.07	20.10	22.63	23.47	24.13	24.68	25.13	25.51	25.84	26.36	26.77
80	6.64	10.00	12.02	13.36	15.04	15.60	16.04	16.40	16.70	16.96	17.18	17.53	17.81
85	3.33	5.00	6.00	6.67	7.50	7.78	8.00	8.19	8.34	8.47	8.58	8.76	8.89
90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Fig. 5 (See Table 5)

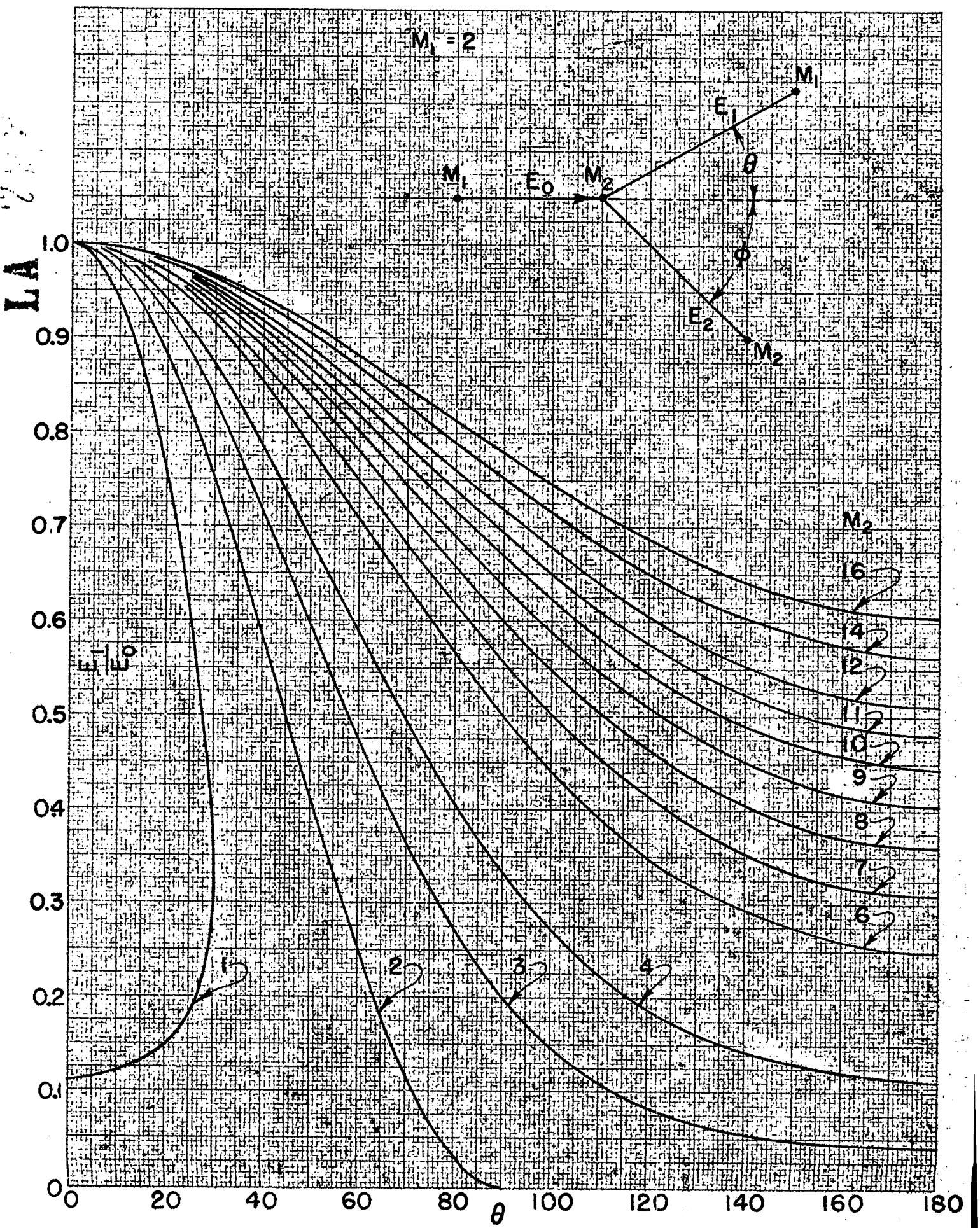


Fig. 6 (See Table 6)

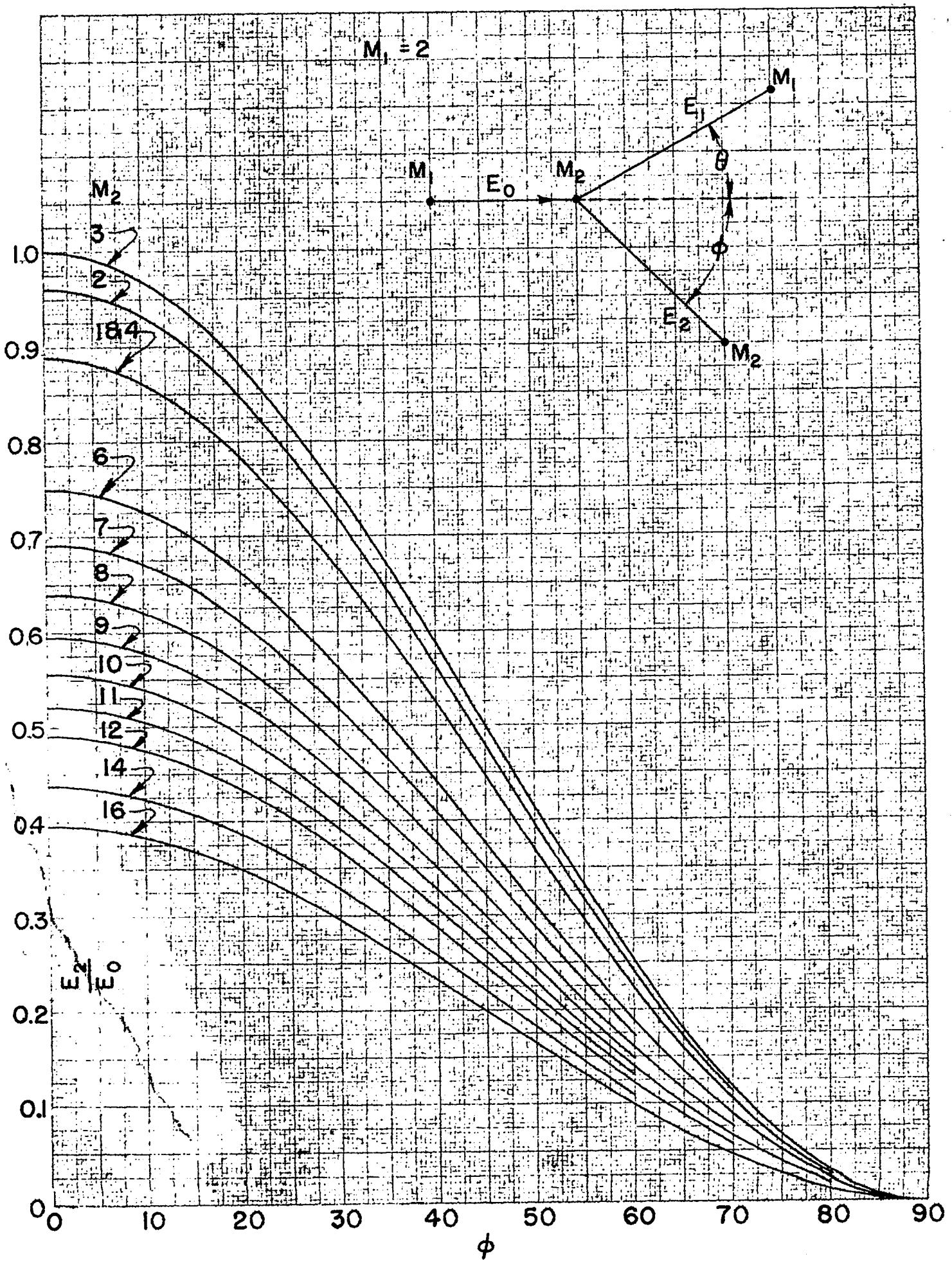


Fig. 7 (See Table 7)

2.5

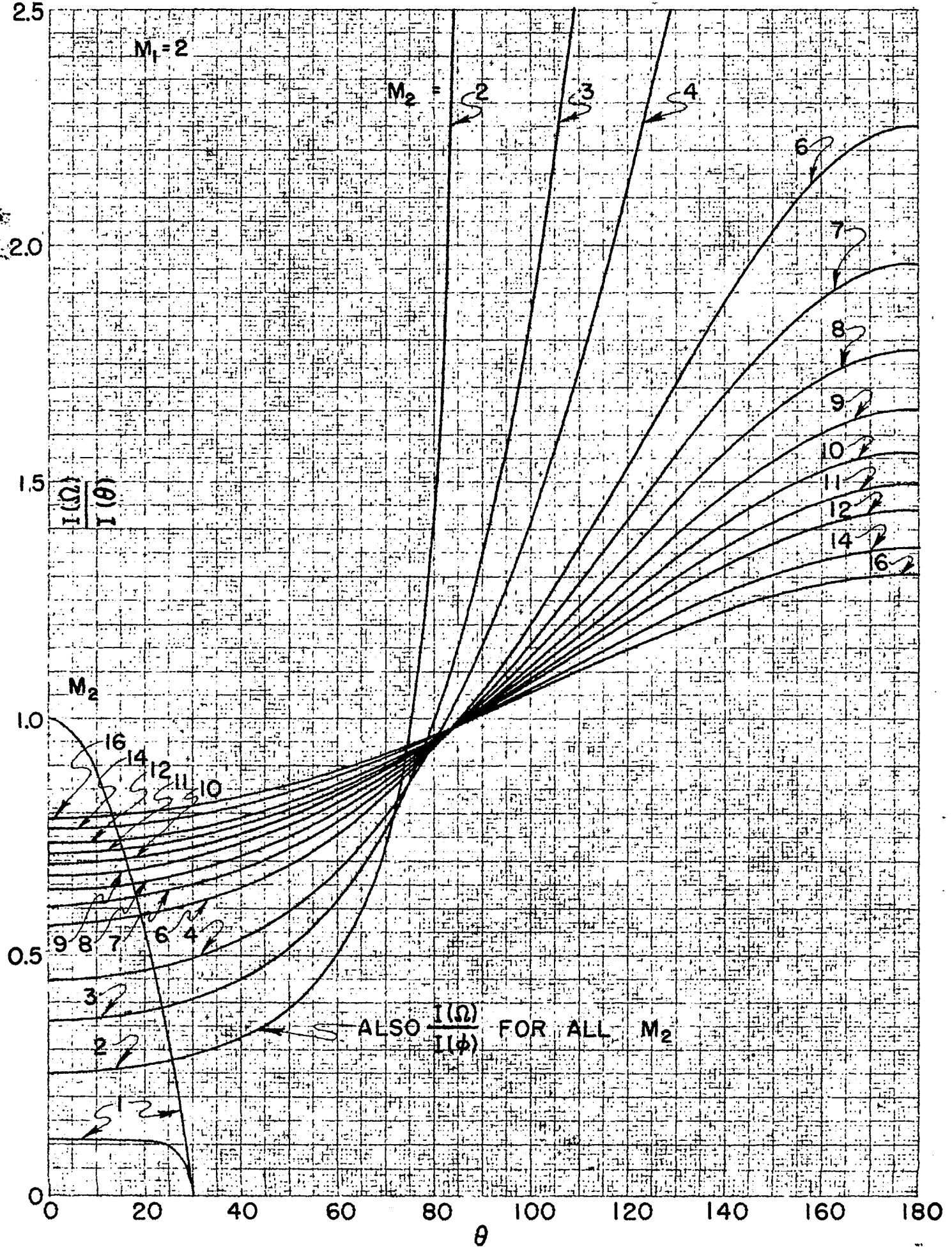


Fig. 8 (See Table 8)

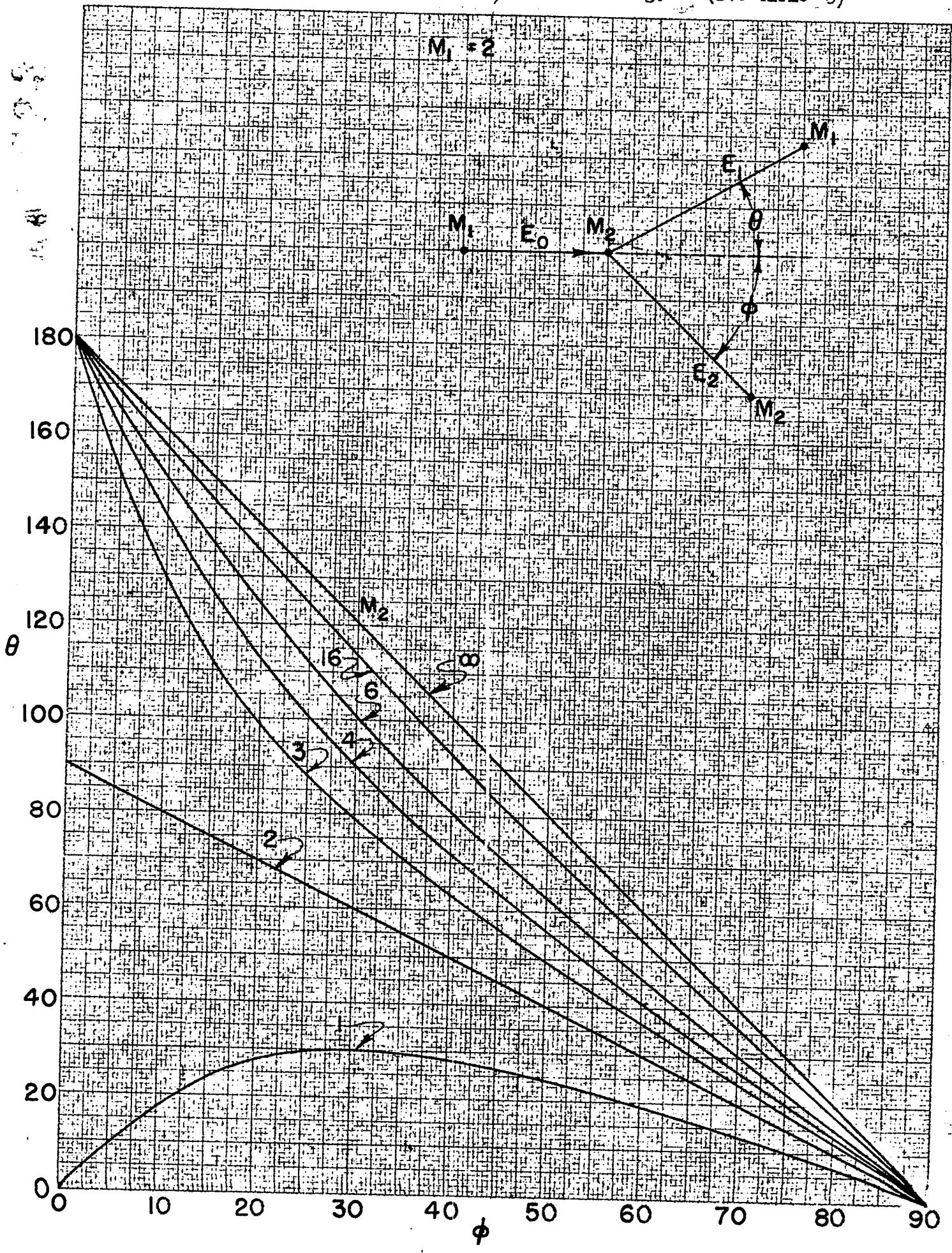


Table 9
(See Fig. 9)

$M_1 = 3$

TABLE OF E_1/E_0

θ	M_2	1 Fast	1 Slow	2 Fast	2 Slow	3	θ	M_2	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
0		1.000	.250	1.000	.040	1.000	0		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
5		.977	.256	.989	.040	.992	10		.977	.985	.987	.989	.990	.991	.992	.992	.993	.994
10		.906	.276	.955	.042	.970	20		.912	.941	.949	.956	.960	.964	.968	.970	.974	.978
15		.778	.321	.899	.044	.933	30		.812	.873	.890	.904	.914	.922	.929	.935	.944	.951
20				.823	.049	.883	40		.687	.786	.815	.837	.854	.868	.879	.889	.904	.916
25				.728	.055	.821	50		.552	.689	.729	.760	.785	.805	.821	.835	.857	.874
30				.615	.065	.750	60		.421	.589	.640	.679	.711	.736	.758	.776	.805	.828
35				.484	.083	.671	70		.305	.494	.553	.599	.636	.667	.693	.716	.752	.780
40				.320	.125	.587	80		.211	.407	.472	.523	.565	.601	.631	.656	.698	.731
45					.500		90		.143	.333	.400	.455	.500	.538	.571	.600	.647	.684
50					.413		100		.097	.273	.339	.395	.442	.483	.518	.549	.600	.640
55					.329		110		.067	.225	.290	.345	.393	.434	.471	.503	.557	.601
60					.250		120		.048	.189	.250	.304	.352	.394	.431	.464	.520	.565
65					.179		130		.037	.161	.219	.272	.319	.360	.398	.431	.488	.536
70					.117		140		.030	.141	.196	.247	.293	.334	.371	.405	.463	.511
75						.067	150		.025	.127	.180	.229	.274	.314	.351	.385	.443	.492
80						.030	160		.022	.118	.169	.216	.260	.301	.337	.371	.430	.479
85						.008	170		.021	.113	.162	.209	.253	.293	.329	.363	.421	.471
90						.000	180		.020	.111	.160	.207	.250	.290	.327	.360	.419	.468
θ max.		19.47		41.81														
E_1/E_0 for		.500		.200														
θ max.																		

Table 10
(See Fig. 10)

TABLE OF E_2/E_0

$M_1 = 3$

$\phi \backslash M_2$	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
0	.750	.960	1.000	.980	.889	.840	.793	.750	.710	.673	.640	.581	.532
5	.744	.953	.992	.972	.882	.834	.787	.744	.705	.668	.635	.577	.528
10	.727	.931	.970	.950	.862	.815	.769	.727	.689	.653	.621	.564	.516
15	.700	.896	.933	.914	.829	.784	.740	.700	.662	.628	.597	.542	.496
20	.662	.848	.883	.865	.785	.742	.701	.662	.627	.595	.565	.513	.470
25	.616	.789	.821	.805	.730	.690	.652	.616	.583	.553	.526	.477	.437
30	.562	.720	.750	.735	.667	.630	.595	.562	.533	.505	.480	.436	.399
35	.503	.644	.671	.657	.596	.564	.532	.503	.476	.452	.429	.390	.357
40	.440	.563	.587	.575	.522	.493	.466	.440	.417	.395	.376	.341	.312
45	.375	.480	.500	.490	.444	.420	.397	.375	.355	.337	.320	.291	.266
50	.310	.397	.413	.405	.367	.347	.328	.310	.293	.278	.264	.240	.220
55	.247	.316	.329	.322	.292	.276	.261	.247	.234	.222	.211	.191	.175
60	.188	.240	.250	.245	.222	.210	.198	.188	.178	.168	.160	.145	.133
65	.134	.171	.179	.175	.159	.150	.142	.134	.127	.120	.114	.104	.095
70	.088	.112	.117	.115	.104	.098	.093	.088	.083	.079	.075	.068	.062
75	.050	.064	.067	.066	.060	.056	.053	.050	.048	.045	.043	.039	.036
80	.023	.029	.030	.030	.027	.025	.024	.023	.021	.020	.019	.018	.016
85	.006	.007	.008	.007	.007	.006	.006	.006	.005	.005	.005	.004	.004
90	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

TABLE OF I (μ) / I (θ)

$$M_1 = 3$$

Table 11
(See Fig. 11)

$\frac{M_2}{\theta}$	1 Fast	1 Slow	2 Fast	2 Slow	3	$\frac{M_2}{\theta}$	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	16
0	.062	.250	.160	4.000	.250	0	.327	.444	.490	.529	.562	.592	.617	.640	.678	.709
5	.062	.236	.160	3.921	.251	10	.331	.450	.495	.534	.567	.596	.622	.644	.682	.713
10	.059	.193	.162	3.687	.254	20	.346	.465	.511	.549	.582	.610	.635	.657	.694	.724
15	.051	.123	.164	3.314	.259	30	.373	.493	.538	.575	.607	.634	.658	.679	.714	.742
20			.167	2.826	.266	40	.416	.535	.578	.613	.643	.669	.691	.711	.743	.769
25			.170	2.252	.276	50	.484	.596	.635	.666	.693	.716	.735	.752	.781	.803
30			.172	1.627	.289	60	.590	.680	.711	.736	.758	.776	.791	.805	.827	.845
35			.169	.986	.305	70	.760	.795	.812	.826	.839	.853	.861	.869	.884	.895
40			.133	.340	.326	80	1.042	.950	.942	.940	.940	.941	.943	.945	.949	.953
45					.354	90	1.512	1.155	1.107	1.079	1.061	1.048	1.039	1.033	1.024	1.018
50					.389	100	2.279	1.418	1.309	1.244	1.201	1.171	1.148	1.131	1.106	1.088
55					.436	110	3.458	1.742	1.549	1.435	1.360	1.311	1.267	1.237	1.193	1.162
60					.500	120	5.121	2.124	1.820	1.645	1.531	1.452	1.393	1.347	1.282	1.237
65					.592	130	7.233	2.546	2.110	1.864	1.707	1.598	1.518	1.457	1.370	1.310
70					.731	140	9.633	2.978	2.399	2.079	1.877	1.738	1.637	1.560	1.451	1.377
75					.966	150	12.036	3.380	2.663	2.272	2.028	1.861	1.740	1.649	1.520	1.434
80					1.440	160	14.102	3.709	2.876	2.426	2.147	1.958	1.821	1.719	1.574	1.478
85					2.868	170	15.506	3.924	3.014	2.526	2.224	2.020	1.873	1.763	1.608	1.505
90					∞	180	15.999	4.000	3.062	2.560	2.250	2.041	1.891	1.778	1.620	1.515
$\theta_{\text{max.}}$		19.47			41.81											
$I(\Omega)/I(\theta)$.000			.000											
for $\theta_{\text{max.}}$																

LA VIDA

Table 12
(See Fig. 12)

TABLE OF Θ AS A FUNCTION OF ϕ

$$k_1 = 3$$

Fig. 9 (See Table 9)

LA 723

100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0

0

0

0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180

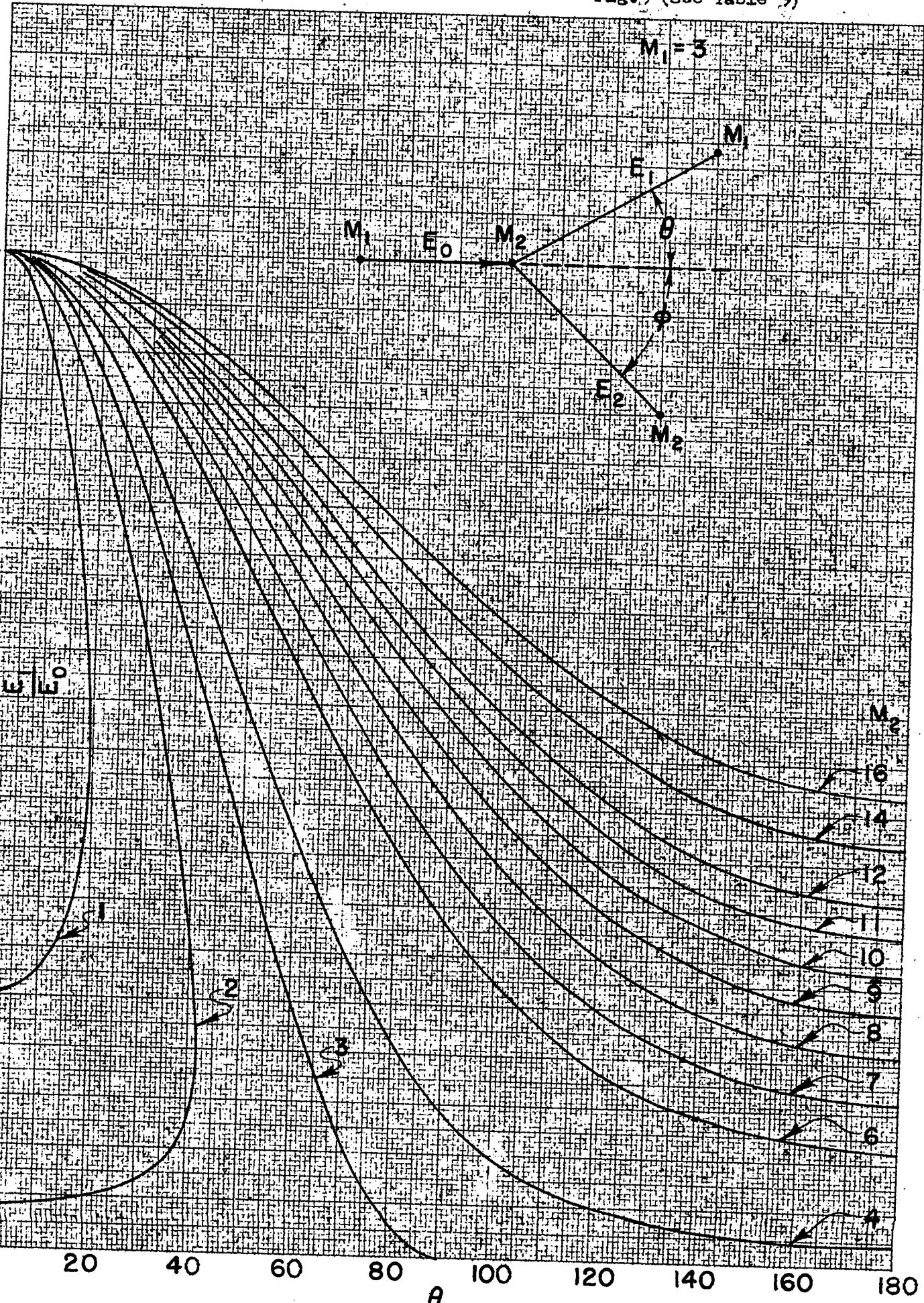
 θ $M_1 = 3$ M_1 E_1 D ϕ F_2 M_2 10
9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
116
14
12
11
10
9
8
7
6
4

Fig. 10 (See Table 10)

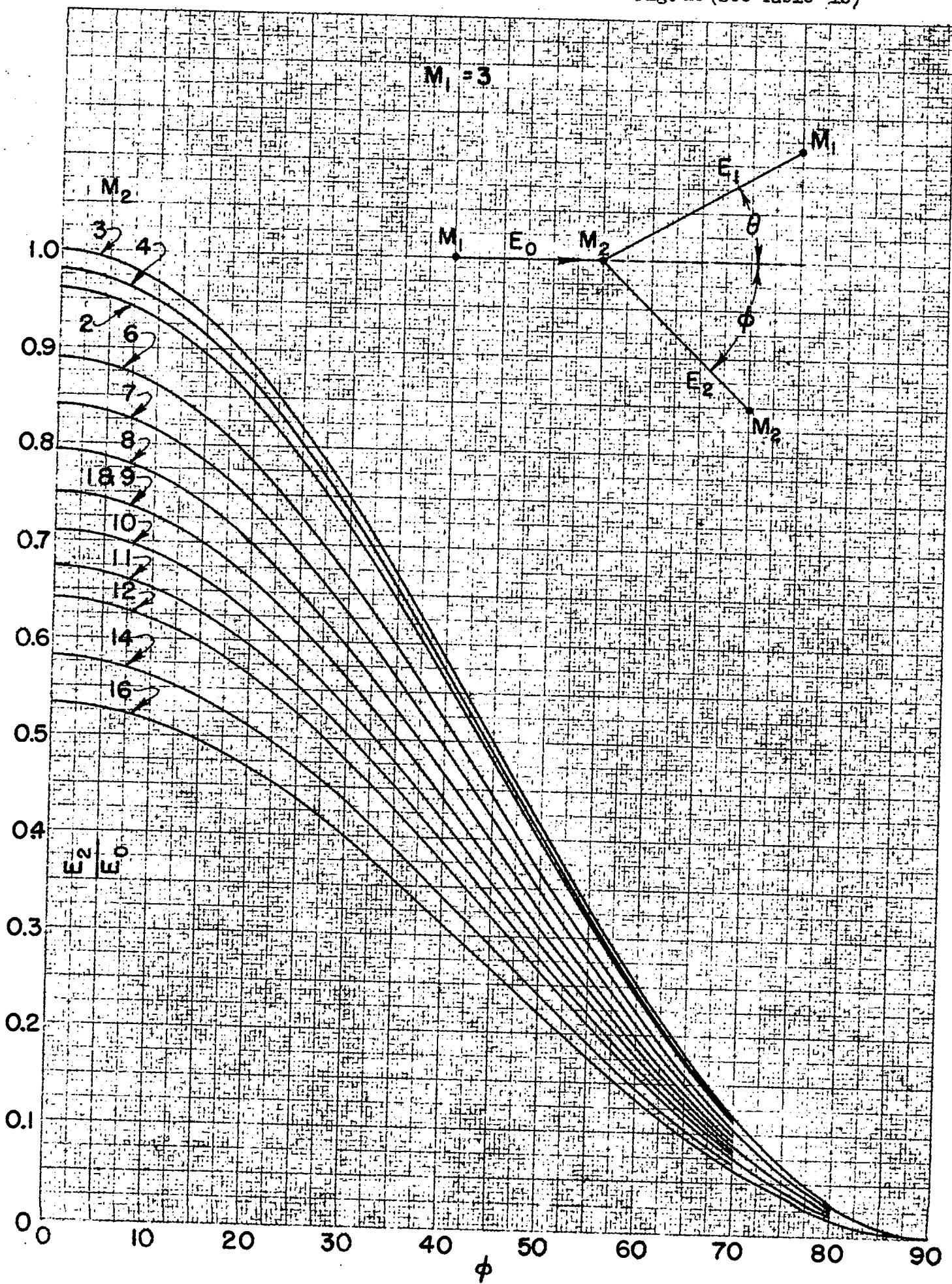


Fig. 11 (See Table 11)

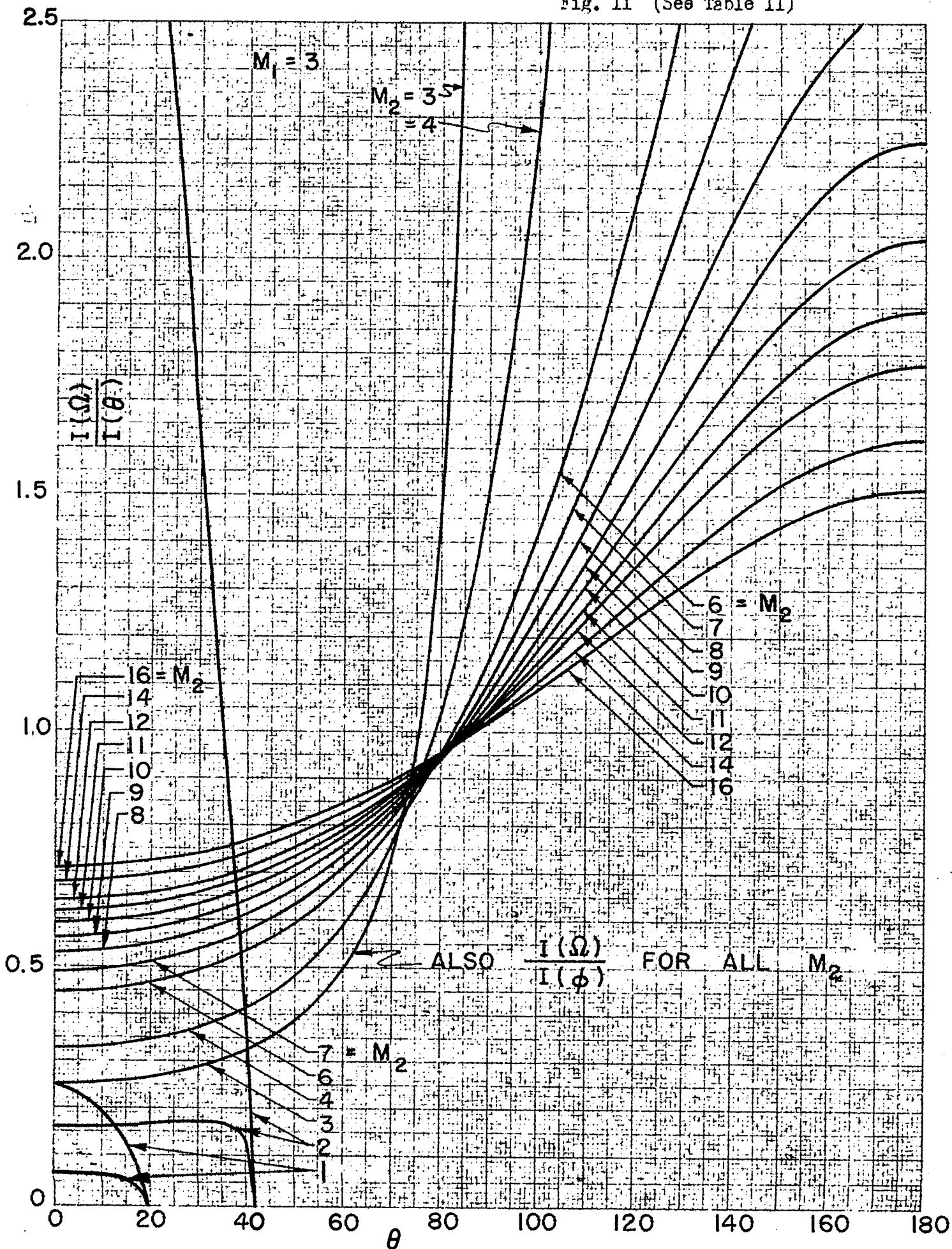


Fig. 12 (See Table 12)

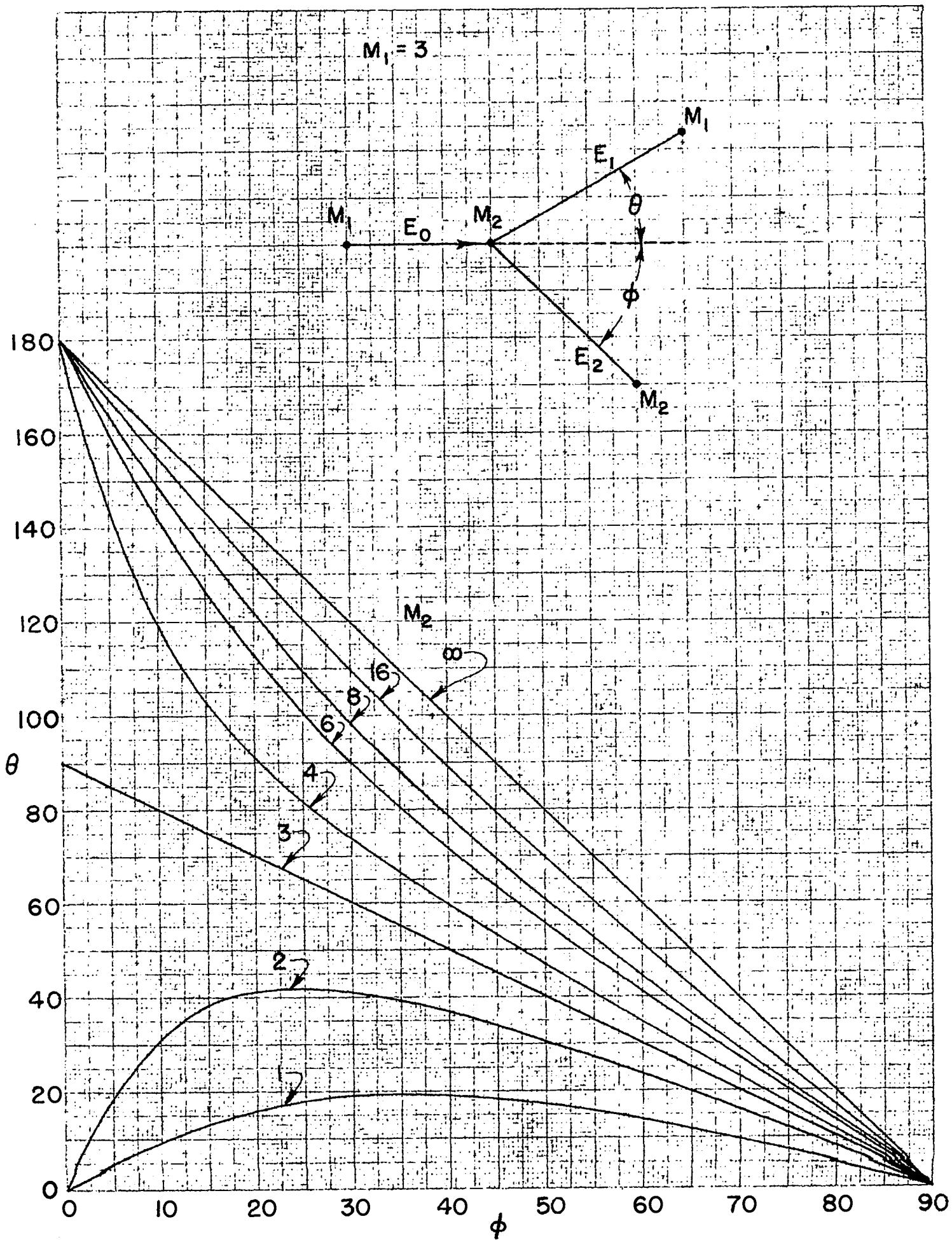


Table 13
(See Fig. 13)

TABLE OF E_1/E_0

$$M_1 = 4$$

TABLE OF E_2/E_0

Table 14
(See Fig. 14)

$$M_1 = 4$$

TABLE OF $I(\Omega)/I(\Theta)$

Table 15
(See Fig. 15)

$$M_1 = 4$$

Table 16
(See Fig. 16)

TABLE OF Θ AS A FUNCTION OF ϕ

$$M = 4$$

Fig. 13 (See Table 13)

114

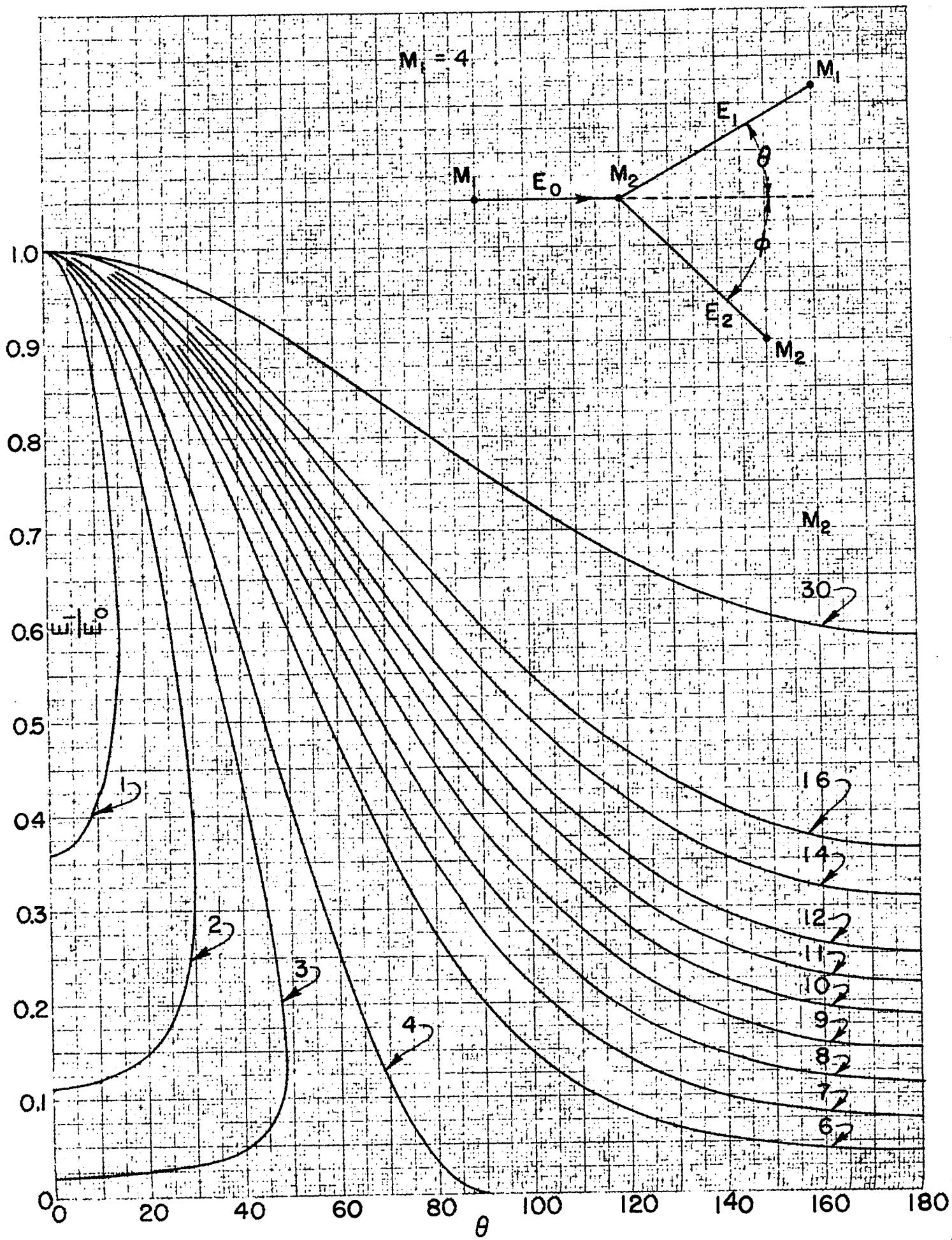


Fig. 14 (See Table 14)

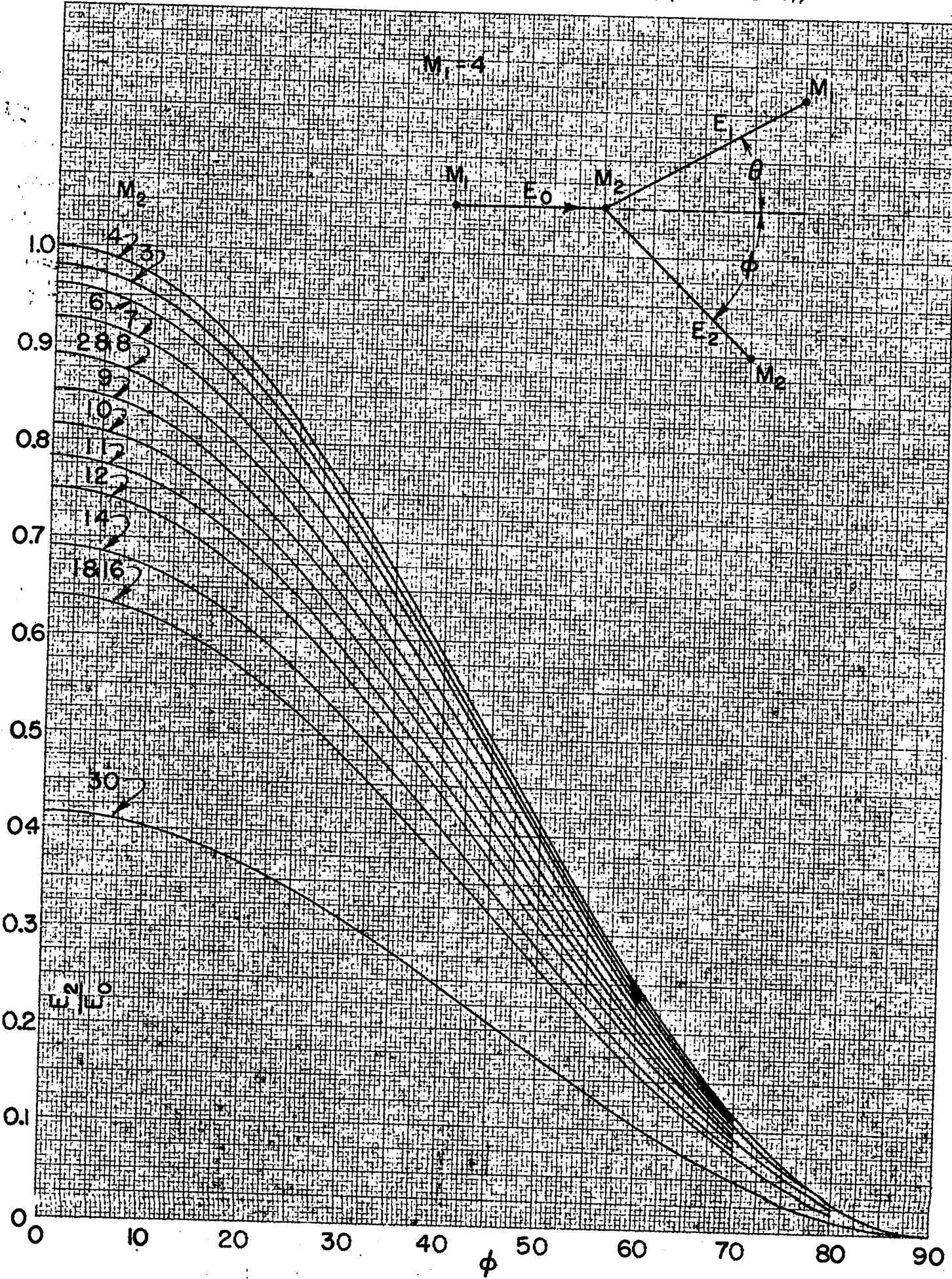


Fig. 15 (See Table 15)

2.5

2.0

LA

1.5

1.0

0.5

0

 $M_1 = 4$ $M_2 = 4$ $M_2 = 6$ $M_2 = 7$ $M_2 = 8$ $I(\theta)$ $30 \leq M_2$

16

4

12

10

 $9 \leq M_2$

10

11

12

14

16

30

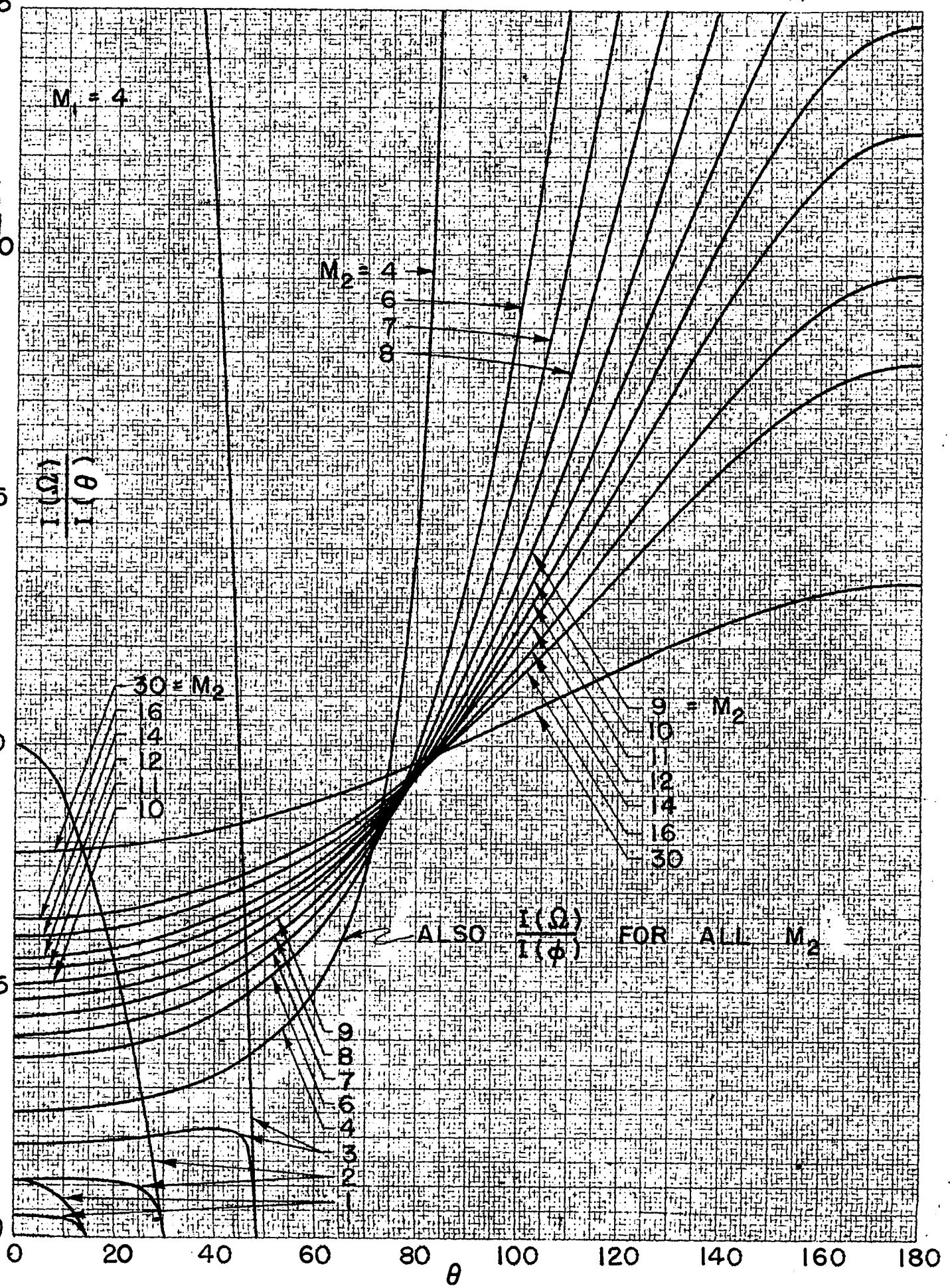
ALSO $I(\theta)$ FOR ALL M_2 $I(\phi)$ 

Fig. 16 (See Table 16)

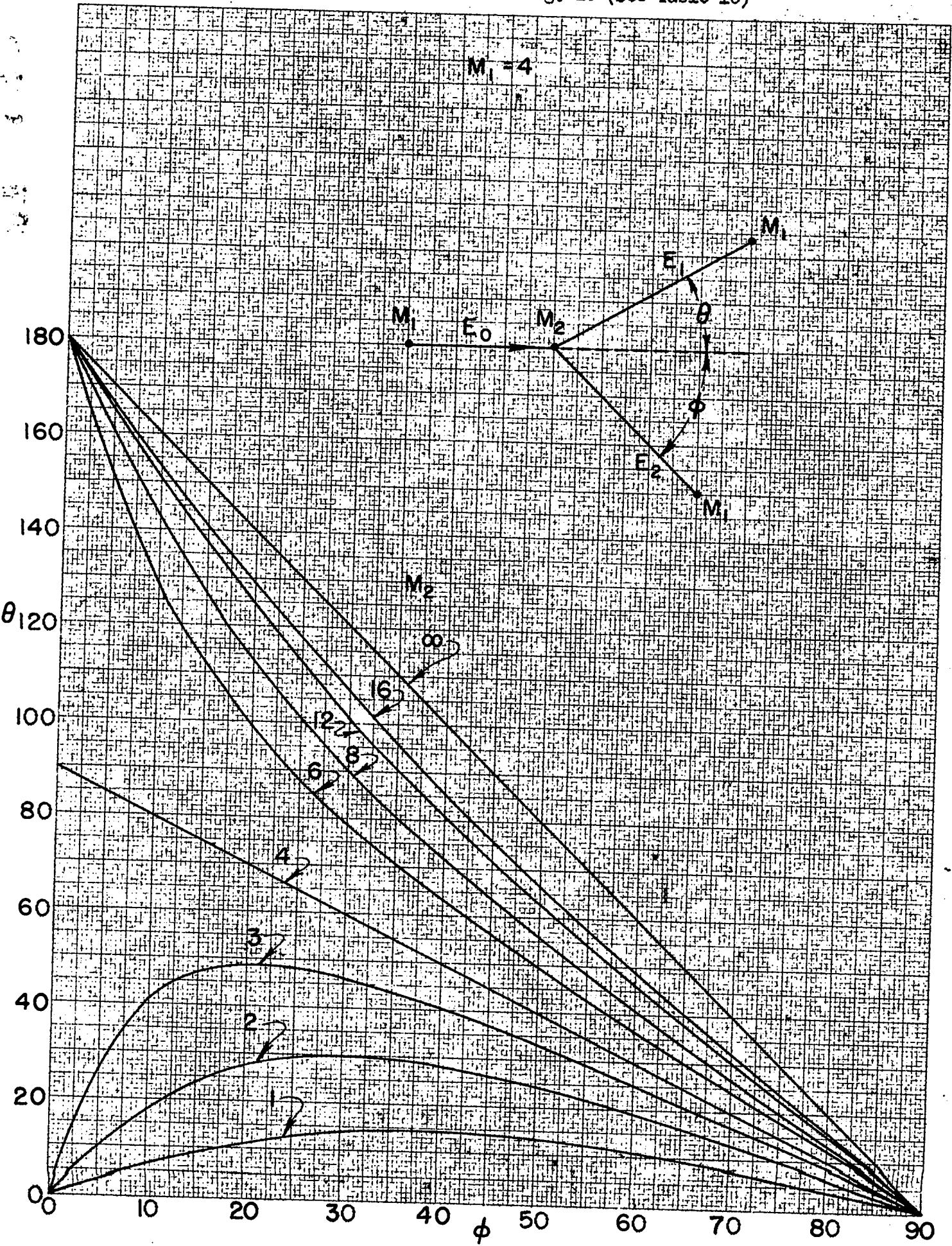


TABLE OF E_1/E_T FOR D + D → p + T

Table 17
(See Fig. 17)

$$E_T = E_0 + 3.98$$

$\theta \backslash E_0$	6		8		10		12		∞	
θ	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow
0	.797	.003	.825	.009	.844	.014	.857	.018	.933	.067
5	.791	.003	.818	.009	.836	.014	.848	.019	.922	.069
10	.770	.003	.795	.009	.811	.014	.822	.019	.884	.071
15	.737	.003	.758	.009	.771	.015	.780	.020	.824	.076
20	.691	.004	.707	.010	.716	.016	.722	.022	.740	.084
25	.636	.004	.644	.011	.648	.018	.650	.024	.633	.099
30	.571	.004	.571	.012	.569	.020	.566	.028	.500	.125
35	.499	.005	.490	.014	.481	.024	.472	.033	.294	.213
40	.422	.006	.403	.017	.384	.030	.367	.043		
45	.342	.007	.310	.023	.280	.041	.249	.063		
50	.262	.010	.213	.033	.152	.076				
55	.181	.014								
60	.098	.026								
$\theta_{\text{max.}}$	61.74		54.64		50.69		48.13		35.27	
E_1/E_T for $\theta_{\text{max.}}$.051		.084		.108		.125		.250	

TABLE OF $I(\theta)/I(0)$ FOR $D + D \rightarrow p + T$

Table 18
(See Figs. 18a & 18b)

$$E_T = E_0 + 3.98$$

θ	E_0	6		8		10		12		∞	
		Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow
0	.219	54.5		.202	19.5	.190	11.7	.182	8.50	.134	1.87
5	.220	53.7		.202	19.1	.191	11.5	.183	8.35	.134	1.78
10	.223	51.6		.205	18.4	.193	10.9	.185	7.93	.135	1.69
15	.227	48.0		.208	17.0	.196	10.1	.188	7.25	.136	1.47
20	.233	43.5		.214	15.2	.201	8.93	.192	6.36	.136	1.19
25	.241	38.2		.221	13.0	.208	7.52	.198	5.31	.134	.863
30	.252	32.1		.230	10.7	.215	6.02	.204	4.16	.125	.500
35	.266	25.9		.242	8.24	.224	4.47	.211	2.98	.049	.067
40	.283	19.7		.255	5.86	.233	2.96	.215	1.84		
45	.305	13.9		.267	3.66	.233	1.57	.196	.774		
50	.330	8.82		.268	1.73	.149	.296				
55	.354	4.55									
60	.323	1.22									
θ max.		61.72		54.64		50.69		48.13		35.27	
$I(\Omega)/I(0)$ for θ max.		.000		.000		.000		.000		.000	

TABLE OF E_2/E_T AND $I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$ FOR $D + D \rightarrow p + T$

Table 19
(See Figs. 19a & 19b)

$E_T = E_0 + 3.98$						$I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$						
E_0/E_T						E_0						
ϕ	E_0	6	8	10	12	∞	ϕ	6	8	10	12	∞
0	.997	.991	.986	.981	.933	0	.526	.504	.488	.477	.402	
10	.985	.979	.973	.968	.917	10	.531	.509	.494	.482	.407	
20	.952	.944	.936	.930	.870	20	.546	.524	.509	.498	.423	
30	.900	.888	.878	.869	.797	30	.572	.551	.536	.525	.451	
40	.833	.816	.803	.792	.705	40	.611	.591	.577	.566	.494	
50	.756	.734	.718	.705	.603	50	.664	.646	.633	.624	.558	
60	.675	.649	.630	.615	.500	60	.735	.720	.710	.702	.650	
70	.594	.565	.543	.527	.404	70	.825	.817	.811	.807	.780	
80	.518	.486	.463	.446	.319	80	.940	.941	.942	.944	.966	
90	.449	.416	.392	.375	.250	90	1.080	1.096	1.108	1.118	1.225	
100	.390	.356	.332	.315	.196	100	1.248	1.284	1.312	1.335	1.576	
110	.340	.307	.283	.266	.155	110	1.442	1.504	1.554	1.595	2.035	
120	.299	.267	.244	.228	.125	120	1.655	1.751	1.828	1.892	2.598	
130	.267	.237	.214	.199	.104	130	1.879	2.012	2.122	2.212	3.244	
140	.243	.212	.192	.177	.089	140	2.098	2.272	2.414	2.534	3.926	
150	.224	.195	.175	.161	.078	150	2.295	2.507	2.682	2.829	4.576	
160	.212	.184	.164	.151	.072	160	2.452	2.696	2.898	3.068	5.115	
170	.205	.177	.158	.145	.068	170	2.554	2.819	3.038	3.223	5.472	
180	.203	.175	.156	.143	.067	180	2.589	2.861	3.087	3.278	5.598	

TABLE OF θ AND Ω AS A FUNCTION OF ϕ FOR $D + D \rightarrow p + T$

θ

Ω

Table 20
(See Figs. 20a & 20b)

ϕ	E_θ	6	8	10	12	∞	ϕ	E_Ω	6	8	10	12	∞
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	
2	19.39	12.19	9.64	8.35	4.29		10	166.23	165.93	165.71	165.54	164.25	
4	34.38	22.99	18.51	16.16	8.38		20	152.56	151.96	151.53	151.19	148.61	
6	44.57	31.78	26.15	23.06	12.43		30	139.09	138.21	137.56	137.07	133.22	
8	51.12	38.48	32.39	28.90	15.50		40	125.92	124.77	123.92	123.28	118.21	
10	55.39	43.49	37.35	33.68	19.43		50	113.14	111.76	110.73	109.94	103.76	
20	61.71	53.83	49.07	45.91	30.67		60	100.86	99.28	98.10	97.18	90.00	
30	59.89	54.20	50.60	48.12	34.83		70	89.15	87.40	86.10	85.12	77.15	
40	55.87	51.39	48.49	46.46	34.98		80	78.12	76.26	74.90	73.84	65.35	
50	51.08	47.35	44.90	43.18	33.02		90	67.76	65.87	64.48	63.41	54.73	
60	46.04	42.82	40.69	39.17	30.00		100	58.12	56.26	54.90	53.84	45.35	
70	41.08	38.15	36.26	34.90	26.51		110	49.17	47.41	46.12	45.12	37.14	
80	36.11	33.57	31.87	30.64	22.92		120	40.87	39.27	38.09	37.19	30.00	
90	31.44	29.17	27.64	26.54	19.47		130	33.15	31.75	30.73	29.95	23.75	
100	27.04	25.02	23.66	22.67	16.29		140	25.92	24.74	23.93	23.28	18.22	
110	22.98	21.15	19.95	19.08	13.43		150	19.09	18.21	17.56	17.07	13.22	
120	19.08	17.56	16.53	15.78	10.89		160	12.56	11.96	11.53	11.19	8.61	
130	15.55	14.22	13.36	12.73	8.65		170	6.23	5.93	5.71	5.54	4.25	
140	12.18	11.10	10.41	9.91	6.65		180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
150	8.93	8.17	7.65	7.27	4.83								
160	5.88	5.37	5.03	4.77	3.15								
170	2.92	2.66	2.49	2.35	1.55								
180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00								

TABLE OF Ω AS A FUNCTION OF θ FOR $D + D \rightarrow p + T$

Table 21
(See Fig. 21)

Θ	E_0	6		8		10		12		∞	
		Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow
0	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00
5	10.68	179.32	11.14	178.87	11.47	178.53	11.72	178.28	13.68	176.32	
10	21.37	178.63	22.30	177.71	22.97	177.04	23.49	176.51	27.51	172.50	
15	32.09	177.91	33.51	176.49	34.54	175.46	35.34	174.66	41.64	168.37	
20	42.45	177.15	44.80	175.20	46.23	173.77	47.34	172.66	56.33	163.67	
25	53.68	176.32	56.22	173.78	58.11	171.89	59.58	170.42	72.06	157.94	
30	64.59	175.41	67.82	172.18	70.25	169.74	72.19	167.82	90.00	150.00	
35	75.64	174.36	79.70	170.30	82.84	167.16	85.39	164.62	118.44	131.55	
40	86.86	173.12	92.00	167.98	96.18	163.82	99.68	160.32			
45	98.41	171.59	105.12	164.87	111.05	158.95	116.74	153.26			
50	110.44	169.56	119.95	160.05	131.91	148.09					
55	123.46	166.54									
60	139.54	160.46									
Θ Max.		61.72		54.63		50.69		48.12		35.26	
Ω for Θ max. 151.72			144.64		140.69		138.12		125.27		

Fig. 17 (See Table 17)

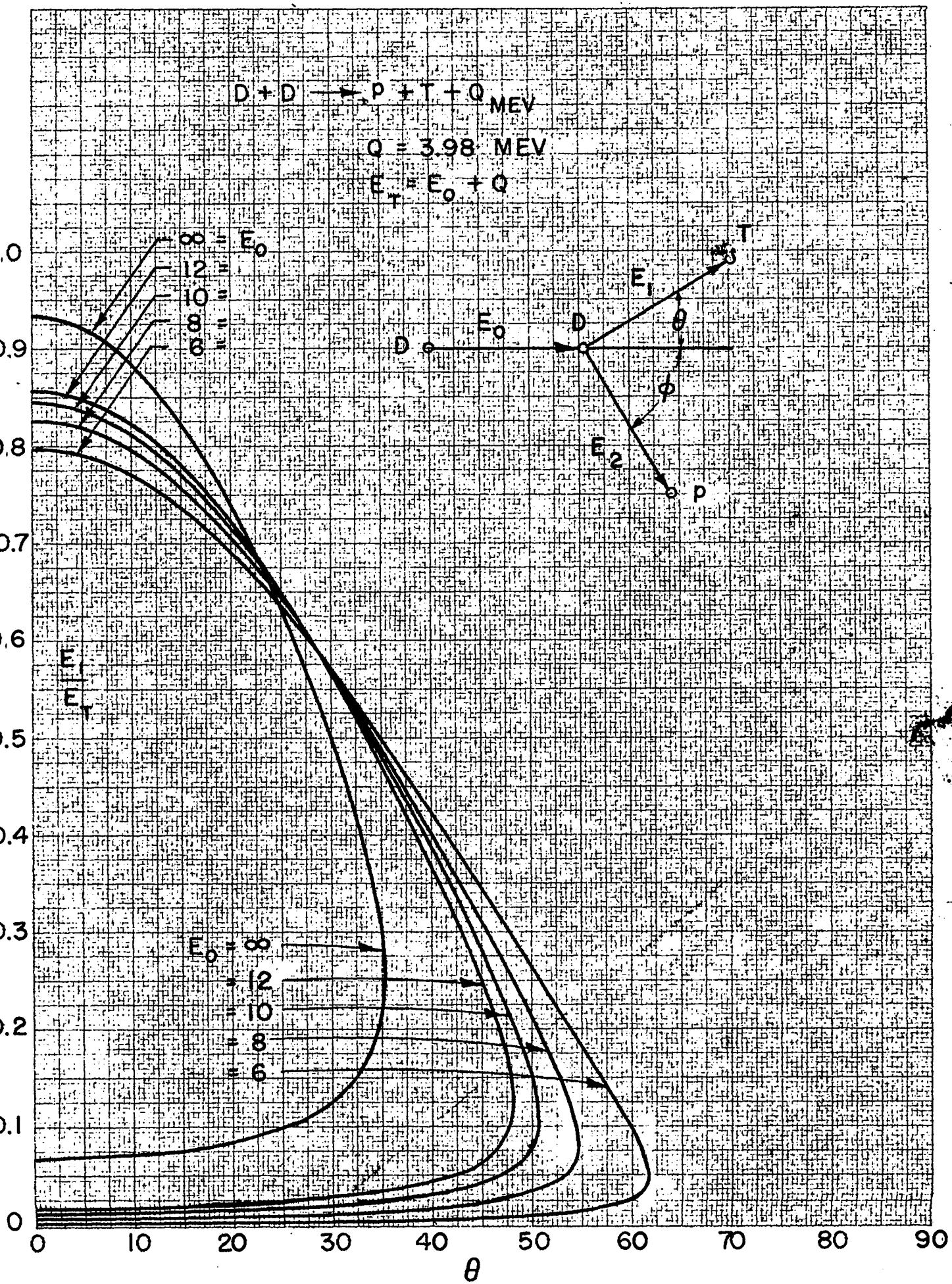


Fig. 18a (See Table 18)

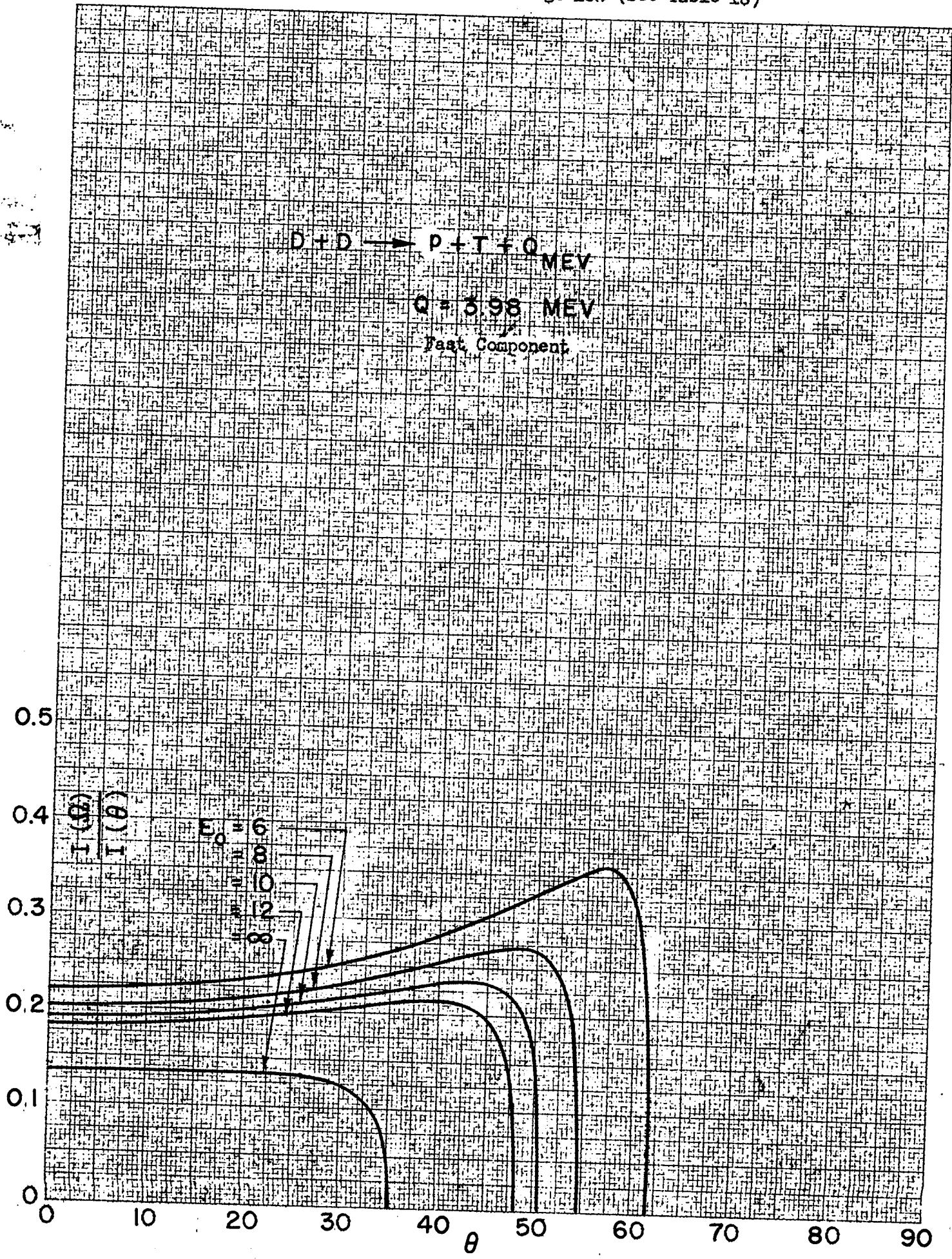


Fig. 18b (See Table 18)

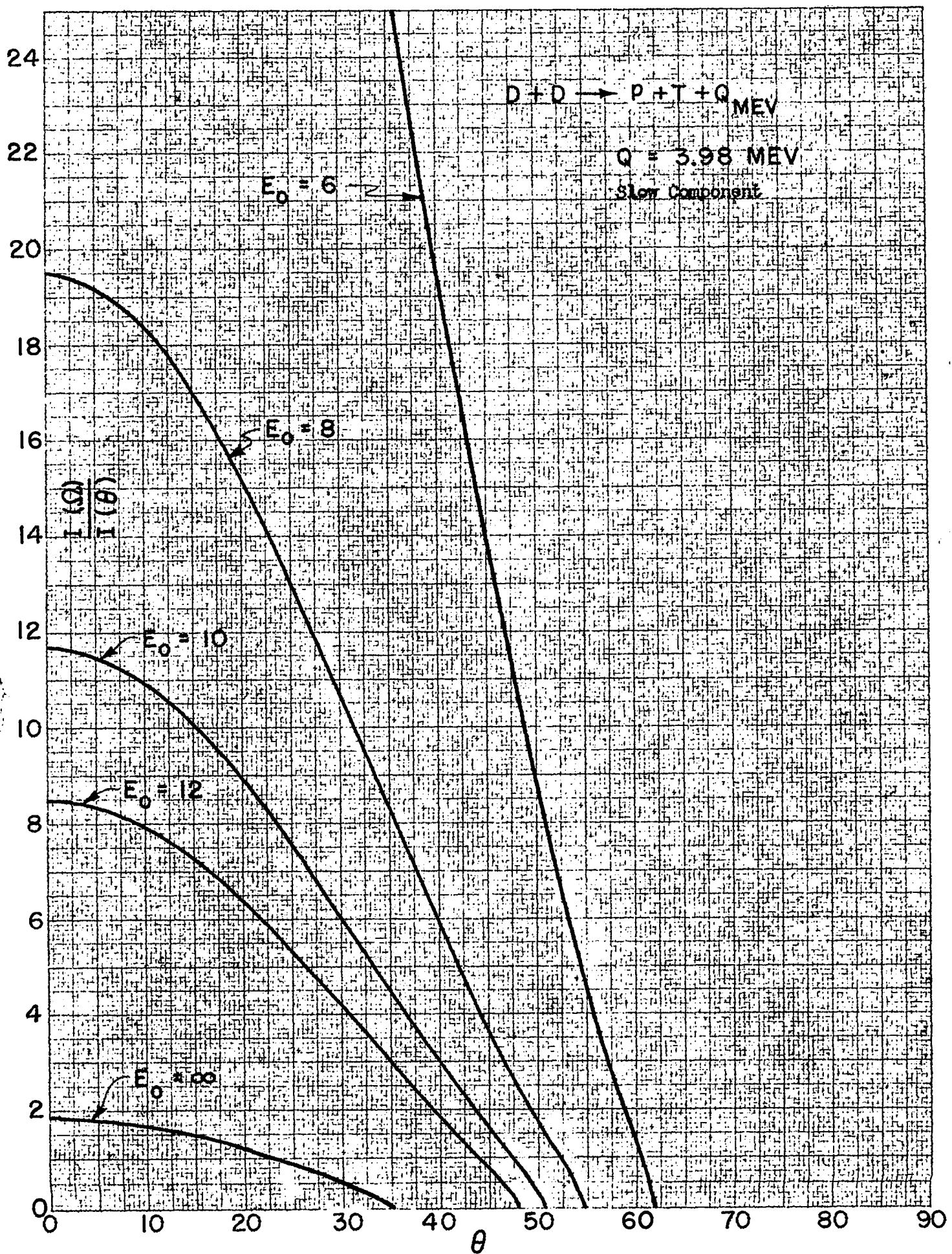


Fig. 19a (See Table 19)

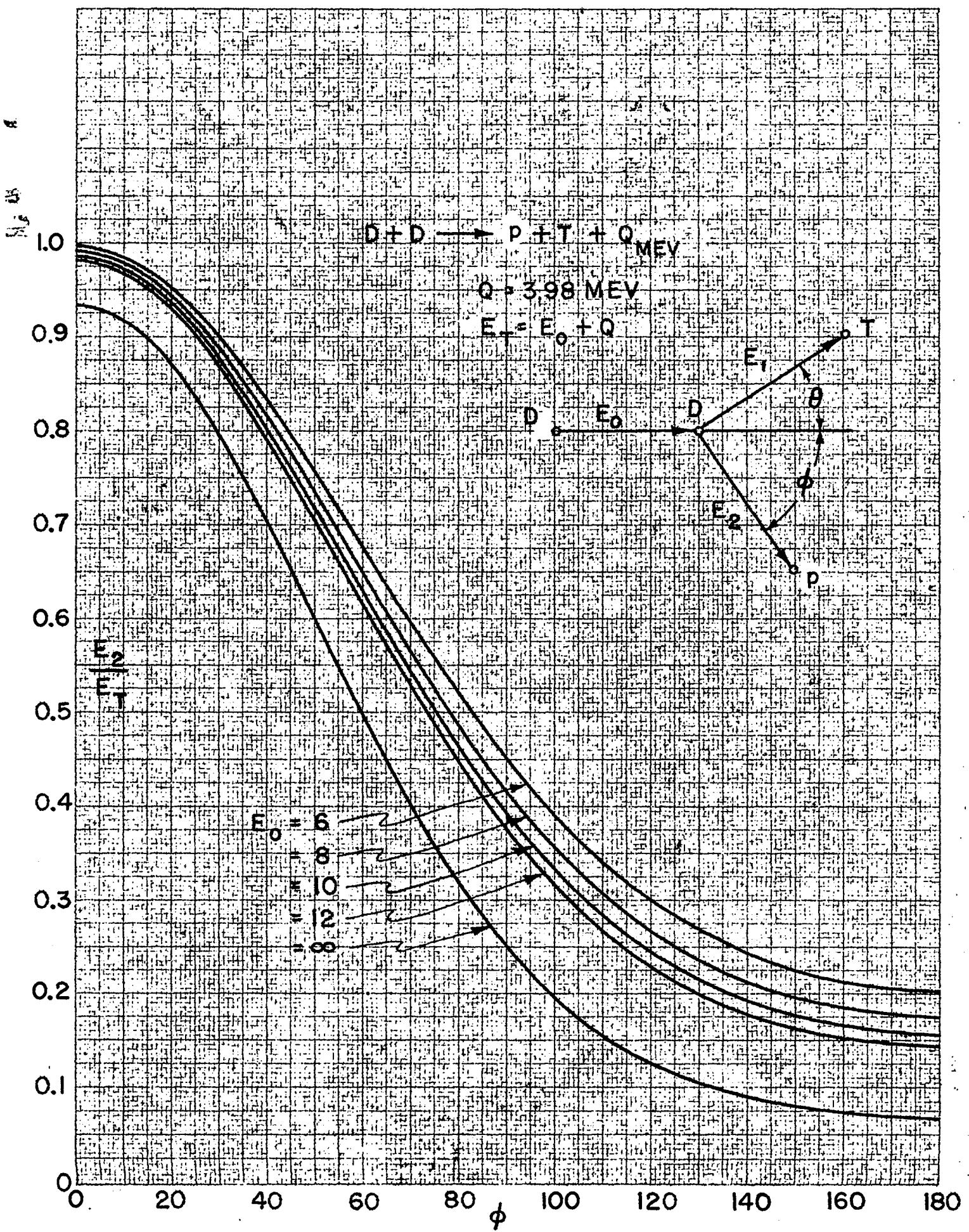


Fig. 19b (See Table 19)

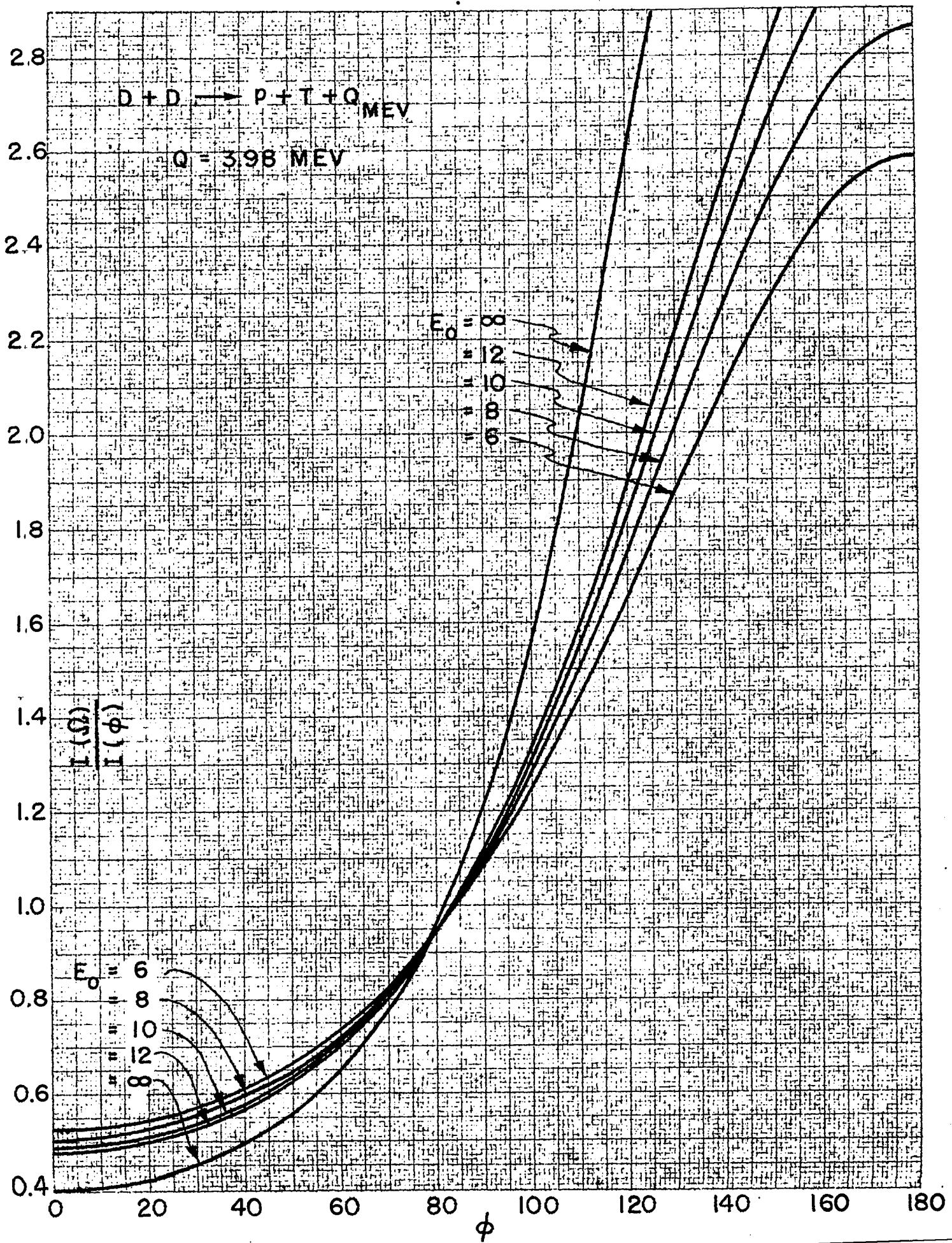


Fig. 20a (See Table 20).

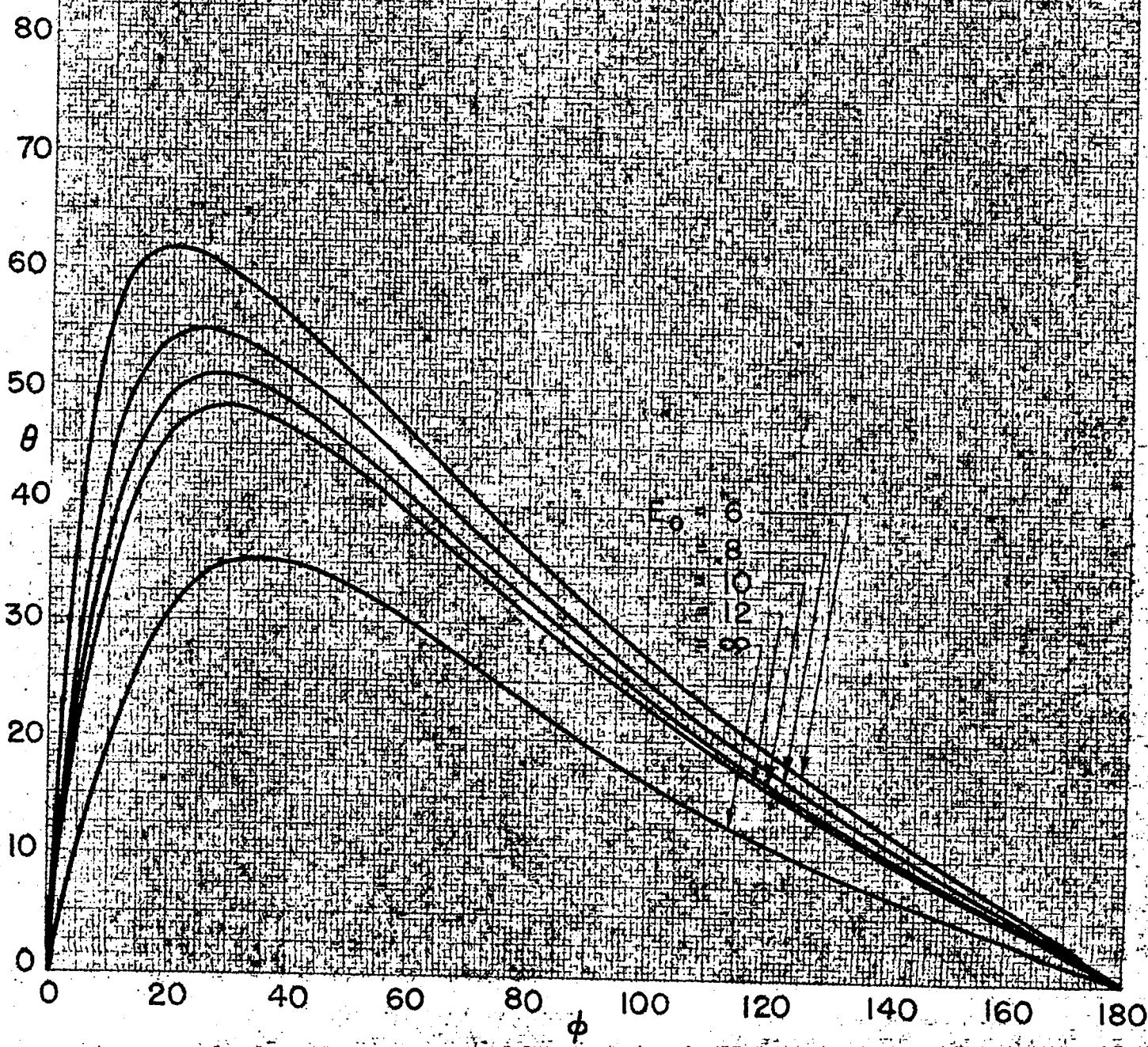
 $D + D \rightarrow p + T + Q$ MEV $Q = 3.98$ MEV

Fig. 20b (See Table 20)

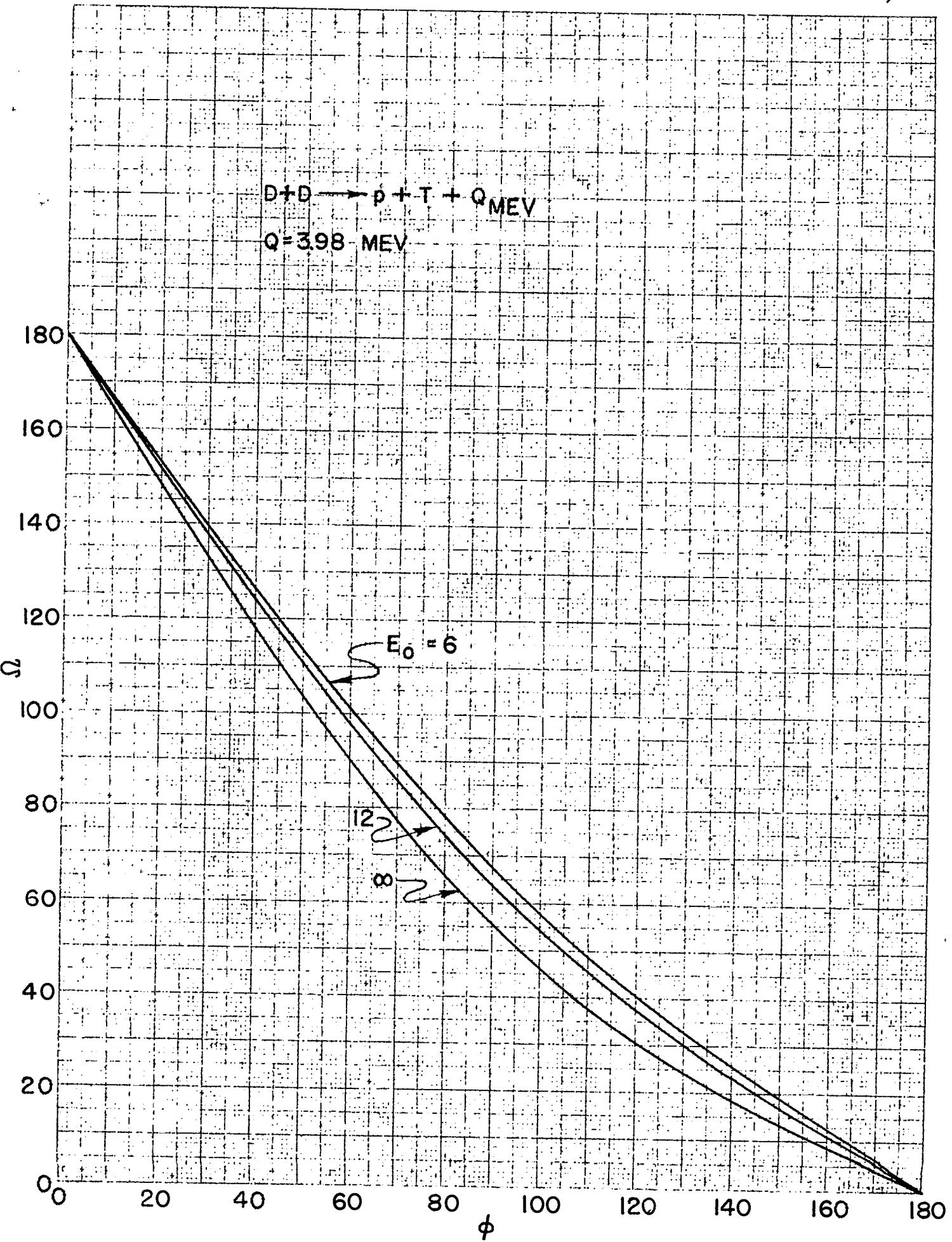


Fig. 21 (See Table 21)

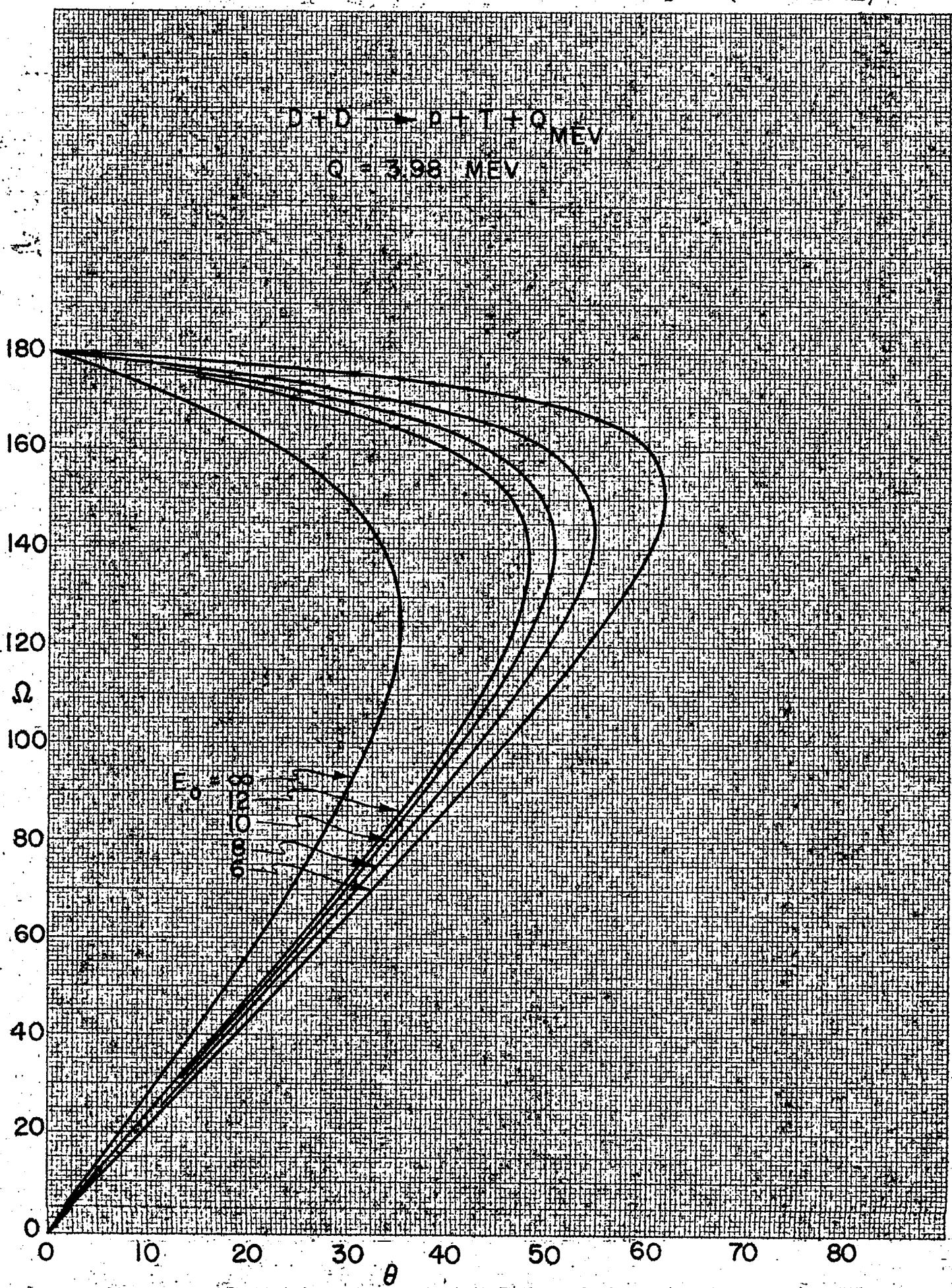


TABLE OF E_1/E_T FOR $D + D \rightarrow n + He^3$

$$E_T = E_0 + 3.24$$

Table 22
(See Fig. 22)

θ	E_0	6		8		10		12		∞	
		Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow
0		.818	.007	.843	.013	.859	.019	.870	.024	.933	.067
5		.810	.007	.834	.013	.850	.019	.861	.024	.922	.069
10		.788	.007	.810	.014	.824	.020	.833	.025	.884	.071
15		.752	.007	.770	.015	.781	.021	.788	.026	.824	.076
20		.703	.008	.715	.016	.723	.023	.727	.028	.740	.084
25		.642	.009	.648	.017	.650	.025	.651	.032	.633	.099
30		.571	.010	.569	.020	.566	.029	.562	.037	.500	.125
35		.493	.011	.481	.023	.470	.035	.460	.045	.294	.213
40		.409	.014	.386	.029	.365	.045	.346	.060		
45		.320	.018	.282	.040	.244	.067	.200	.103		
50		.228	.024	.159	.071						
55		.127	.044								
60											
θ max.		56.37		50.96		47.83		45.77		35.27	
E_1/E_T for θ max.		.075		.106		.128		.144		.250	

TABLE OF $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ FOR $D + D \rightarrow n + He^3$

$$E_T = E_0 + 3.24$$

Table 23
(See Figs. 23a & 23b)

$\theta \backslash E_0$	6		8		10		12		∞	
θ	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow
0	.206	24.8	.191	12.1	.181	8.20	.174	6.38	.134	1.87
5	.207	24.4	.192	11.9	.182	8.06	.175	6.27	.134	1.78
10	.209	23.4	.194	11.4	.184	7.65	.176	5.94	.135	1.69
15	.213	21.6	.197	10.4	.187	6.99	.179	5.40	.136	1.47
20	.219	19.4	.202	9.23	.191	6.12	.183	4.69	.136	1.19
25	.227	16.8	.209	7.81	.197	5.10	.188	3.86	.134	.863
30	.236	13.8	.216	6.26	.203	3.99	.193	2.95	.125	.500
35	.248	10.8	.226	4.66	.210	2.84	.197	2.02	.049	.067
40	.263	7.85	.234	3.11	.212	1.73	.194	1.12		
45	.279	5.06	.236	1.67	.191	.699	.122	.236		
50	.289	2.72	.168	.377						
55	.238	.692								
60										
θ max.	56.37		50.96		47.83		45.77		35.27	
$I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ for θ max.	.000		.000		.000		.000		.000	

TABLE OF E_2/E_T AND $I(\alpha)/I(\phi)$ FOR $D + D \rightarrow n + He^3$

Table 24
(See Figs. 24a & 24b)

		$E_T = E_0 + 3.24$					$I(\alpha)/I(\phi)$							
		E_2/E_T					$I(\alpha)/I(\phi)$							
ϕ	E_0	6	8	10	12	∞	ϕ	E_0	6	8	10	12	∞	
0	.993	.987	.981	.976	.933	0	0	.510	.490	.476	.466	.402		
10	.981	.974	.968	.963	.917	10	10	.515	.495	.481	.471	.407		
20	.946	.937	.929	.923	.870	20	20	.530	.510	.496	.487	.423		
30	.891	.878	.868	.860	.797	30	30	.557	.537	.524	.514	.451		
40	.821	.804	.791	.781	.705	40	40	.596	.578	.565	.556	.494		
50	.741	.719	.704	.692	.603	50	50	.651	.634	.623	.614	.558		
60	.656	.631	.613	.599	.500	60	60	.724	.711	.701	.695	.650		
70	.573	.545	.525	.509	.404	70	70	.819	.812	.806	.803	.780		
80	.495	.465	.443	.428	.319	80	80	.940	.942	.944	.945	.966		
90	.425	.394	.372	.356	.250	90	90	1.091	1.107	1.120	1.130	1.225		
100	.366	.334	.313	.297	.196	100	100	1.274	1.310	1.338	1.361	1.576		
110	.316	.285	.264	.249	.155	110	110	1.486	1.550	1.601	1.641	2.035		
120	.276	.246	.226	.212	.125	120	120	1.723	1.822	1.900	1.964	2.598		
130	.244	.216	.197	.184	.104	130	130	1.973	2.113	2.224	2.315	3.244		
140	.220	.193	.175	.162	.089	140	140	2.221	2.403	2.549	2.670	3.926		
150	.203	.177	.160	.148	.078	150	150	2.444	2.668	2.848	2.997	4.576		
160	.191	.166	.149	.138	.072	160	160	2.624	2.882	3.090	3.263	5.115		
170	.184	.160	.143	.132	.068	170	170	2.741	3.020	3.248	3.437	5.472		
180	.182	.157	.141	.130	.067	180	180	2.781	3.068	3.303	3.497	5.598		

TABLE OF Θ AND Ω AS A FUNCTION OF ϕ FOR $D + D \rightarrow n + He^3$

Table 25
(See Figs. 25a & 25b)

Θ

$\phi \backslash E_o$	6	8	10	12	∞	$\phi \backslash E_o$	6	8	10	12	∞
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00
2	13.58	9.80	8.21	7.34	4.29	10	166.01	165.73	165.52	165.37	164.25
4	25.35	18.81	15.91	14.28	8.38	20	152.13	151.56	151.15	150.84	148.61
6	34.60	26.53	22.74	20.55	12.43	30	138.45	137.61	137.01	136.55	133.22
8	41.43	32.82	28.53	25.98	15.50	40	125.09	123.97	123.20	122.60	118.21
10	46.34	37.77	33.28	30.54	19.43	50	112.17	110.81	109.85	109.12	103.76
20	55.84	49.41	45.54	43.00	30.67	60	99.71	98.19	97.09	96.24	90.00
30	55.69	50.86	47.83	45.76	34.83	70	87.89	86.19	84.99	84.08	77.15
40	52.58	48.70	46.22	44.51	34.98	80	76.78	75.00	73.71	72.73	65.35
50	48.34	45.08	42.97	41.49	33.02	90	66.40	64.58	63.27	62.27	54.73
60	43.68	40.84	38.99	37.68	30.00	100	56.78	55.00	53.71	52.73	45.35
70	38.92	36.40	34.74	33.57	26.51	110	47.90	46.22	45.00	44.08	37.14
80	34.25	31.99	30.50	29.43	22.92	120	39.72	38.19	37.08	36.24	30.00
90	29.78	27.75	26.40	25.44	19.47	130	32.14	30.81	29.85	29.12	23.75
100	25.56	23.76	22.55	21.69	16.29	140	25.09	23.99	23.20	22.60	18.22
110	21.63	20.04	18.98	18.21	13.43	150	18.45	17.61	17.00	16.55	13.22
120	17.97	16.60	15.69	15.03	10.89	160	12.13	11.56	11.15	10.84	8.61
130	14.56	13.42	12.65	12.10	8.65	170	6.01	5.73	5.52	5.37	4.25
140	11.38	10.46	9.85	9.41	6.65	180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
150	8.38	7.69	7.23	6.90	4.83						
160	5.51	5.05	4.74	4.52	3.15						
170	2.73	2.50	2.35	2.24	1.55						
180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						

TABLE OF Ω AS A FUNCTION OF θ FOR $0 + \pi \rightarrow n + Ne^3$

Table 26
(See Fig. 26)

ϵ	E_0	6		8		10		12		∞	
		Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow
0	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	180.00
5	11.01	178.99	11.44	177.56	11.75	172.25	11.99	178.01	13.62	176.32	
10	22.04	177.96	22.92	177.08	23.55	176.45	24.05	175.97	27.51	172.50	
15	33.11	176.84	34.46	175.54	35.44	174.56	36.18	173.82	41.64	169.37	
20	44.25	175.75	44.12	173.28	47.48	172.32	48.51	171.49	56.33	162.57	
25	55.50	174.50	57.96	172.64	59.76	170.24	61.14	168.83	72.06	157.94	
30	66.91	173.39	70.07	169.93	72.42	167.58	74.25	165.75	90.00	150.00	
35	78.55	171.46	82.59	167.40	85.70	164.36	88.17	161.82	118.44	131.55	
40	90.36	149.47	95.86	164.15	100.14	159.86	103.79	156.21			
45	103.12	166.87	110.56	159.45	127.56	152.44	125.73	144.28			
50	116.92	163.07	120.42	149.52							
55	134.66	155.33									
ϵ max.		56.37		50.96		47.83		45.76		35.26	
Ω for ϵ max.		146.37		140.96		137.83		135.76		125.27	

Fig. 22 (See Table 22)

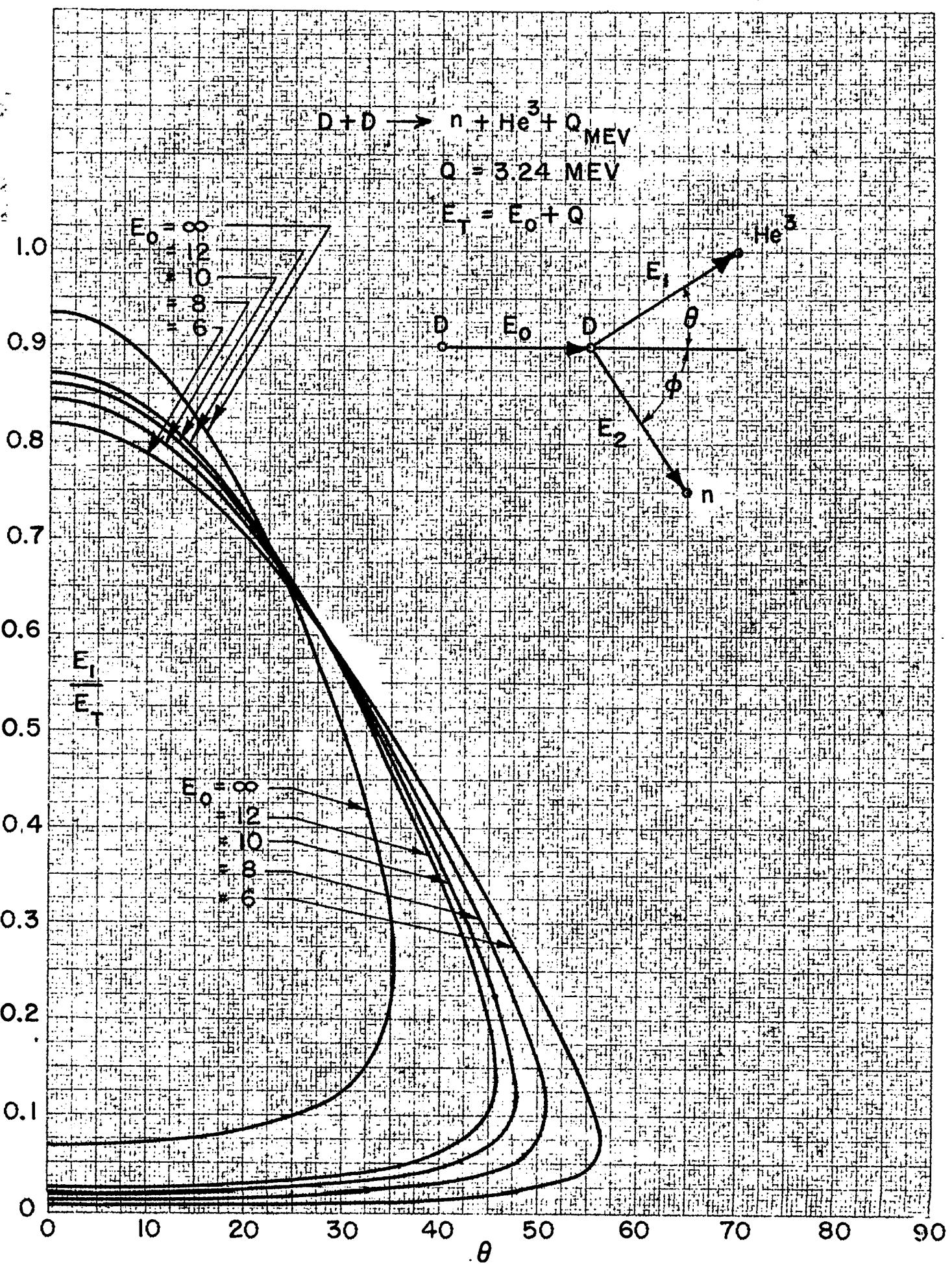


Fig. 23a (See Table 23)

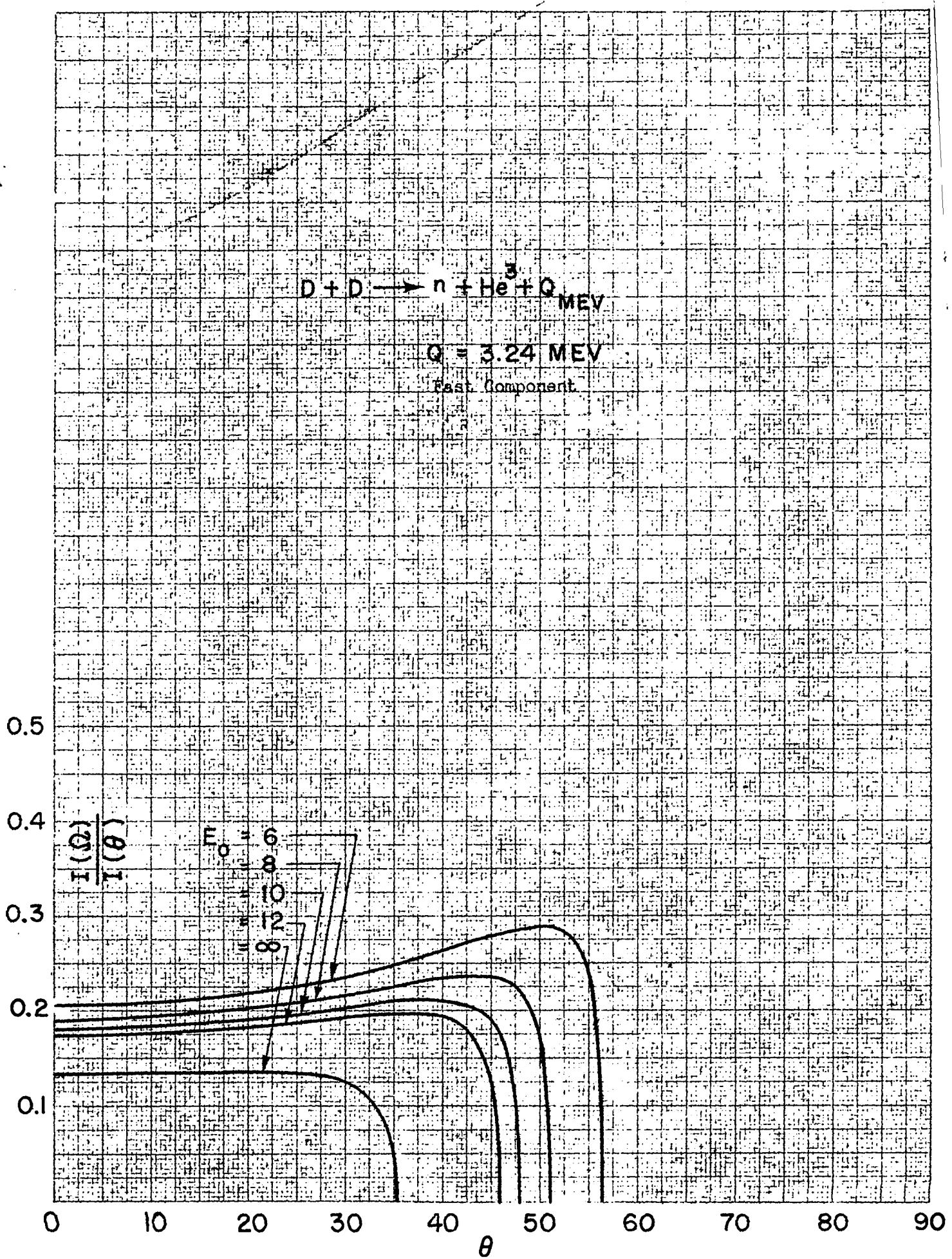


Fig. 23b (See Table 23)

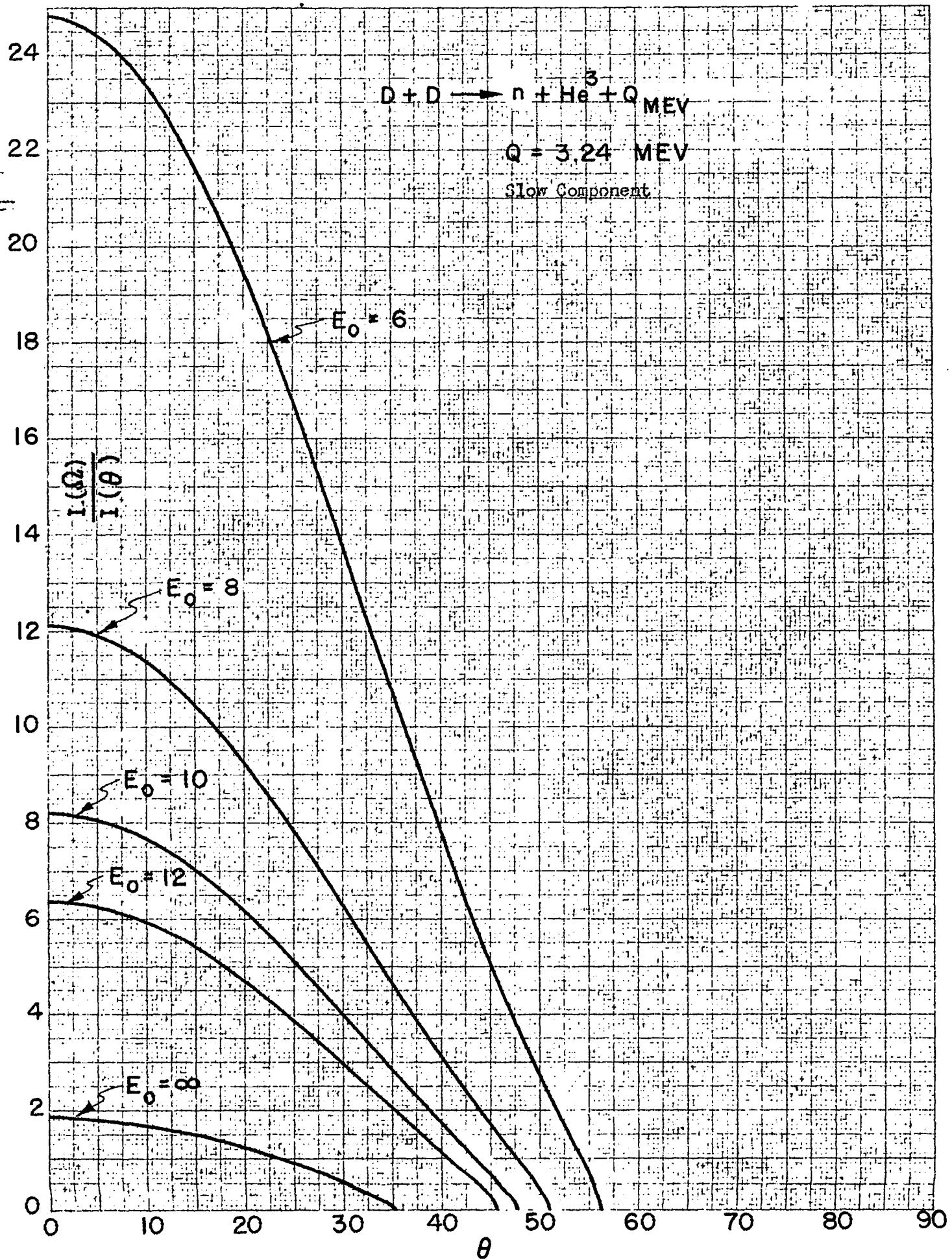


Fig. 24a (See Table 24)

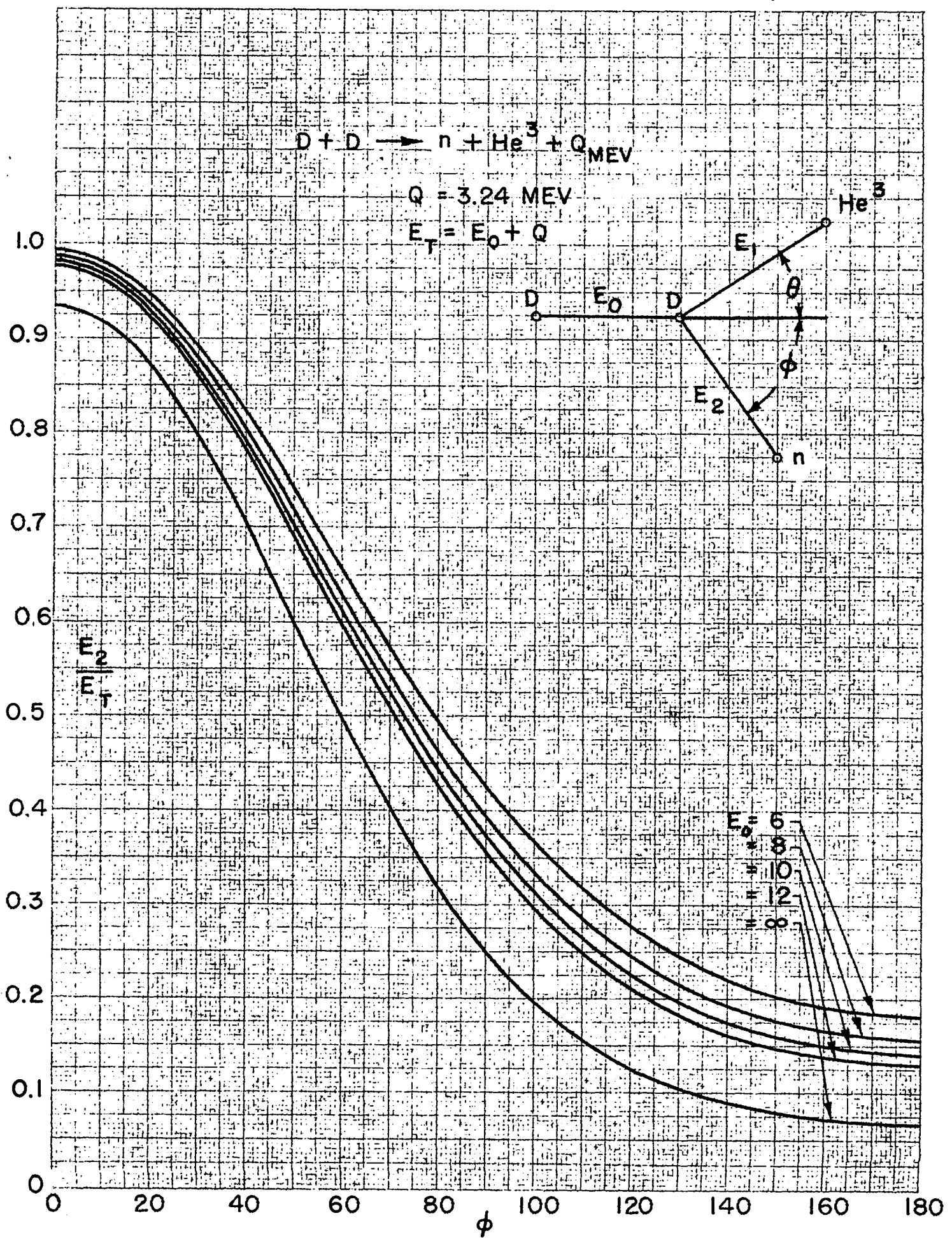


Fig. 24b (See Table 24)

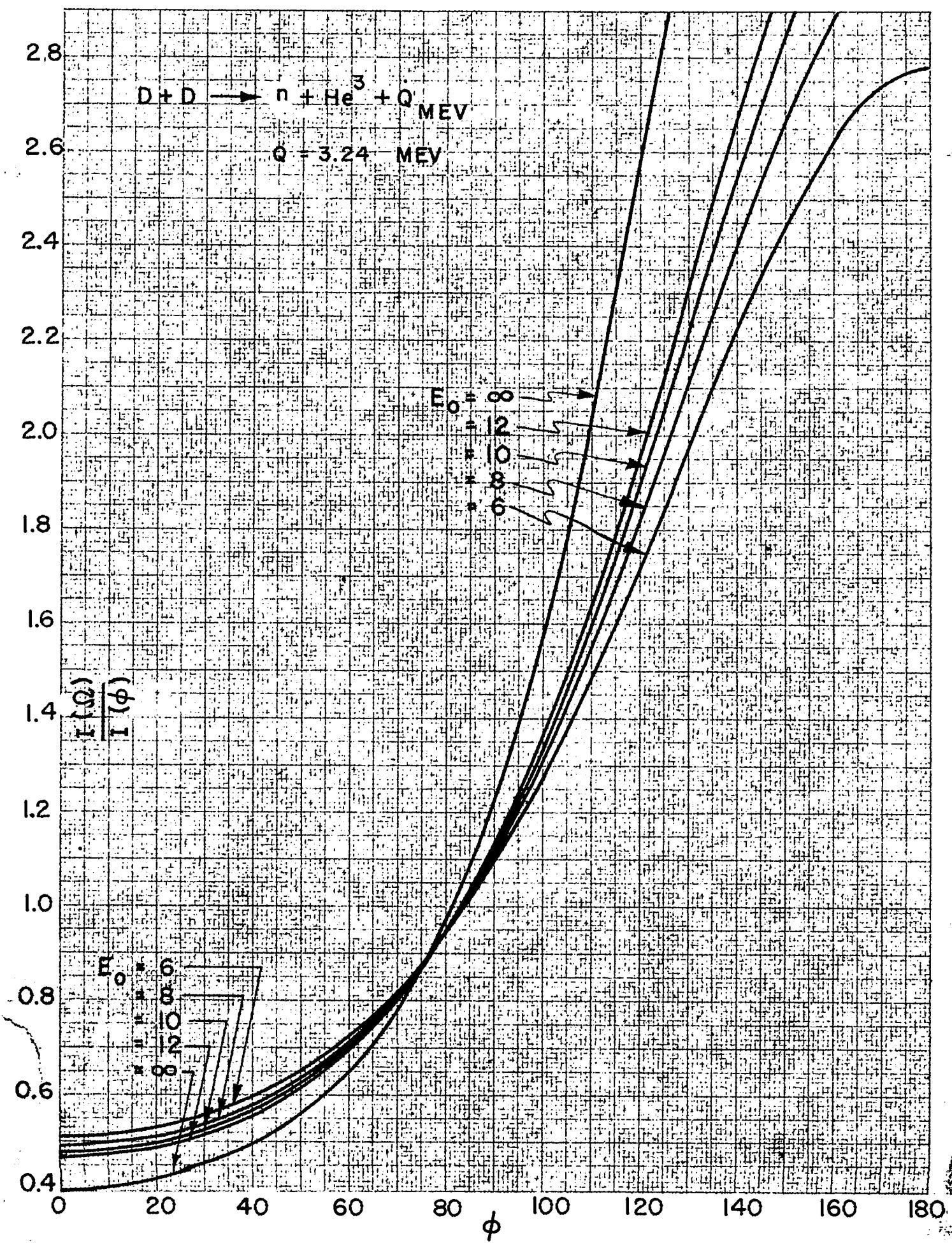


Fig. 25a (See Table 25)

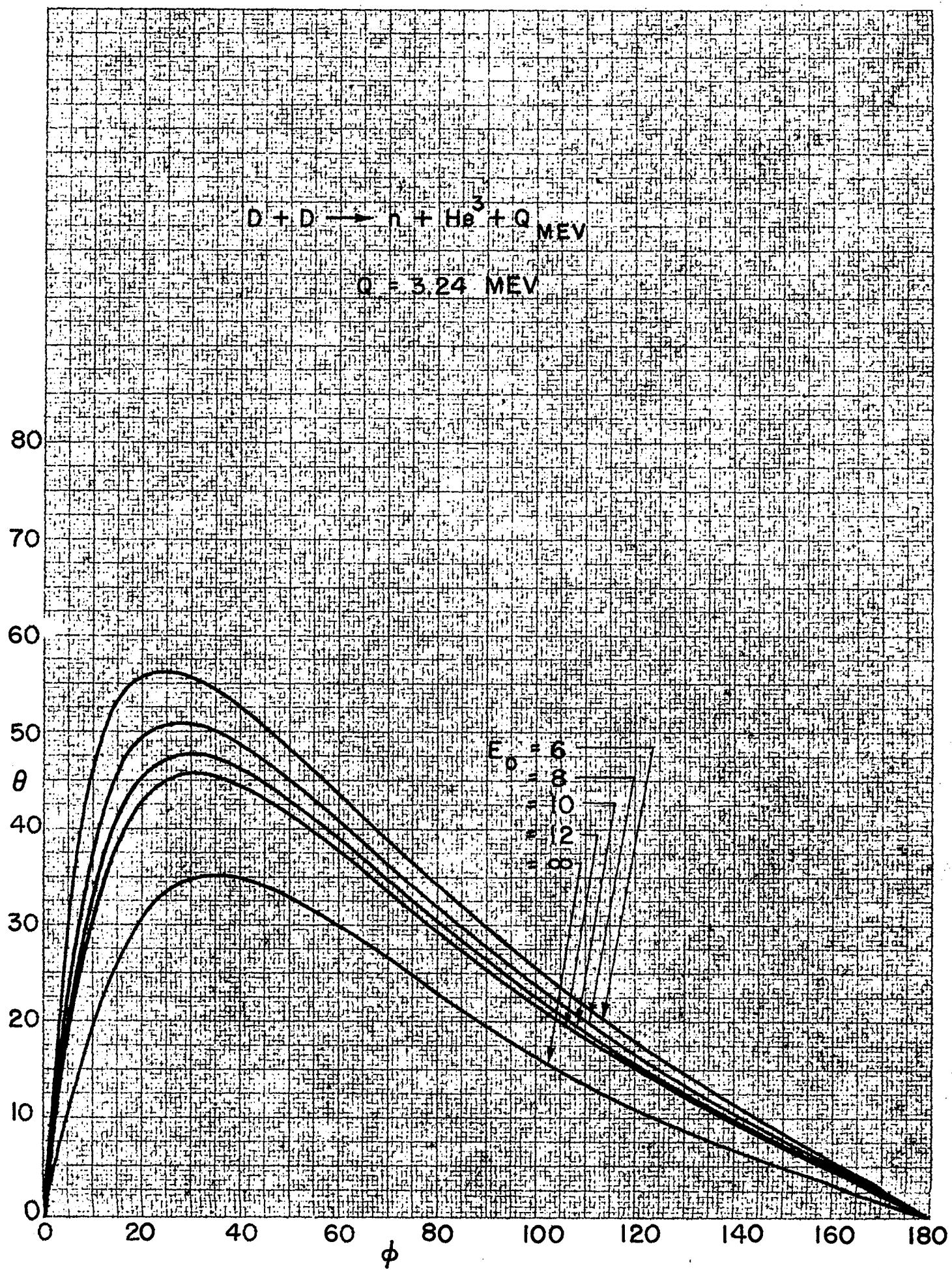


Fig. 25b (See Table 25)

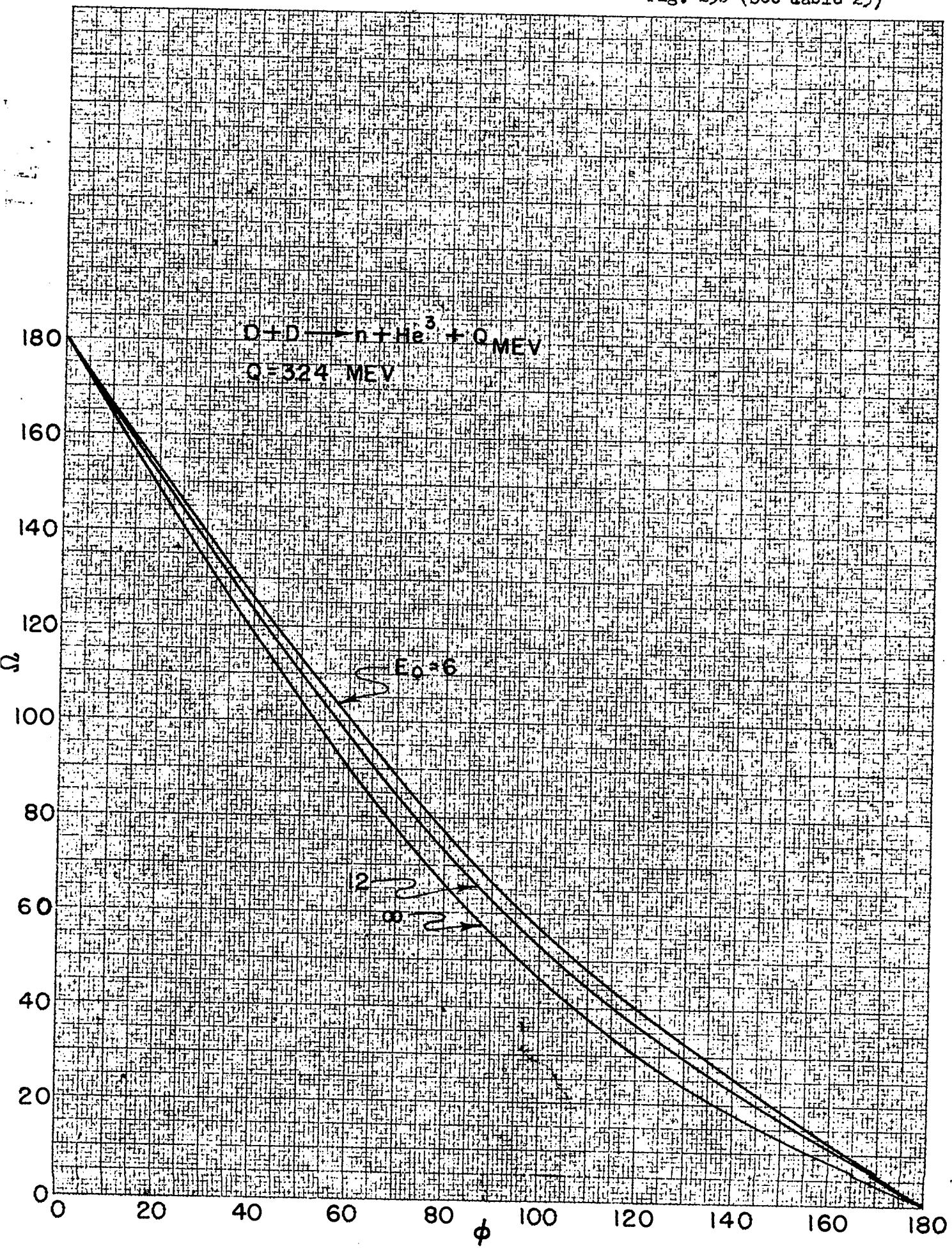


Fig. 26 (See Table 26)

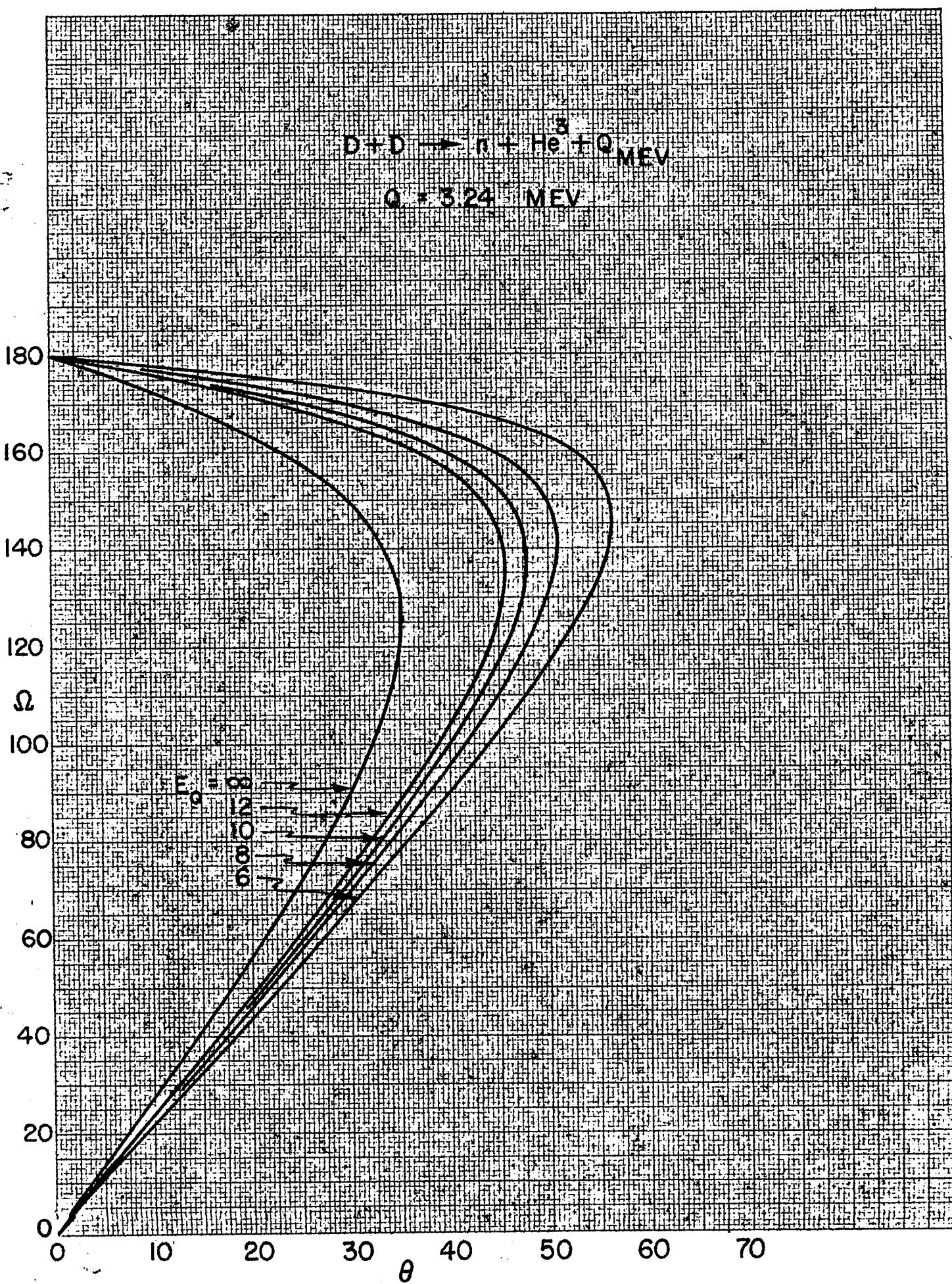


TABLE OF E_1/E_T AND $I(\Omega)/I(\Theta)$ FOR $D + He^3 \rightarrow p + He^4$

Table 27
(See Figs. 27a & 27b)

$\Theta \backslash E_0$	E_1/E_T				$E_T = E_0 + 18.40$				$I(\Omega) / I(\Theta)$				
Θ	6	8	10	12	$\Theta \backslash E_0$	6	8	10	12	6	8	10	12
0	.497	.534	.563	.586	0	.363	.329	.305	.287				
10	.487	.522	.549	.571	10	.368	.334	.310	.292				
20	.459	.487	.509	.527	20	.383	.349	.324	.305				
30	.414	.434	.449	.459	30	.411	.376	.350	.331				
40	.359	.368	.373	.376	40	.454	.419	.393	.372				
50	.299	.297	.293	.287	50	.549	.487	.461	.439				
60	.239	.227	.215	.202	60	.620	.592	.571	.552				
70	.184	.165	.147	.130	70	.769	.761	.757	.755				
80	.138	.115	.095	.076	80	.994	1.04	1.09	1.15				
90	.102	.079	.059	.042	90	1.33	1.49	1.70	2.00				
100	.075	.054	.037	.023	100	1.83	2.23	2.82	3.78				
110	.056	.038	.024	.014	110	2.52	3.35	4.69	7.16				
120	.043	.027	.016	.009	120	3.42	4.93	7.52	12.7				
130	.035	.021	.012	.006	130	4.50	6.91	11.3	20.4				
140	.029	.017	.009	.005	140	5.68	9.16	15.7	29.7				
150	.025	.014	.008	.004	150	6.83	11.4	20.1	39.3				
160	.023	.013	.007	.003	160	7.80	13.3	24.0	47.8				
170	.021	.012	.006	.003	170	8.45	14.6	26.7	53.6				
180	.021	.012	.006	.003	180	8.68	15.1	27.6	55.7				

TABLE OF E_2/E_T AND $I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$ FOR $D + \text{He}^3 \rightarrow p + \text{He}^4$

Table 28
 $I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$ (See Figs. 28a & 28b)

$\phi \backslash E_0$	E_2/E_T					$E_T = E_0 + 18.40$					$I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$				
	6	8	10	12	∞		ϕ	E_0	6	8	10	12	∞		
0	.979	.988	.994	.997	.952	0			.737	.711	.692	.676	.504		
10	.974	.983	.988	.990	.940	10			.740	.715	.695	.680	.509		
20	.960	.967	.970	.971	.906	20			.750	.726	.707	.692	.525		
30	.937	.940	.941	.941	.852	30			.767	.744	.727	.712	.551		
40	.906	.906	.904	.900	.784	40			.791	.771	.754	.741	.591		
50	.870	.865	.859	.853	.705	50			.823	.805	.790	.779	.646		
60	.829	.820	.810	.801	.623	60			.861	.846	.835	.826	.720		
70	.787	.772	.759	.747	.542	70			.906	.896	.889	.883	.817		
80	.744	.725	.708	.693	.467	80			.957	.954	.951	.949	.941		
90	.702	.679	.659	.642	.400	90			1.014	1.018	1.021	1.024	1.095		
100	.662	.636	.614	.594	.343	100			1.075	1.087	1.098	1.107	1.283		
110	.626	.597	.572	.552	.295	110			1.139	1.161	1.179	1.195	1.503		
120	.594	.562	.536	.515	.257	120			1.203	1.235	1.262	1.286	1.749		
130	.566	.533	.506	.483	.227	130			1.264	1.306	1.343	1.375	2.010		
140	.543	.509	.481	.458	.204	140			1.320	1.372	1.417	1.457	2.268		
150	.526	.490	.462	.438	.188	150			1.368	1.429	1.481	1.528	2.503		
160	.513	.477	.448	.425	.177	160			1.404	1.472	1.530	1.583	2.691		
170	.505	.469	.440	.416	.170	170			1.427	1.499	1.561	1.617	2.813		
180	.503	.466	.437	.414	.168	180			1.435	1.508	1.572	1.629	2.856		

TABLE OF Ω VS. θ FOR $D + He^3 \rightarrow p + He^4$

Table 30
(See Fig. 30)

$\theta \backslash E_0$	6	8	10	12
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10	16.59	17.41	18.08	18.65
20	33.06	34.72	36.06	37.23
30	49.29	51.80	53.88	55.66
40	65.13	68.52	71.37	73.83
50	80.40	84.70	88.34	91.56
60	94.86	100.04	104.53	108.59
70	108.37	114.26	119.55	124.47
80	120.58	127.01	132.89	138.53
90	131.34	137.97	144.08	150.00
100	140.59	147.01	152.89	158.53
110	148.37	154.26	159.55	164.47
120	154.89	160.04	164.53	168.59
130	160.40	164.68	168.34	171.56
140	165.12	168.52	171.37	173.83
150	169.29	171.80	173.89	175.66
160	173.05	174.72	176.08	177.23
170	176.59	177.41	178.08	178.65
180	180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00

Fig. 27a (See Table 27)

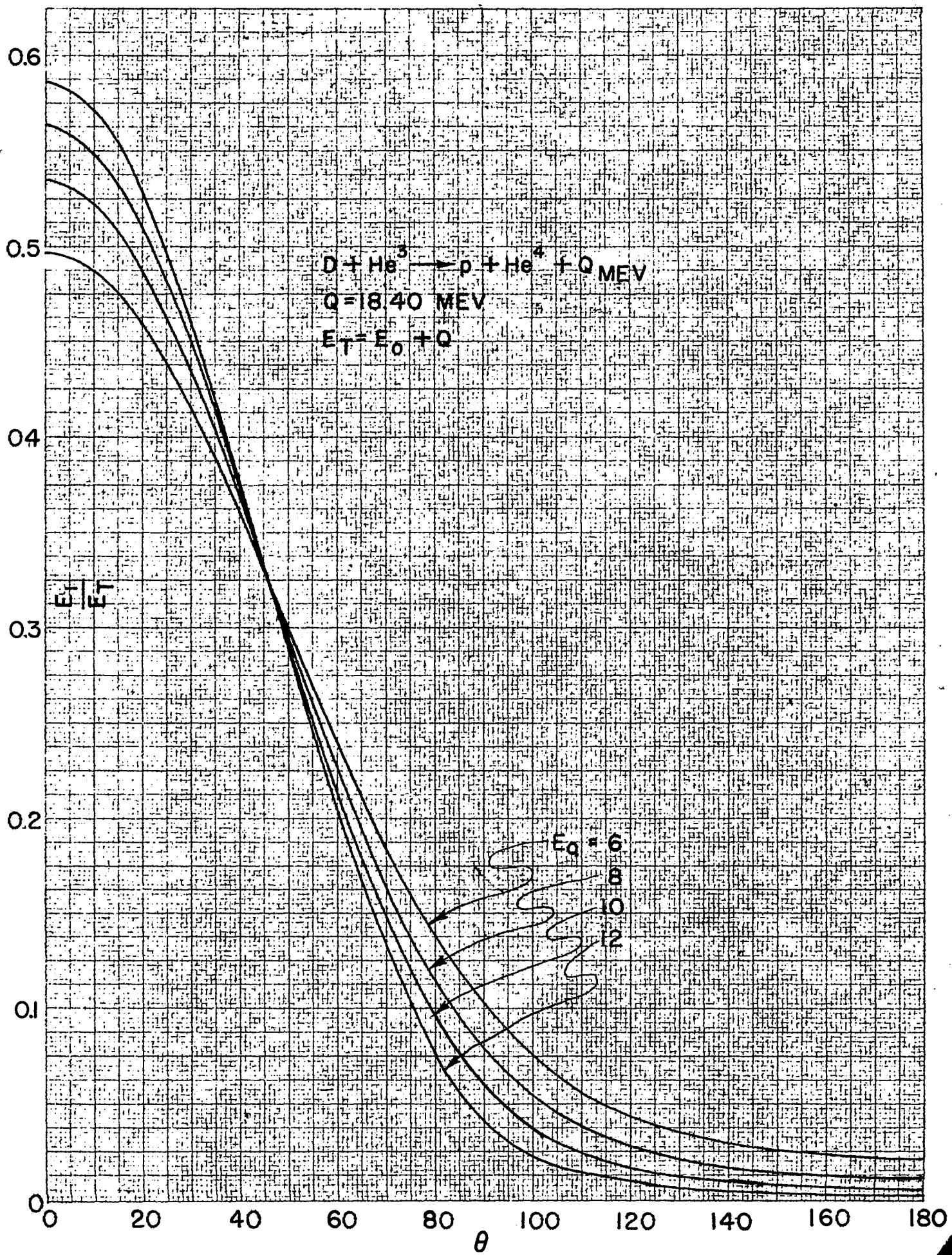


Fig. 27b (See Table 27)

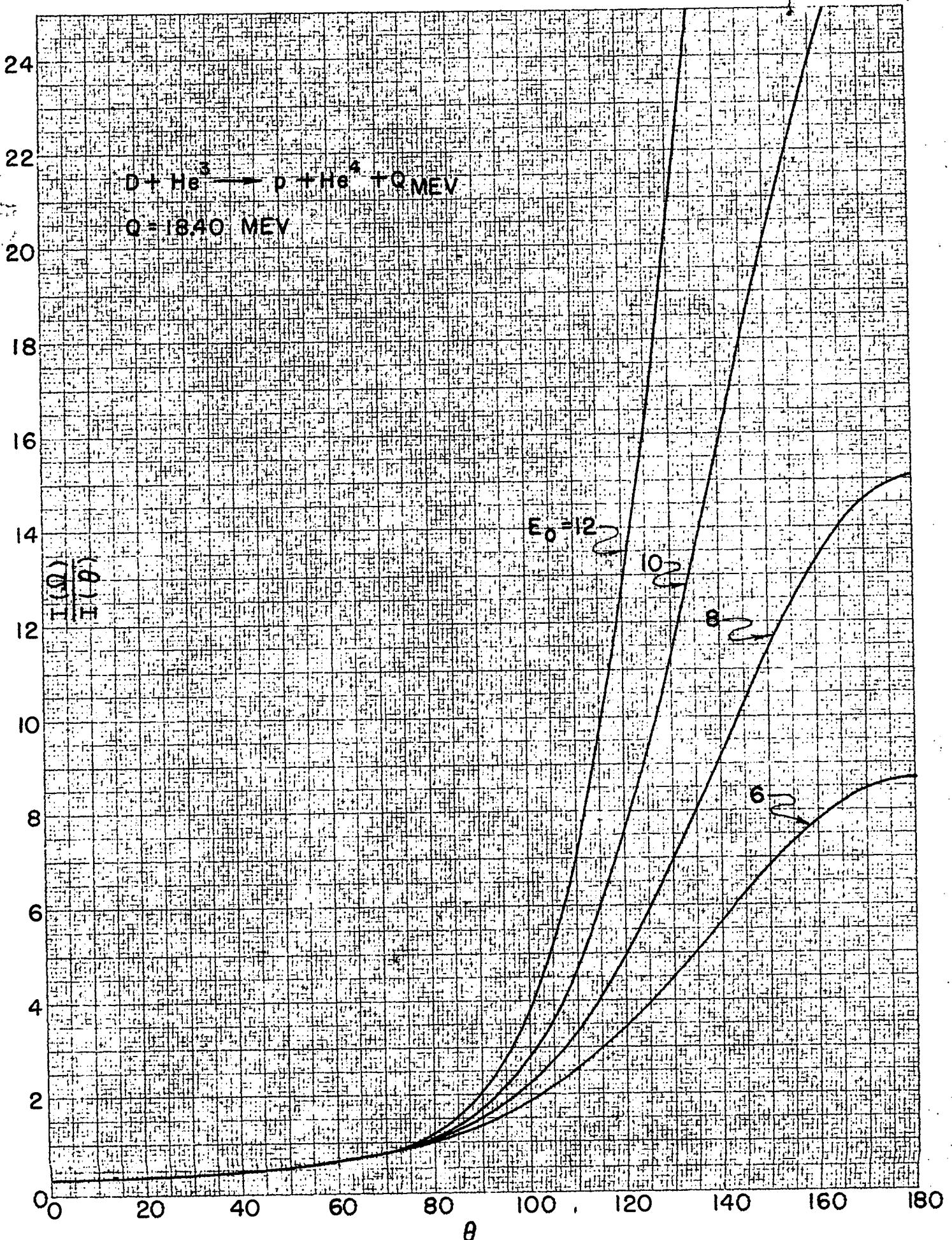


Fig 28a (See Table 28)

LAWES

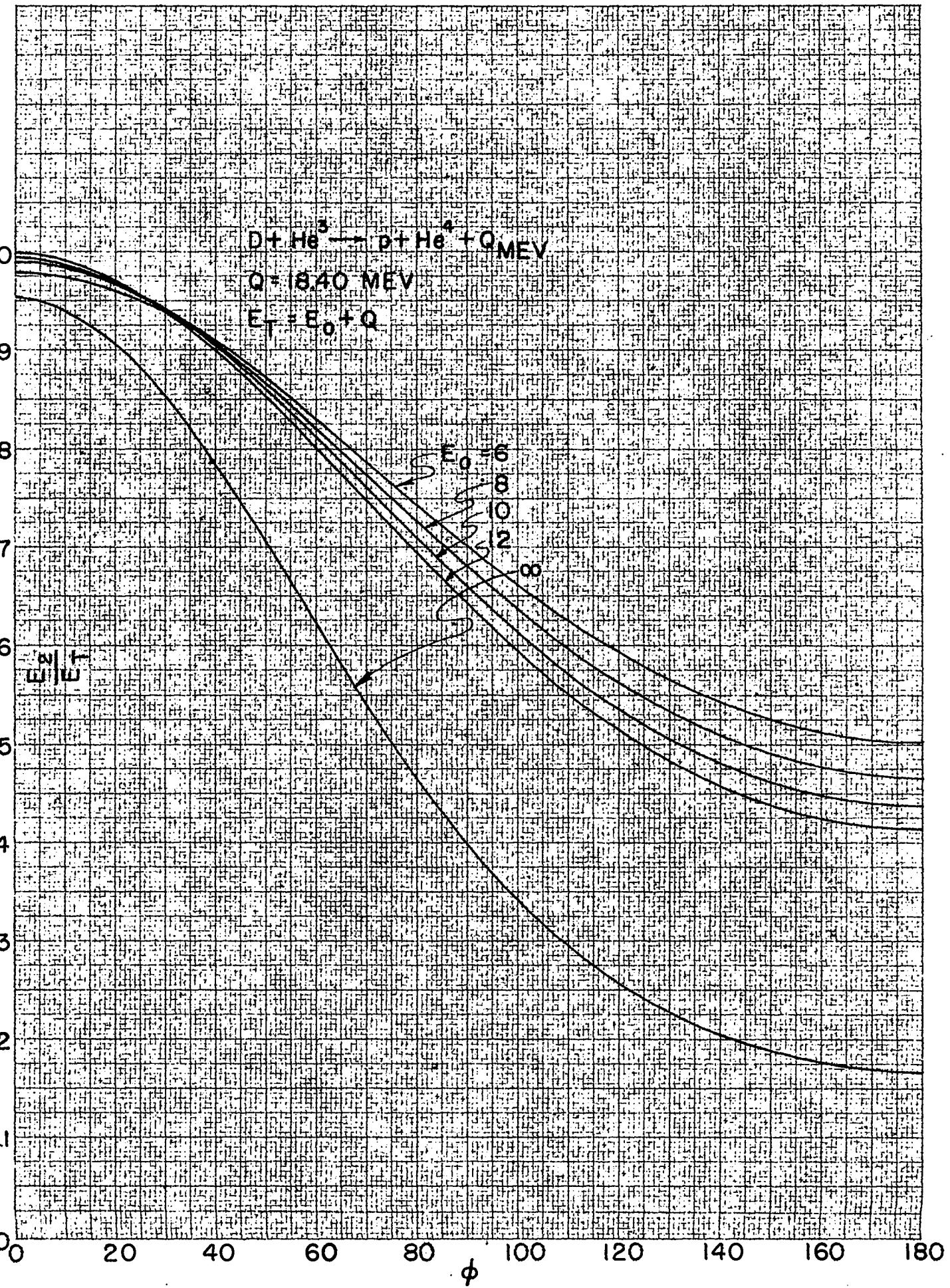


Fig. 28b (See Table 28)

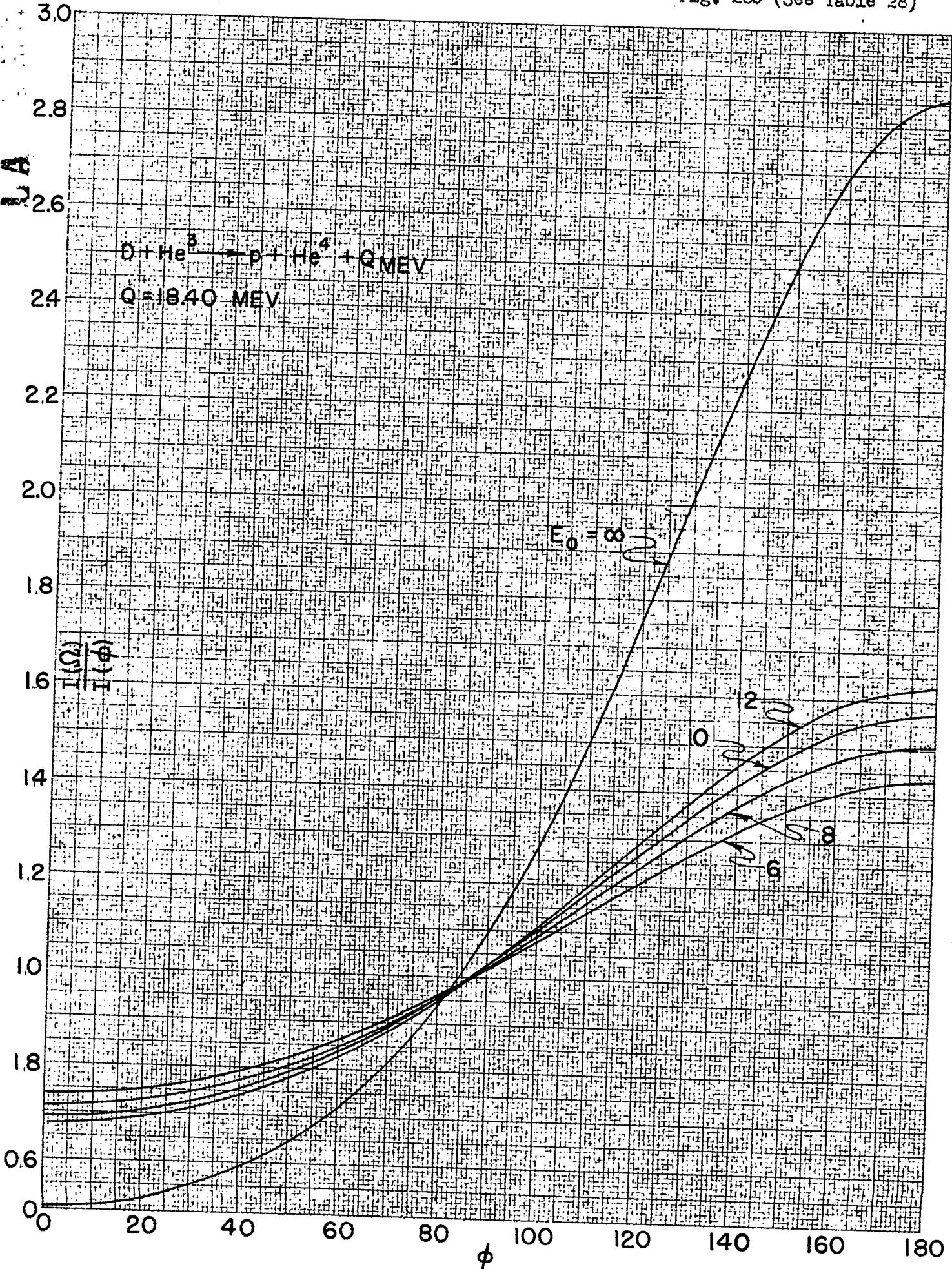


Fig 29a (See Table 29)

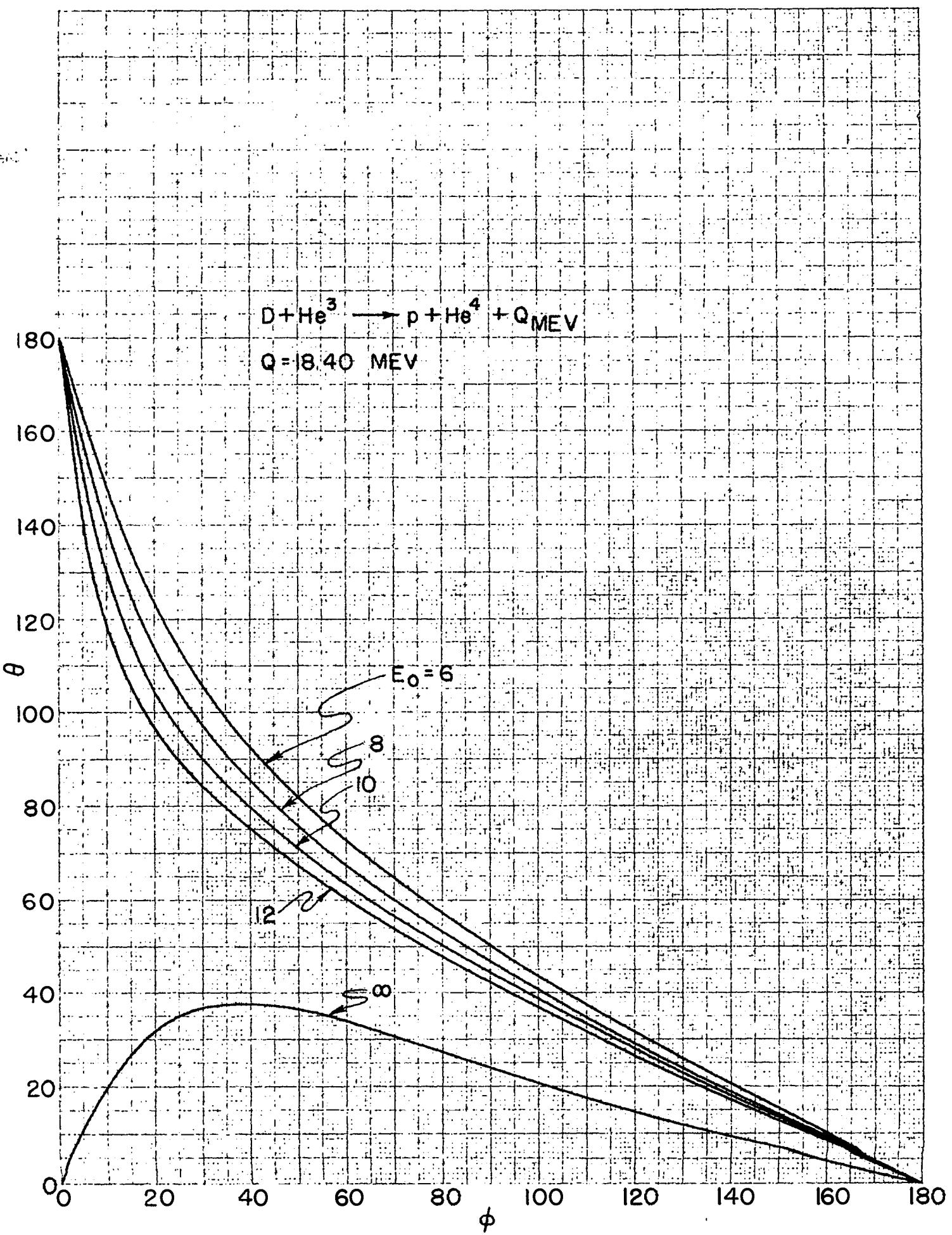


Fig. 29b (See Table 29)

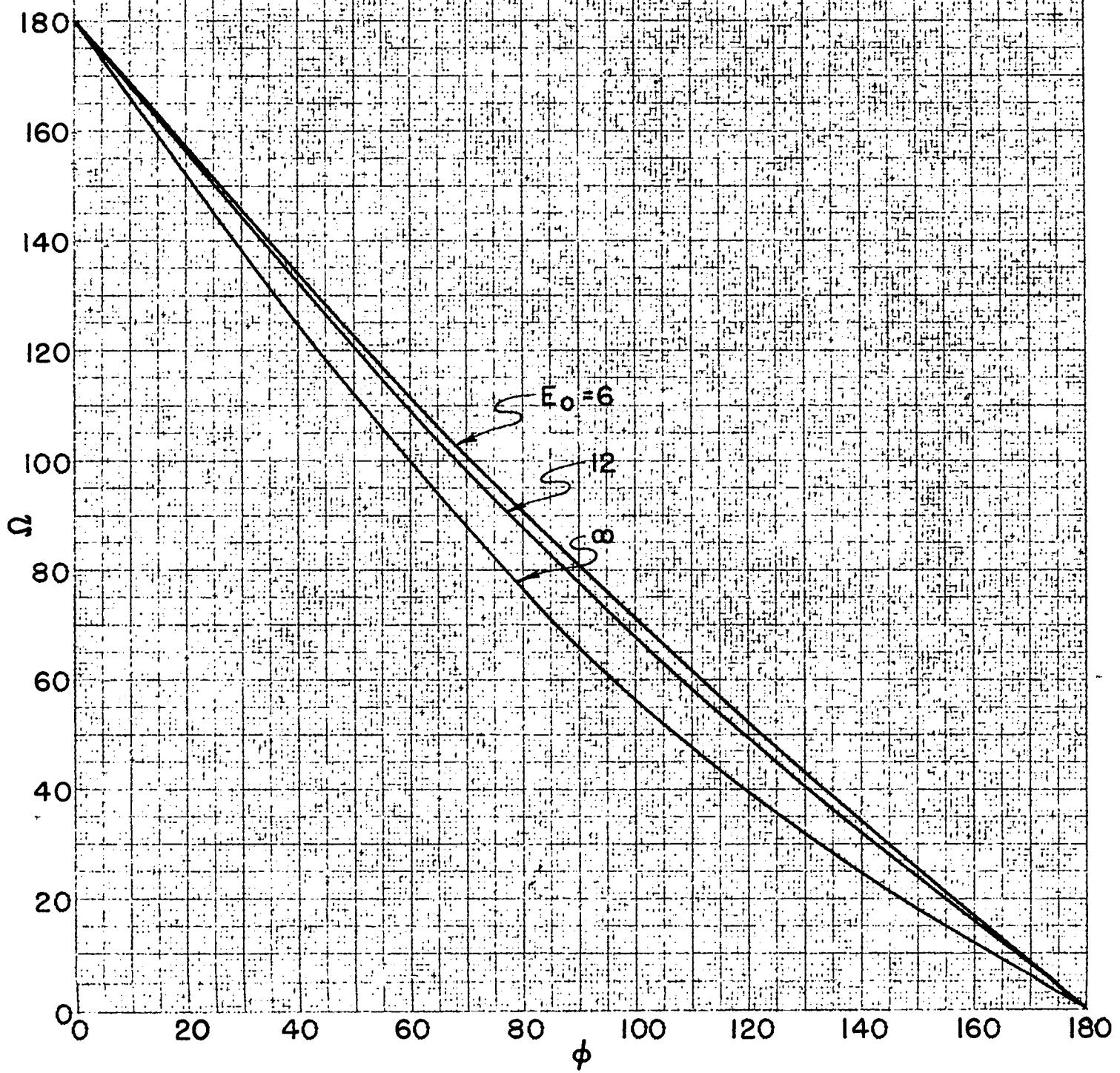
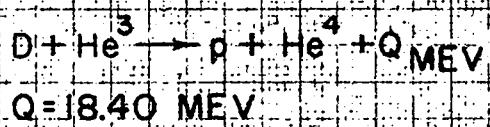


Fig. 30 (See Table 30)

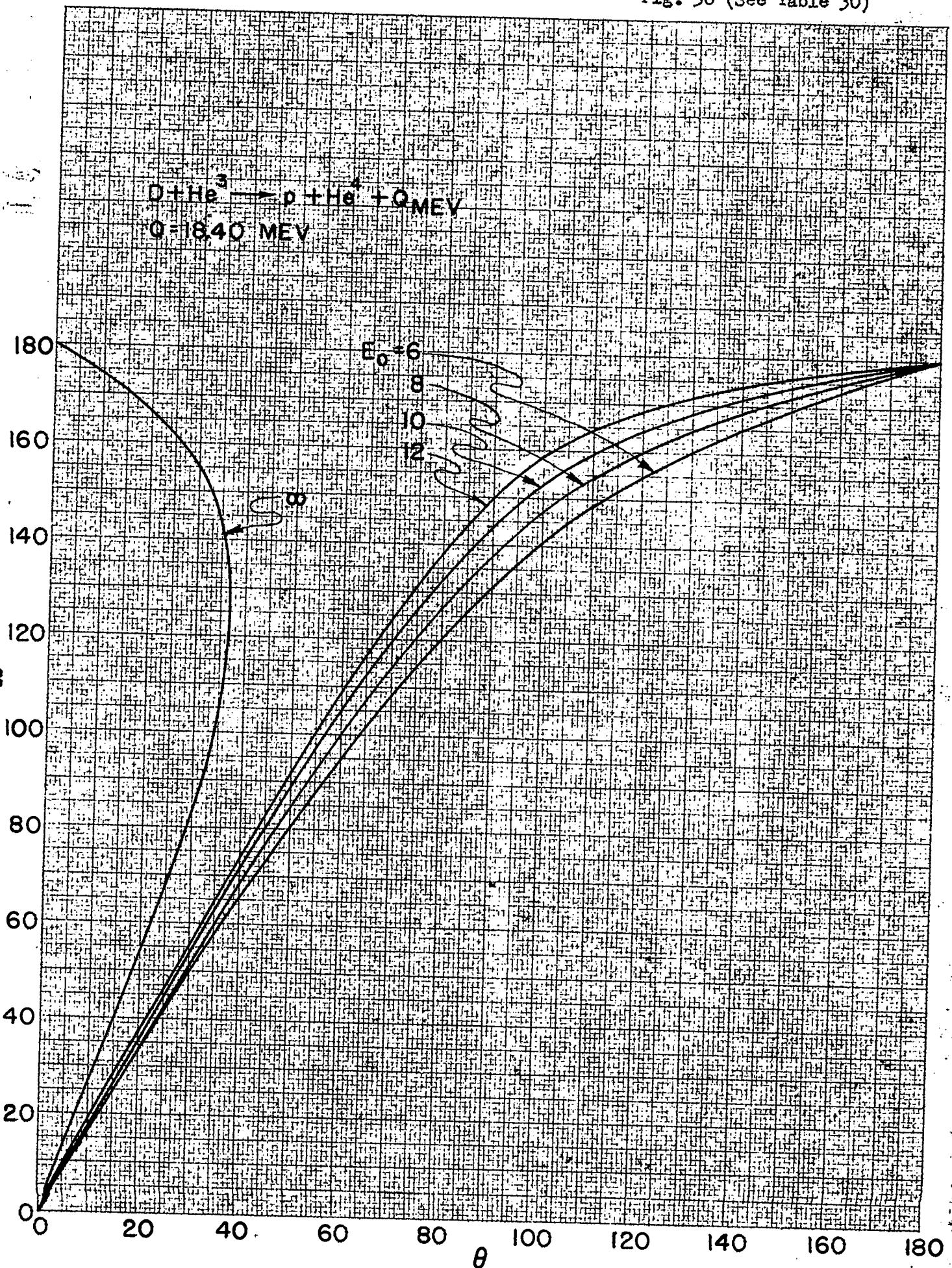


TABLE OF E_1/E_T AND $I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$ FOR $\alpha + T \rightarrow n + He^4$

Table 31
(See Figs. 31a & 31b)

θ	E_1/E_T				$E_T = E_0 + 17.60$	θ	$I(\alpha)/I(\theta)$			
θ	6	8	10	12	E_T	6	8	10	12	
0	.503	.540	.569	.592	0	.357	.324	.301	.283	
10	.493	.527	.554	.576	10	.362	.329	.305	.287	
20	.463	.492	.514	.531	20	.378	.344	.319	.301	
30	.418	.437	.451	.462	30	.405	.371	.345	.326	
40	.361	.369	.374	.376	40	.449	.414	.388	.367	
50	.299	.296	.291	.285	50	.515	.482	.455	.434	
60	.237	.225	.212	.198	60	.615	.588	.566	.548	
70	.181	.162	.143	.125	70	.767	.760	.757	.754	
80	.135	.112	.091	.071	80	.999	1.05	1.10	1.17	
90	.098	.075	.055	.038	90	1.35	1.53	1.76	2.10	
100	.072	.050	.033	.020	100	1.87	2.32	2.99	4.16	
110	.053	.035	.021	.011	110	2.61	3.55	5.12	8.22	
120	.041	.025	.014	.007	120	3.58	5.29	8.37	15.0	
130	.032	.019	.010	.005	130	4.76	7.52	12.7	24.7	
140	.027	.015	.008	.004	140	6.05	10.0	17.9	36.4	
150	.023	.013	.007	.003	150	7.31	12.6	23.2	48.5	
160	.021	.011	.006	.003	160	8.38	14.8	27.8	59.4	
170	.020	.011	.005	.002	170	9.09	16.3	30.9	66.8	
180	.019	.010	.005	.002	180	9.35	16.8	32.1	69.2	

TABLE OF E_2/E_T AND $I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$ FOR $D + T \rightarrow n + He^4$

 Table 32
 (See Figs. 32a & 32b)

		E_2/E_T					$E_T = E_0 + 17.60$					$I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$				
E_0	ϕ	6	8	10	12	∞	E_0	ϕ	6	8	10	12	∞			
0	0	.981	.990	.995	.998	.952	0	0	.733	.707	.688	.672	.504			
2	2	.981	.989	.994	.997	.952	2	2	.733	.708	.688	.672	.504			
4	4	.980	.989	.994	.996	.950	4	4	.733	.708	.688	.673	.505			
6	6	.979	.988	.992	.995	.948	6	6	.734	.709	.689	.673	.506			
8	8	.978	.986	.991	.993	.944	8	8	.735	.710	.690	.674	.507			
10	10	.976	.984	.988	.991	.940	10	10	.736	.711	.692	.676	.509			
20	20	.961	.967	.970	.971	.906	20	20	.747	.722	.703	.688	.525			
30	30	.937	.941	.941	.940	.852	30	30	.764	.741	.723	.708	.551			
40	40	.906	.906	.903	.899	.784	40	40	.788	.767	.751	.738	.591			
50	50	.869	.864	.858	.851	.705	50	50	.820	.802	.787	.776	.646			
60	60	.828	.818	.808	.799	.623	60	60	.859	.844	.833	.824	.720			
70	70	.785	.770	.756	.744	.542	70	70	.904	.895	.887	.881	.817			
80	80	.741	.722	.705	.690	.467	80	80	.957	.953	.951	.949	.941			
90	90	.698	.675	.655	.638	.400	90	90	1.015	1.018	1.022	1.025	1.095			
100	100	.658	.631	.609	.590	.343	100	100	1.077	1.089	1.100	1.109	1.283			
110	110	.621	.592	.567	.547	.295	110	110	1.142	1.164	1.183	1.199	1.503			
120	120	.589	.557	.531	.509	.257	120	120	1.207	1.240	1.268	1.292	1.749			
130	130	.561	.527	.500	.478	.227	130	130	1.270	1.313	1.350	1.383	2.010			
140	140	.538	.503	.475	.452	.204	140	140	1.328	1.381	1.427	1.467	2.268			
150	150	.520	.484	.456	.433	.188	150	150	1.377	1.439	1.492	1.540	2.503			
160	160	.507	.471	.442	.419	.177	160	160	1.414	1.483	1.543	1.596	2.691			
170	170	.500	.463	.434	.411	.170	170	170	1.438	1.511	1.575	1.631	2.813			
180	180	.497	.460	.431	.408	.168	180	180	1.445	1.520	1.586	1.644	2.856			

TABLE OF Ω FOR D + T \rightarrow n + He⁴

Table 34
(See Fig. 34)

θ	E_ν	6	8	10	12
0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10		16.71	17.54	18.22	18.79
20		33.31	34.98	36.36	37.51
30		49.66	52.21	54.31	56.10
40		65.62	69.08	71.96	74.44
50		81.02	85.38	89.11	92.38
60		95.65	100.89	105.48	109.64
70		109.23	115.26	120.69	125.77
80		121.51	128.11	134.18	140.06
90		132.30	139.11	145.43	151.63
100		141.51	148.11	154.18	160.06
110		149.26	155.26	160.69	165.77
120		155.65	160.89	165.49	169.64
130		161.03	165.39	169.11	172.38
140		165.63	169.07	171.96	174.44
150		169.66	172.21	174.31	176.10
160		173.31	174.98	176.36	177.51
170		176.71	177.54	178.22	178.79
180		180.00	180.00	180.00	180.00

Fig. 3la (See Table 31)

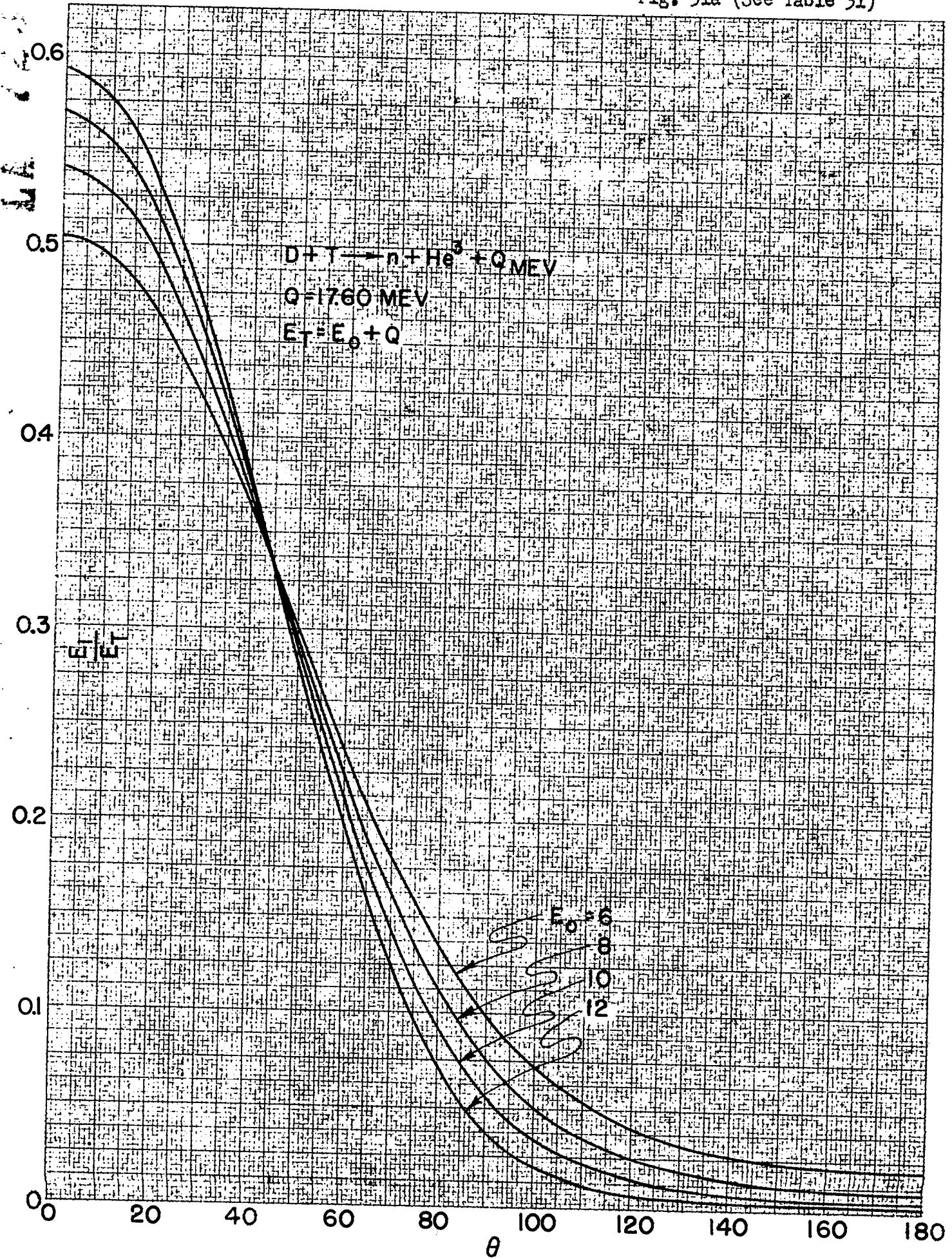


Fig. 31b (See Table 31)

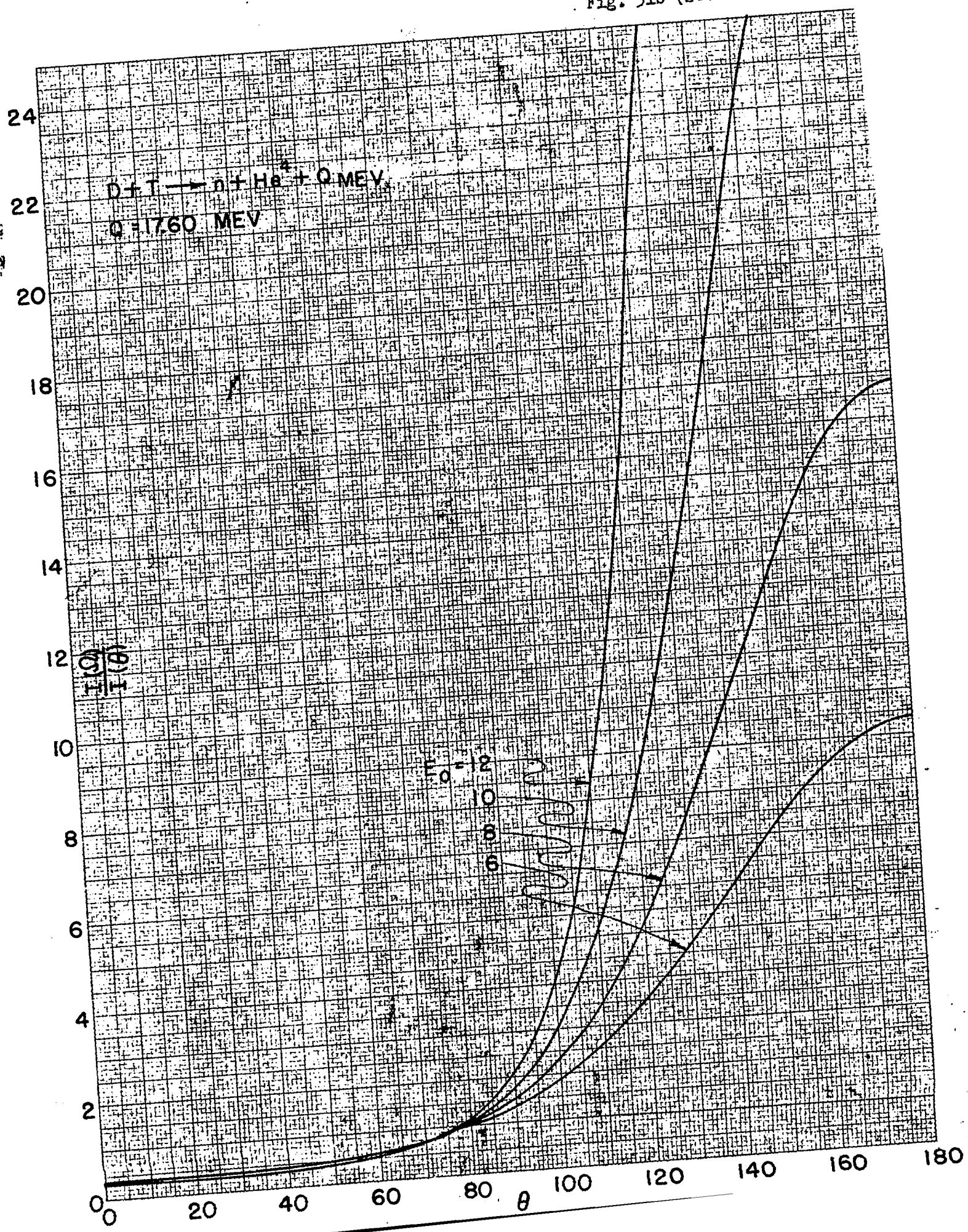


Fig. 32a (See Table 32)

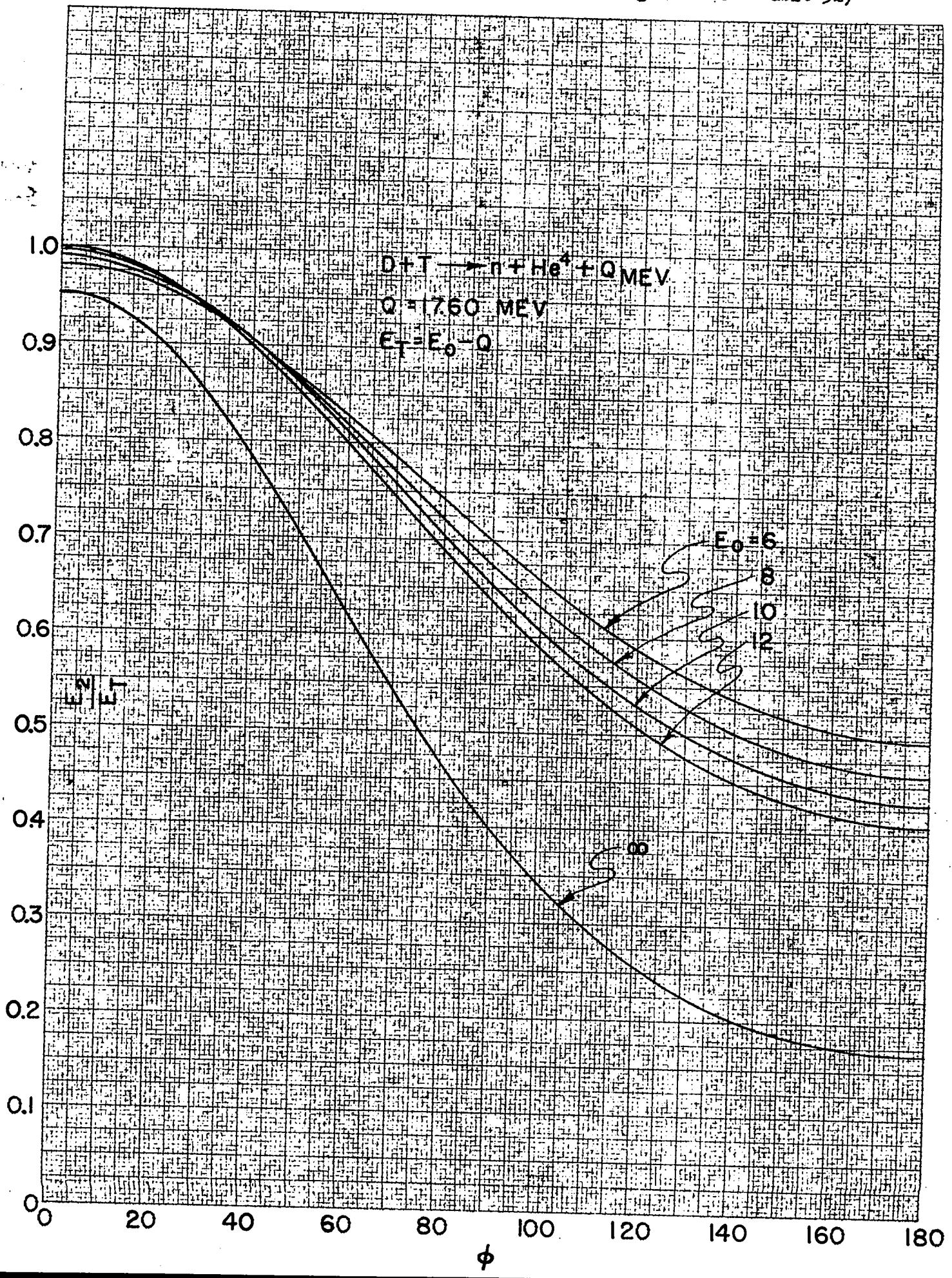


Fig. 32b (See Table 32)

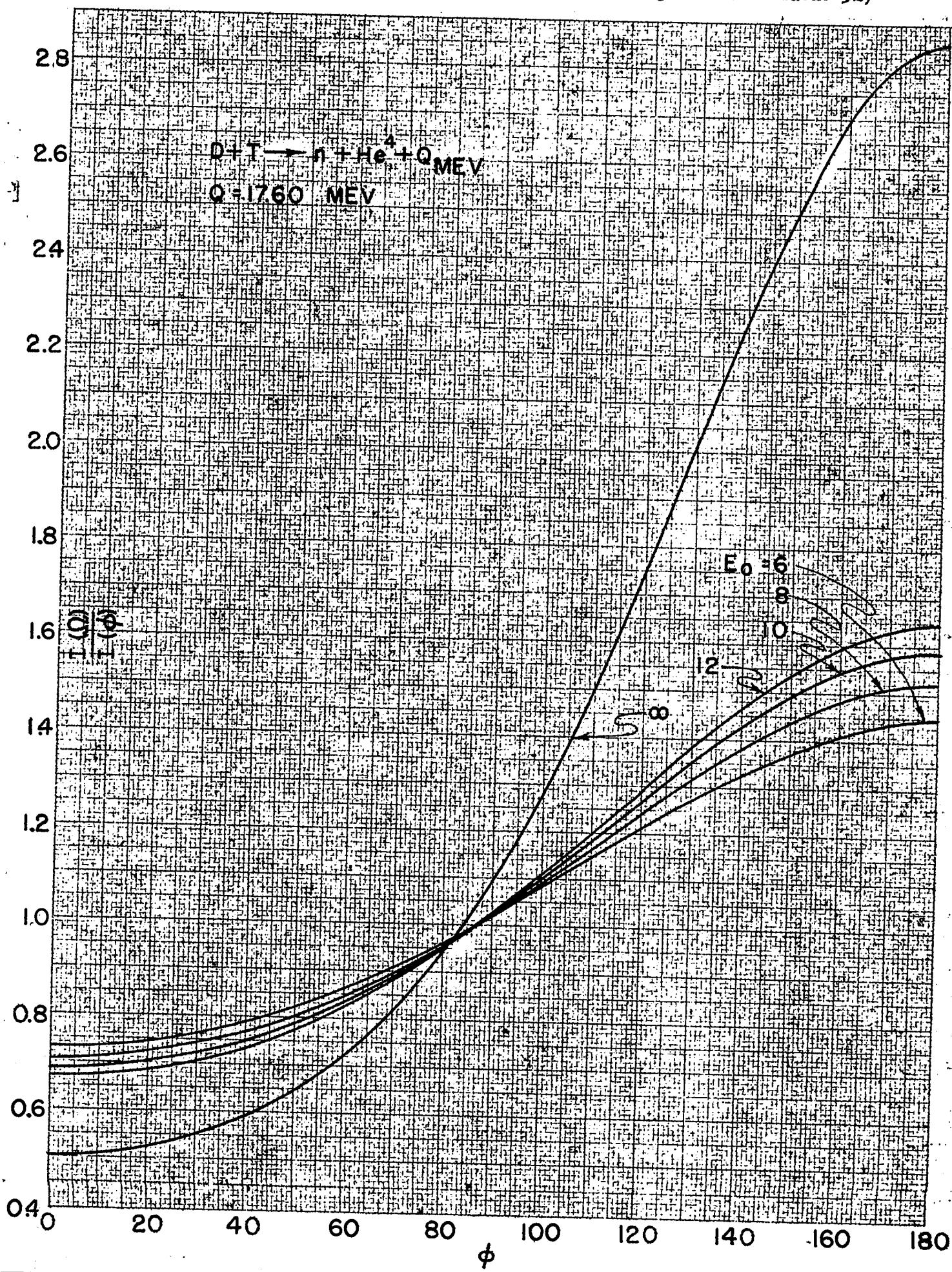


Fig. 33a (See Table 33)

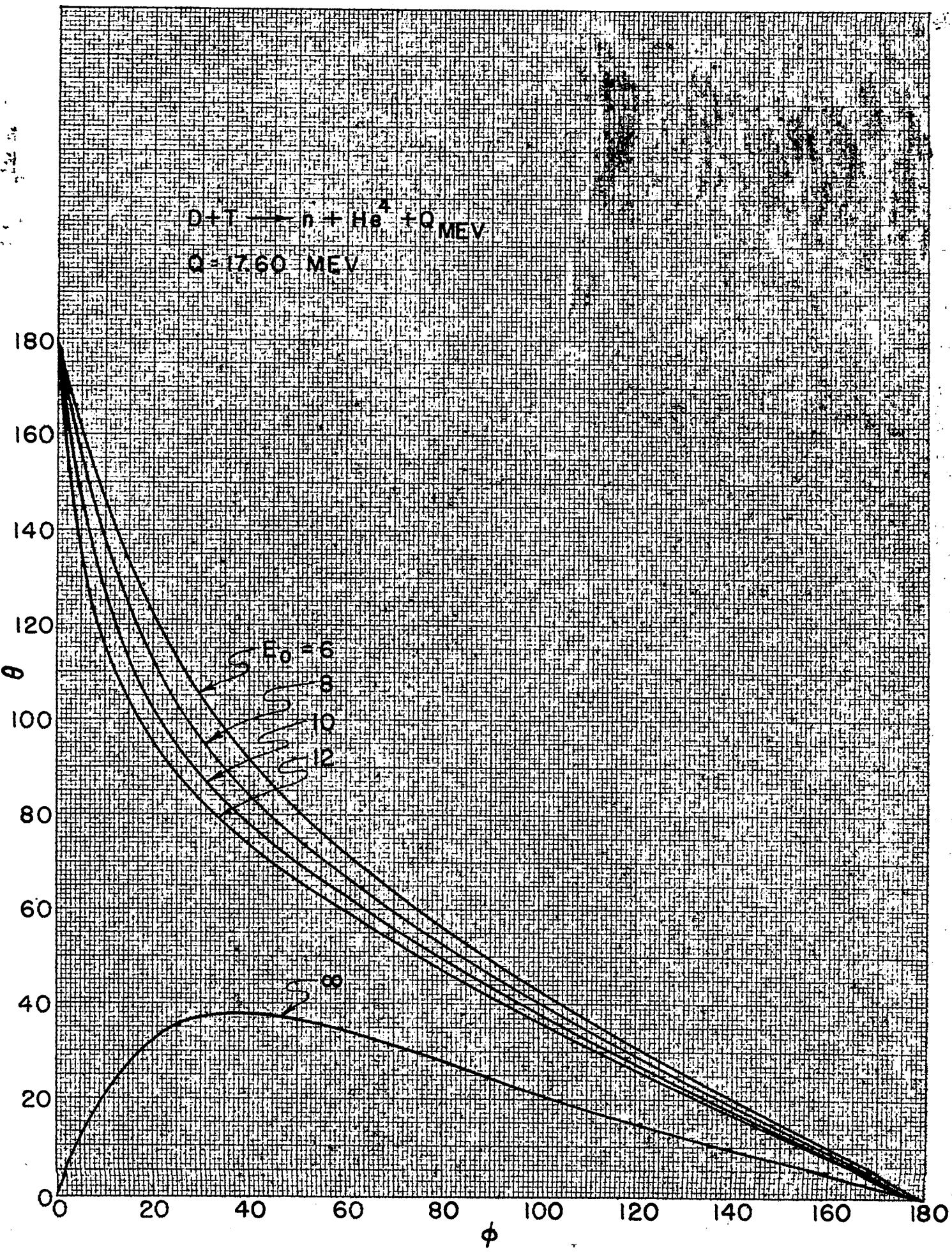


Fig. 33b (See Table 33)

9

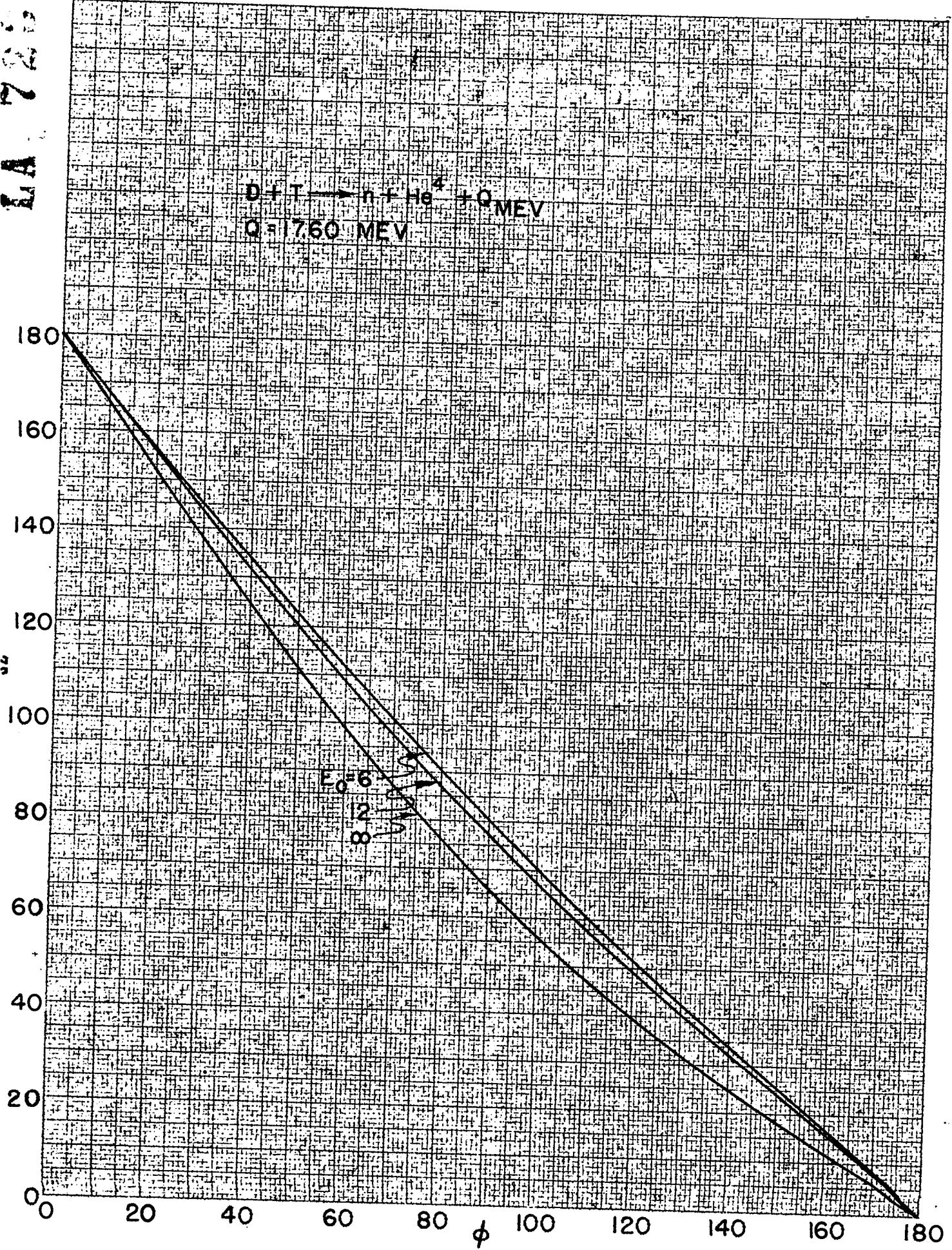


Fig. 34 (See Table 34)

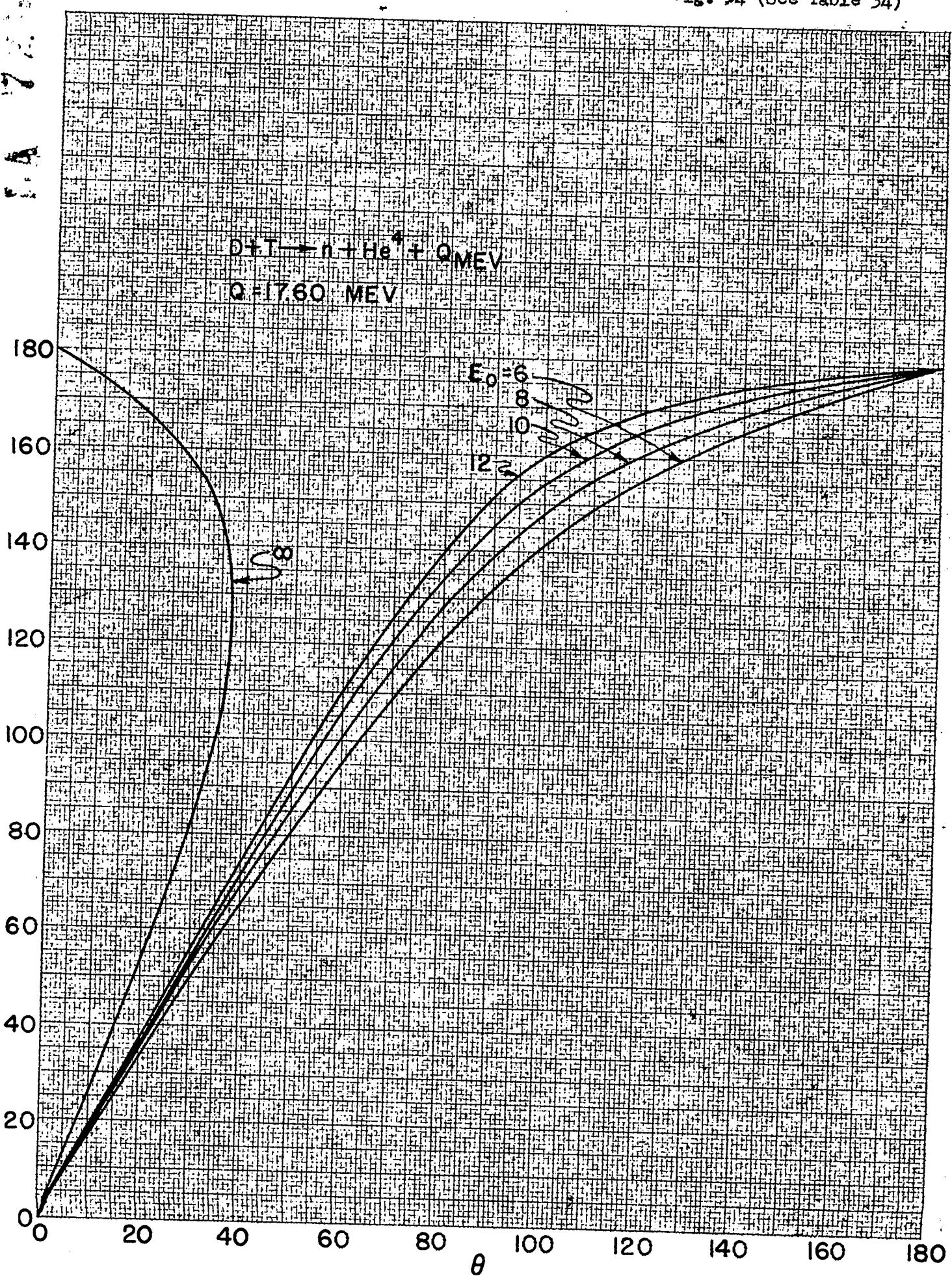


TABLE OF E_1/E_T FOR $p + T \rightarrow n + He^3$

$$E_T = E_0 - 0.76$$

Table 35
(See Fig. 35)

θ	E_0	6		8		10		12		∞
		Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	
0		.785	.002	.775	.001	.770	.001	.767	.000	.750
5		.778	.002	.769	.001	.764	.001	.760	.000	.744
10		.759	.002	.750	.001	.746	.001	.742	.000	.727
15		.727	.002	.720	.001	.716	.001	.713	.000	.700
20		.684	.002	.678	.001	.675	.001	.673	.000	.662
25		.631	.002	.627	.001	.625	.001	.623	.000	.616
30		.569	.002	.568	.001	.567	.001	.566	.001	.563
35		.501	.003	.502	.001	.503	.001	.503	.001	.503
40		.428	.003	.432	.002	.434	.001	.435	.001	.440
45		.353	.004	.360	.002	.364	.001	.366	.001	.375
50		.278	.005	.288	.002	.293	.001	.296	.001	.310
55		.204	.006	.217	.003	.224	.002	.228	.001	.247
60		.132	.010	.150	.005	.159	.003	.165	.002	.188
65		.058	.023	.088	.008	.010	.004	.107	.003	.134
70						.044	.010	.055	.005	.088
75										.050
80										.023
85										.006
90										0.000
θ max.		65.74		69.15		71.44		73.10		
E_1/E_T for θ max.		.036		.026		.021		.017		

TABLE OF $I(\Omega)/I(\theta)$ FOR $p + T \rightarrow n + He^3$

Table 36
(See Figs. 36a & 36b)

$$E_T = E_0 - 0.76$$

θ	E_0	6		8		10		12		∞
		Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	
0	.227	106.5		.233	203.7	.237	332.1	.239	491.6	.250
5	.228	105.1		.234	201.2	.238	328.0	.240	485.7	.251
10	.231	101.1		.237	193.7	.240	316.1	.243	468.3	.254
15	.235	94.5		.242	181.7	.245	296.9	.248	440.6	.259
20	.242	86.2		.248	165.8	.252	270.0	.254	403.0	.266
25	.251	76.0		.257	146.7	.261	240.1	.264	357.4	.276
30	.262	64.6		.269	126.3	.273	206.6	.276	306.4	.289
35	.277	52.9		.284	104.3	.289	172.9	.292	257.4	.305
40	.295	41.2		.304	82.6	.309	138.2	.312	205.7	.326
45	.319	30.3		.329	61.9	.334	104.7	.338	158.3	.354
50	.349	20.5		.360	43.4	.367	74.6	.371	113.2	.389
55	.385	12.1		.401	27.5	.410	48.6	.415	75.8	.436
60	.422	5.61		.453	14.8	.466	27.9	.473	44.8	.500
65	.331	.858		.503	5.62	.537	12.6	.552	21.9	.592
70						.544	2.52	.632	6.60	.731
75										.966
80										1.439
85										2.867
90										
θ max.		65.74		69.15		71.44		73.10		
$I(\Omega)/I(\theta)$ for θ max.		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		

TABLE OF E_2/E_T AND $I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$ FOR $P + T \rightarrow N + He^3$

Table 37
(See Figs. 37a & 37b)

$E_T = E_0 - 0.76$						$I(\Omega)/I(\phi)$							
\bar{E}_2/\bar{E}_T													
ϕ	\bar{E}_0	6	8	10	12	∞	ϕ	\bar{E}_0	6	8	10	12	∞
0	.998	.999	.999	1.000	1.000	0	0	.536	.543	.547	.550	.562	
10	.987	.988	.989	.989	.990	10	10	.541	.548	.552	.555	.567	
20	.955	.957	.958	.958	.960	20	20	.556	.563	.567	.570	.582	
30	.904	.907	.909	.910	.914	30	30	.582	.589	.593	.595	.607	
40	.839	.844	.846	.847	.854	40	40	.620	.626	.630	.632	.643	
50	.764	.770	.773	.776	.785	50	50	.672	.678	.681	.683	.693	
60	.685	.692	.696	.699	.711	60	60	.741	.746	.748	.750	.758	
70	.606	.615	.619	.623	.636	70	70	.829	.832	.834	.835	.839	
80	.531	.541	.546	.550	.565	80	80	.940	.940	.940	.940	.940	
90	.464	.474	.479	.483	.500	90	90	1.074	1.070	1.068	1.067	1.061	
100	.405	.415	.421	.425	.442	100	100	1.234	1.225	1.220	1.216	1.201	
110	.355	.365	.371	.375	.393	110	110	1.417	1.401	1.392	1.386	1.360	
120	.314	.324	.330	.334	.352	120	120	1.618	1.593	1.579	1.570	1.531	
130	.281	.291	.297	.301	.319	130	130	1.827	1.792	1.773	1.761	1.707	
140	.256	.266	.272	.275	.293	140	140	2.030	1.986	1.961	1.946	1.877	
150	.238	.247	.253	.256	.274	150	150	2.213	2.159	2.130	2.111	2.028	
160	.225	.235	.240	.244	.260	160	160	2.359	2.297	2.263	2.242	2.147	
170	.218	.227	.232	.236	.253	170	170	2.453	2.386	2.349	2.326	2.224	
180	.215	.225	.230	.233	.250	180	180	2.485	2.416	2.379	2.355	2.250	

TABLE OF Θ AND Ω AS A FUNCTION OF ϕ FOR $p + T \rightarrow n + He^3$

Θ

Ω

Table 38
(See Figs. 38a & 38b)

$\phi \backslash E_0$	6	8	10	12	∞	$\phi \backslash E_0$	6	8	10	12	∞
ϕ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	90.00	ϕ	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	90.00	0	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
2	55.73	33.80	39.56	45.40	82.51	10	166.36	166.45	166.50	166.53	166.62
4	43.20	51.52	57.81	62.43	87.36	20	152.82	152.99	153.09	153.16	153.45
6	53.12	60.24	65.05	69.39	86.00	30	139.47	139.73	139.87	139.97	140.40
8	58.62	64.83	68.52	71.84	84.67	40	126.40	126.75	126.94	127.06	127.63
10	61.91	67.32	70.69	72.84	83.34	50	113.74	114.14	114.38	114.52	115.20
20	65.58	68.43	70.16	71.32	76.65	60	101.54	102.00	102.28	102.44	103.22
30	62.60	64.58	65.77	66.54	70.19	70	90.00	90.42	90.70	90.89	91.74
40	57.98	59.51	60.41	61.01	63.81	80	78.89	79.44	79.74	79.94	80.84
50	52.82	54.08	54.81	55.30	57.01	90	68.55	69.10	69.41	69.61	70.53
60	47.53	48.61	49.24	49.65	51.61	100	58.89	59.44	59.74	59.94	60.94
70	42.31	43.26	43.80	44.16	45.87	110	50.00	50.42	50.70	50.89	51.74
80	37.27	38.11	38.59	38.91	40.42	120	41.54	42.01	42.27	42.44	43.22
90	32.47	33.22	33.65	33.93	35.26	130	33.74	34.14	34.37	34.52	35.21
100	27.95	28.61	28.99	29.24	30.42	140	26.41	26.74	26.94	27.06	27.63
110	23.72	24.30	24.63	24.84	25.87	150	19.47	19.73	19.87	19.97	20.41
120	19.77	20.26	20.54	20.73	21.61	160	12.82	12.99	13.09	13.16	13.45
130	16.06	16.48	16.71	16.87	17.61	170	6.36	6.45	6.50	6.53	6.68
140	12.58	12.91	13.10	13.23	13.81	180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
150	9.28	9.53	9.67	9.76	10.20						
160	6.11	6.28	6.37	6.43	6.73						
170	3.09	3.12	3.16	3.19	3.34						
180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						

TABLE OF Ω AS A FUNCTION OF θ FOR $p + T \rightarrow n + He^3$

Table 39
(See Fig. 39)

θ	E_0	6		8		10		12		∞
		Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	Fast	Slow	
	0	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00	180.00	0.00
	5	10.49	179.51	10.35	179.65	10.28	179.72	10.23	179.77	10.00
	10	20.98	179.02	20.71	179.29	20.56	179.44	20.46	179.54	20.00
	15	31.49	178.51	31.08	178.92	30.84	179.16	30.69	179.31	30.00
	20	42.04	177.97	41.47	178.53	41.15	178.85	40.94	179.06	40.00
	25	52.62	177.38	51.89	178.11	51.48	178.52	51.21	178.79	50.00
	30	63.26	176.74	62.35	177.65	61.83	178.17	61.50	178.50	60.00
	35	73.99	176.01	72.86	177.14	72.23	177.77	71.83	178.17	70.00
	40	84.84	175.16	83.46	176.54	82.69	177.31	82.20	177.80	80.00
	45	95.85	174.14	94.16	175.83	93.24	176.76	92.64	177.35	90.00
	50	107.17	172.83	105.05	174.94	103.91	176.09	103.19	176.81	100.00
	55	118.96	171.04	116.23	173.77	114.78	175.22	113.88	176.12	110.00
	60	131.79	168.21	127.93	172.07	126.00	174.00	124.84	175.16	120.00
	65	148.78	161.22	140.88	169.12	137.95	172.05	136.30	173.70	130.00
	70					152.42	167.59	149.14	170.86	140.00
	75									150.00
	80									160.00
	85									170.00
	90									180.00
θ max.		65.74		69.15		71.44		73.10		
Ω for θ max.		155.74		159.15		161.44		163.10		

Fig. 35 (See Table 35)

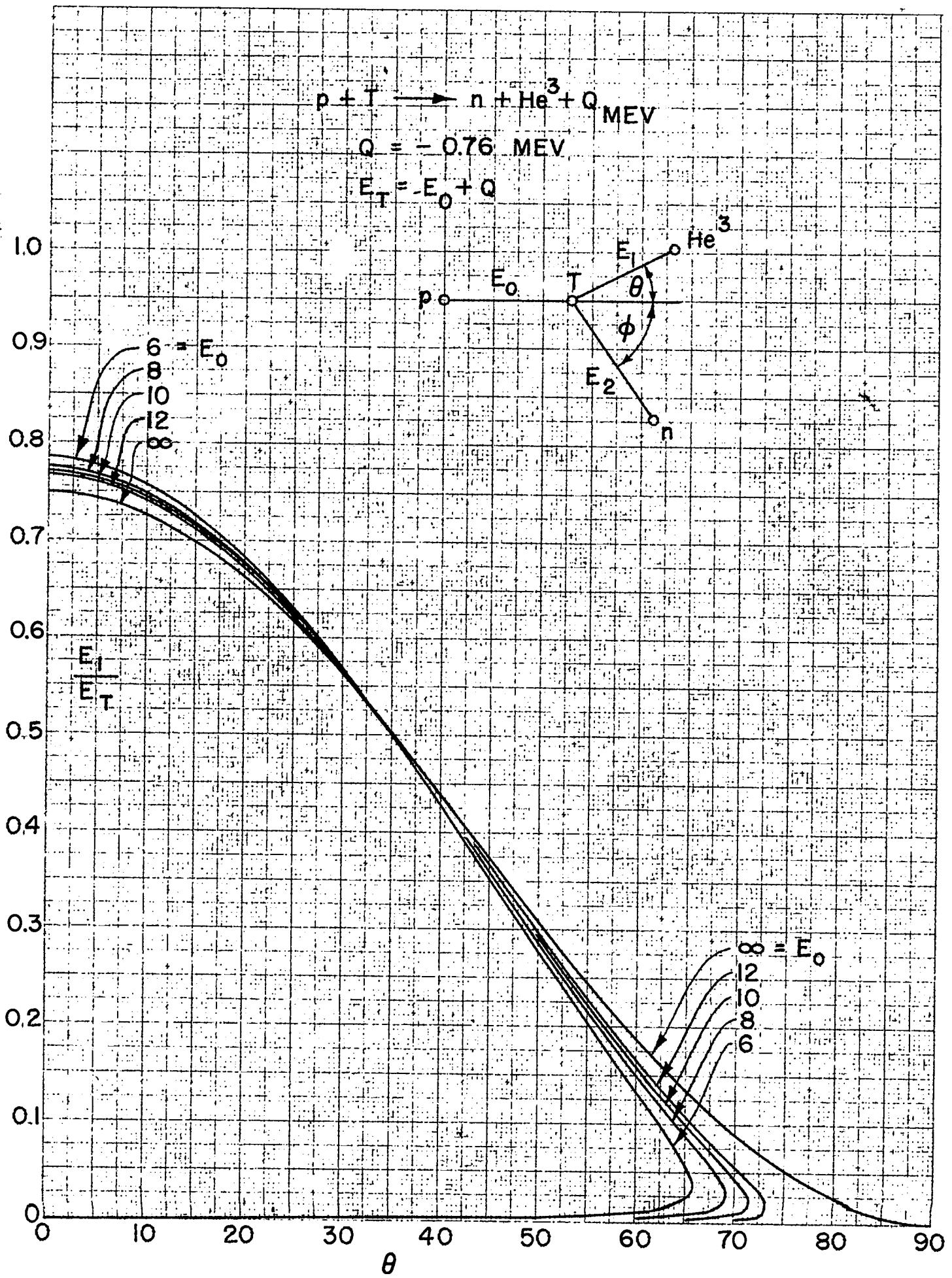


Fig. 36a (See Table 36)

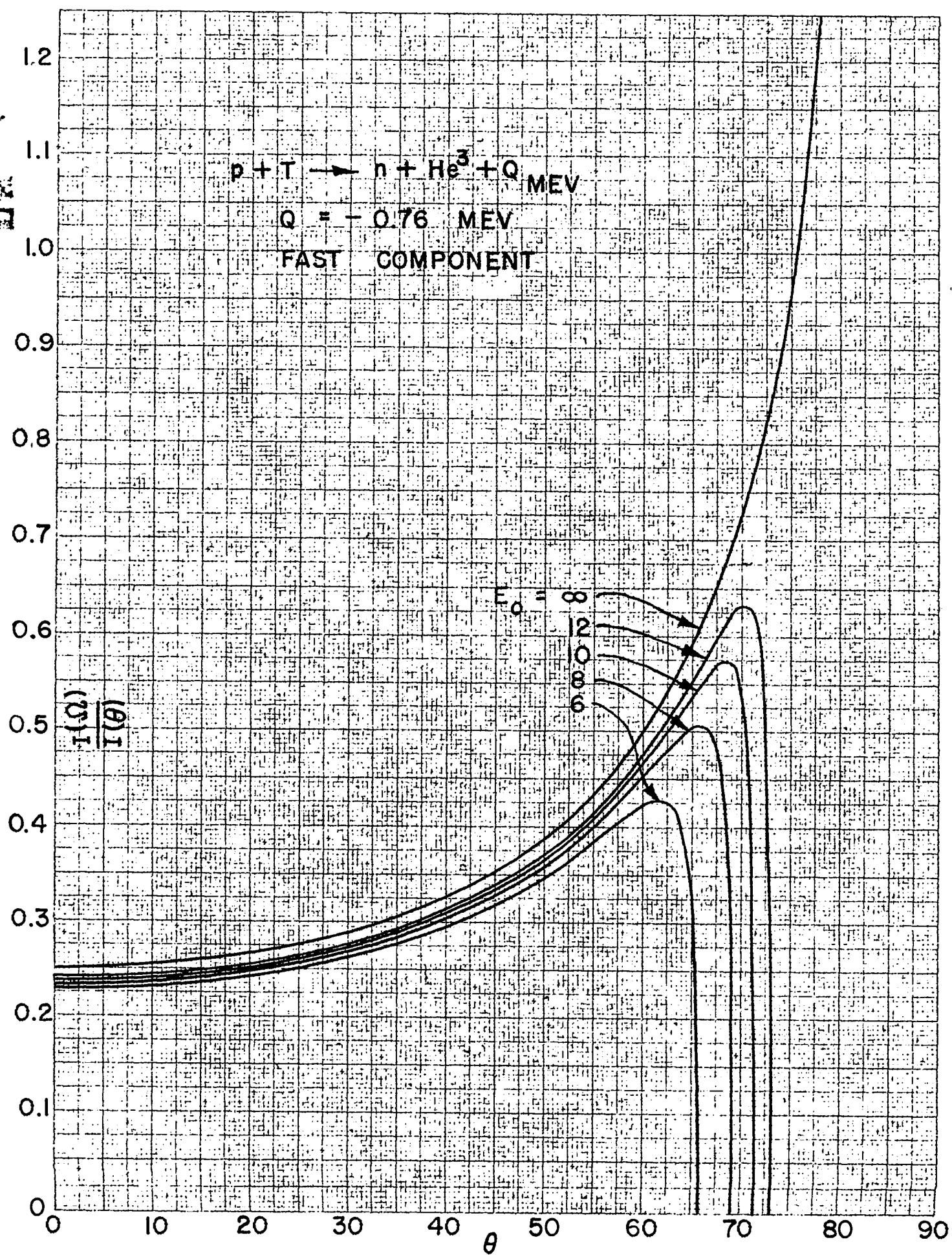


Fig. 36b (See Table 36)

103

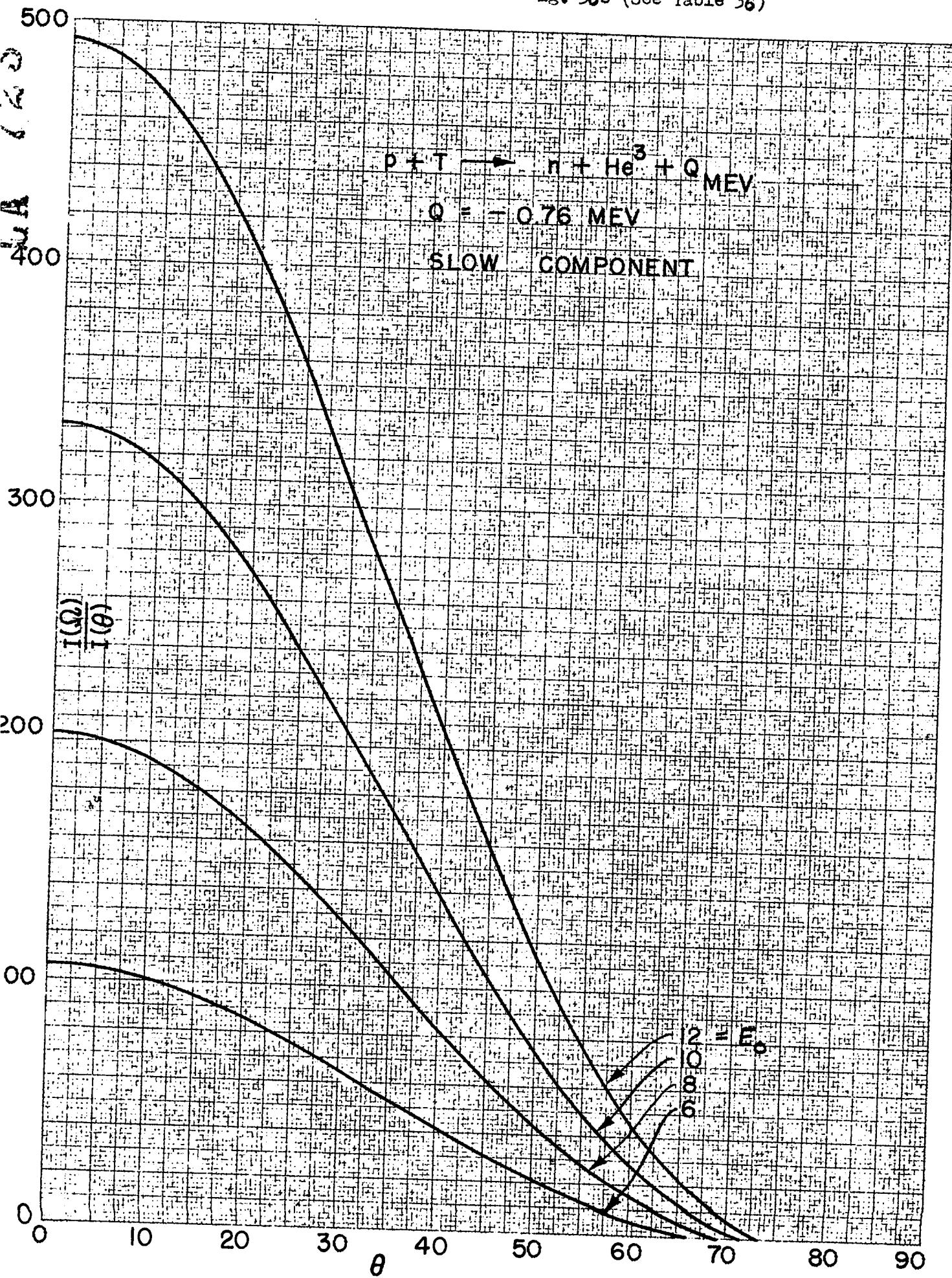


Fig. 37a (See Table 37)

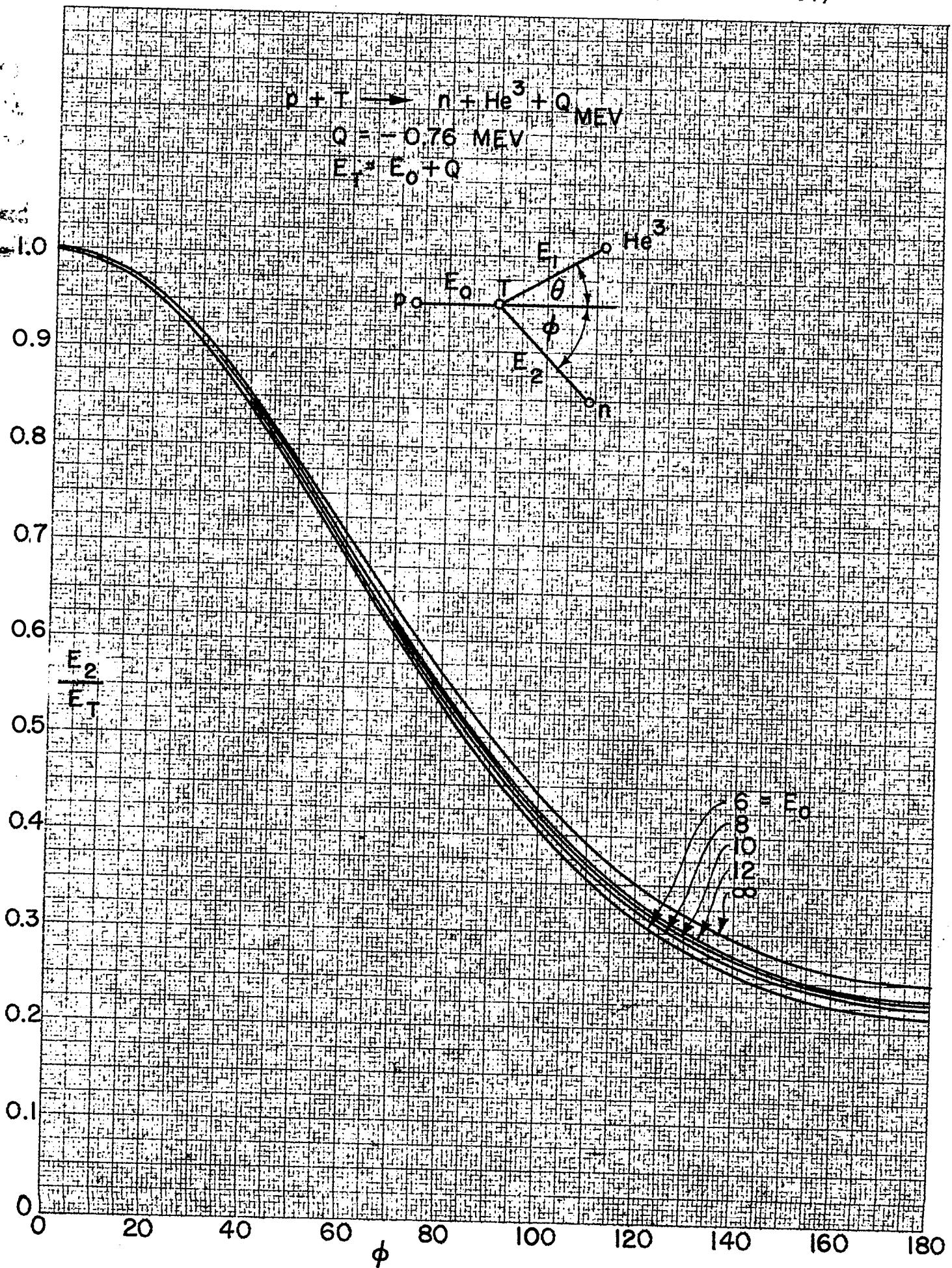


Fig. 37b (See Table 37)

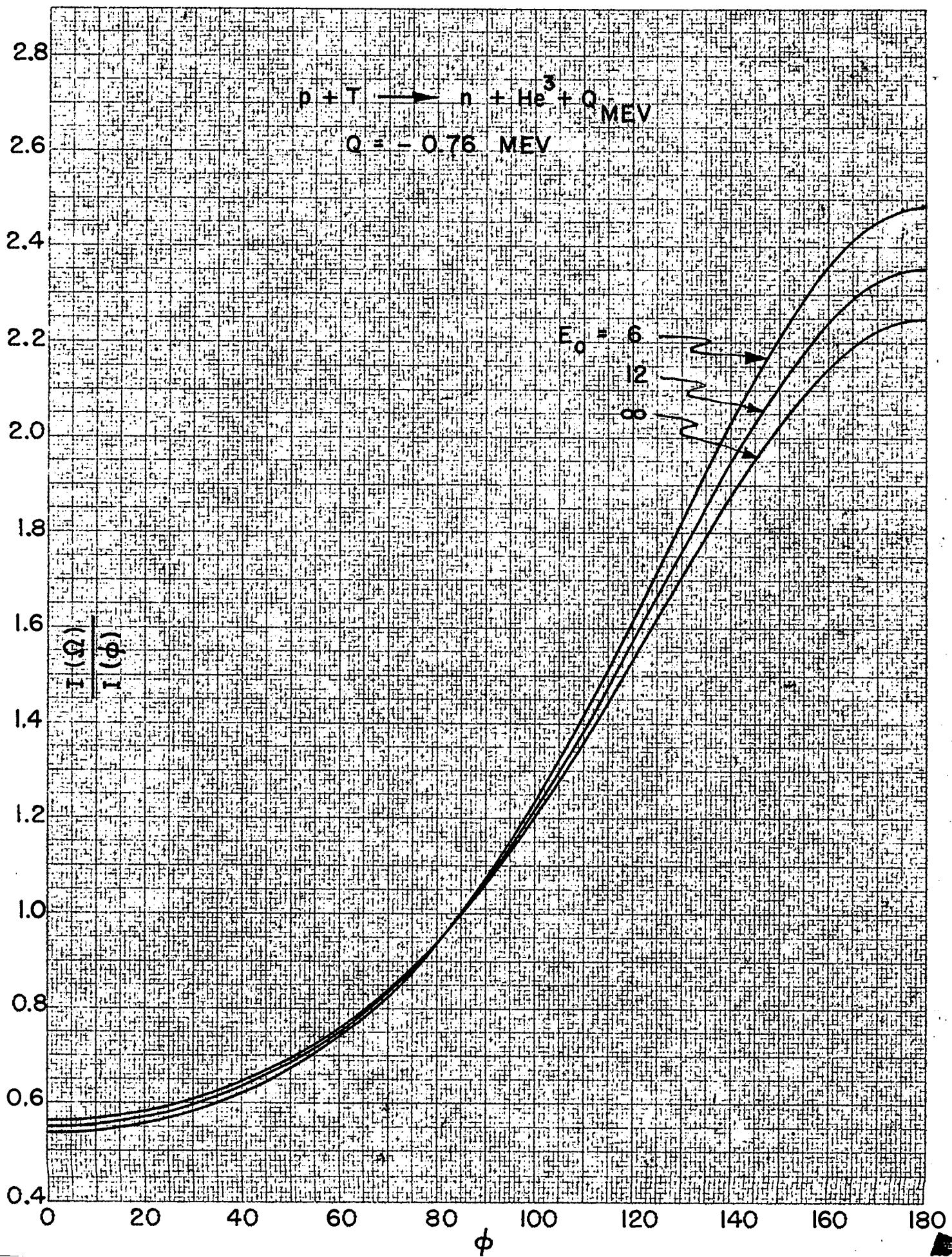


Fig. 38a (See Table 38)

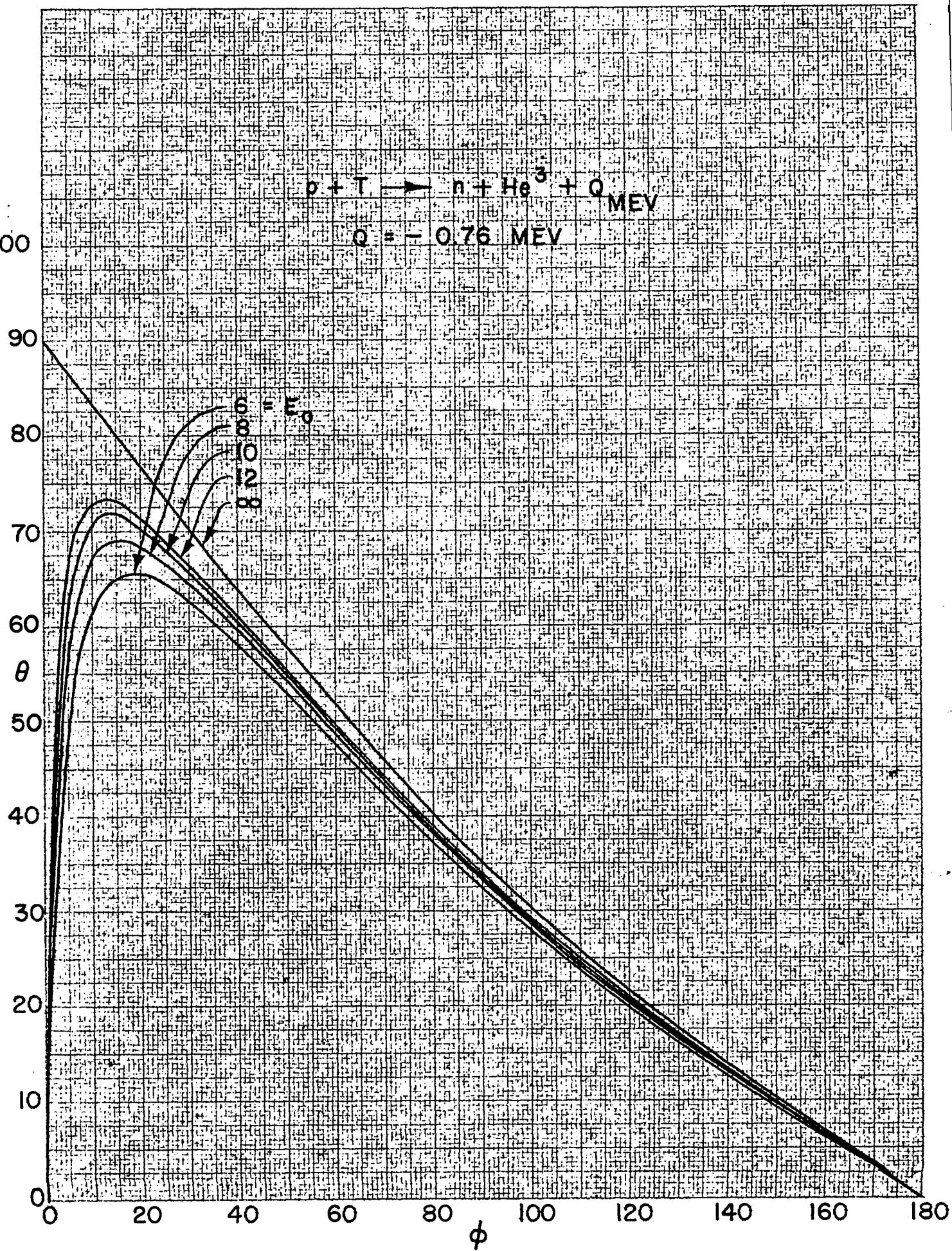


Fig. 38b (See Table 38)

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$$Q^2 = 0.76 \text{ MEV}$$

180

160

140

120

Ω

100

80

60

40

20

0

$$E_0 = \infty$$

$$12$$

$$6$$

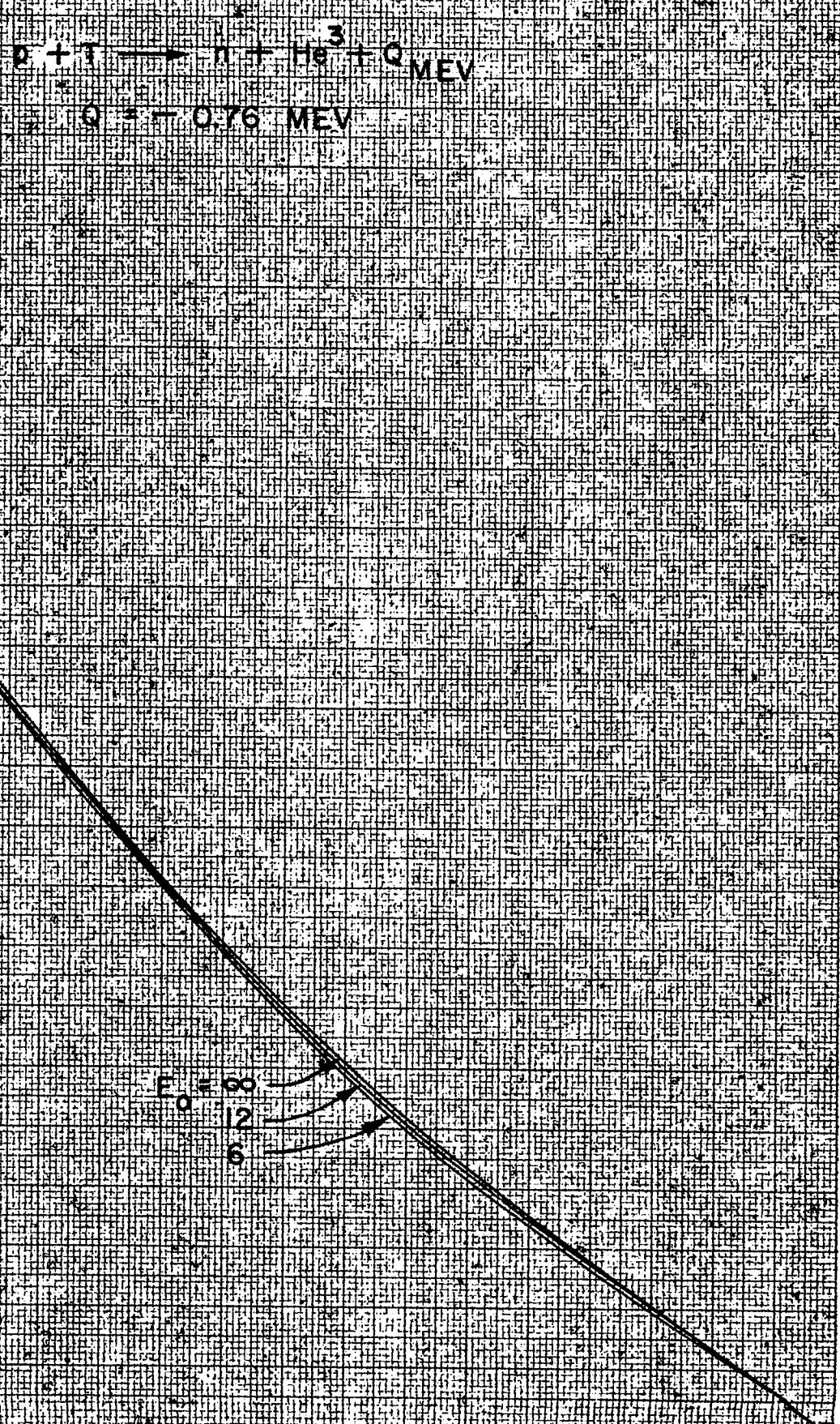
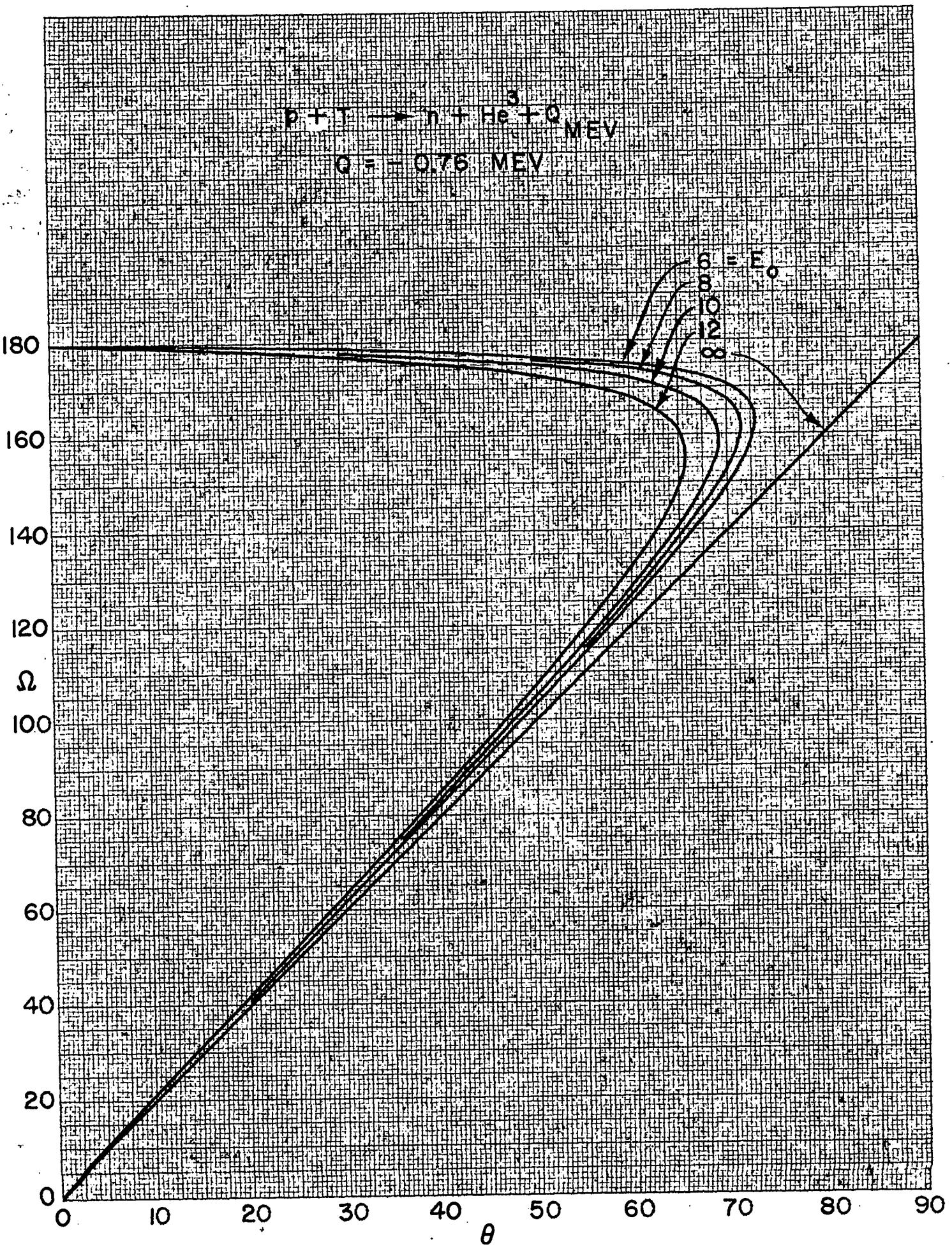
 ϕ 

Fig. 39 (See Table 39)



RUTHERFORD SCATTERING, RELATIVE PARTIAL CROSS-SECTIONS

Table 40
(See Figs. 40a & 40b)

$\frac{M_1}{M_2}$ θ -Interval	2/00	2/27	2/4	2/3	2/2	2/1
0.5 - 1.0	1.970×10^4					
1.0 - 2.0	4.924×10^3					
2.0 - 3.0	9.119×10^2					
3.0 - 4.0	3.192×10^2					
4.0 - 5.0	1.477×10^2					
5 - 10	197.0	197.0	197.0	197.0	197.0	197.0
10 - 15	36.48	36.48	36.48	36.48	36.47	36.58
15 - 20	12.77	12.77	12.76	12.76	12.76	12.96
20 - 25	5.908	5.908	5.904	5.902	5.899	6.296
25 - 30	3.209	3.209	3.205	3.202	3.198	5.423
30 - 35	1.935	1.934	1.929	1.926	1.921	
35 - 40	1.255	1.255	1.249	1.245	1.239	
40 - 45	.8601	.8599	.8530	.8482	.8405	
45 - 50	.6148	.6146	.6070	.6014	.5918	
50 - 55	.4544	.4542	.4458	.4395	.4276	
55 - 60	.3451	.3449	.3358	.3287	.3139	
60 - 65	.2680	.2678	.2582	.2503	.2318	
65 - 70	.2122	.2119	.2017	.1930	.1699	
70 - 75	.1706	.1704	.1597	.1504	.1214	
75 - 80	.1391	.1388	.1278	.1179	.0814	
80 - 85	.1147	.1144	.1031	.0928	.0469	
85 - 90	.0955	.0952	.0838	.0733	.0153	
90 - 100	.1480	.1475	.1248	.1040		
100 - 110	.1069	.1064	.0843	.0655		
110 - 120	.0785	.0780	.0585	.0416		
120 - 130	.0579	.0576	.0402	.0267		
130 - 140	.0425	.0422	.0277	.0172		
140 - 150	.0303	.0301	.0187	.0111		
150 - 160	.0204	.0202	.0120	.0069		
160 - 170	.0117	.0116	.0067	.0038		
170 - 180	.0038	.0038	.0022	.0011		

To obtain actual partial cross-sections, multiply entries in table by

$$0.03256 \left[\frac{Z_1}{E_0} \right]^2 \text{ barns}$$

RUTHERFORD SCATTERING, RELATIVE PARTIAL 'RON-SECTIONS

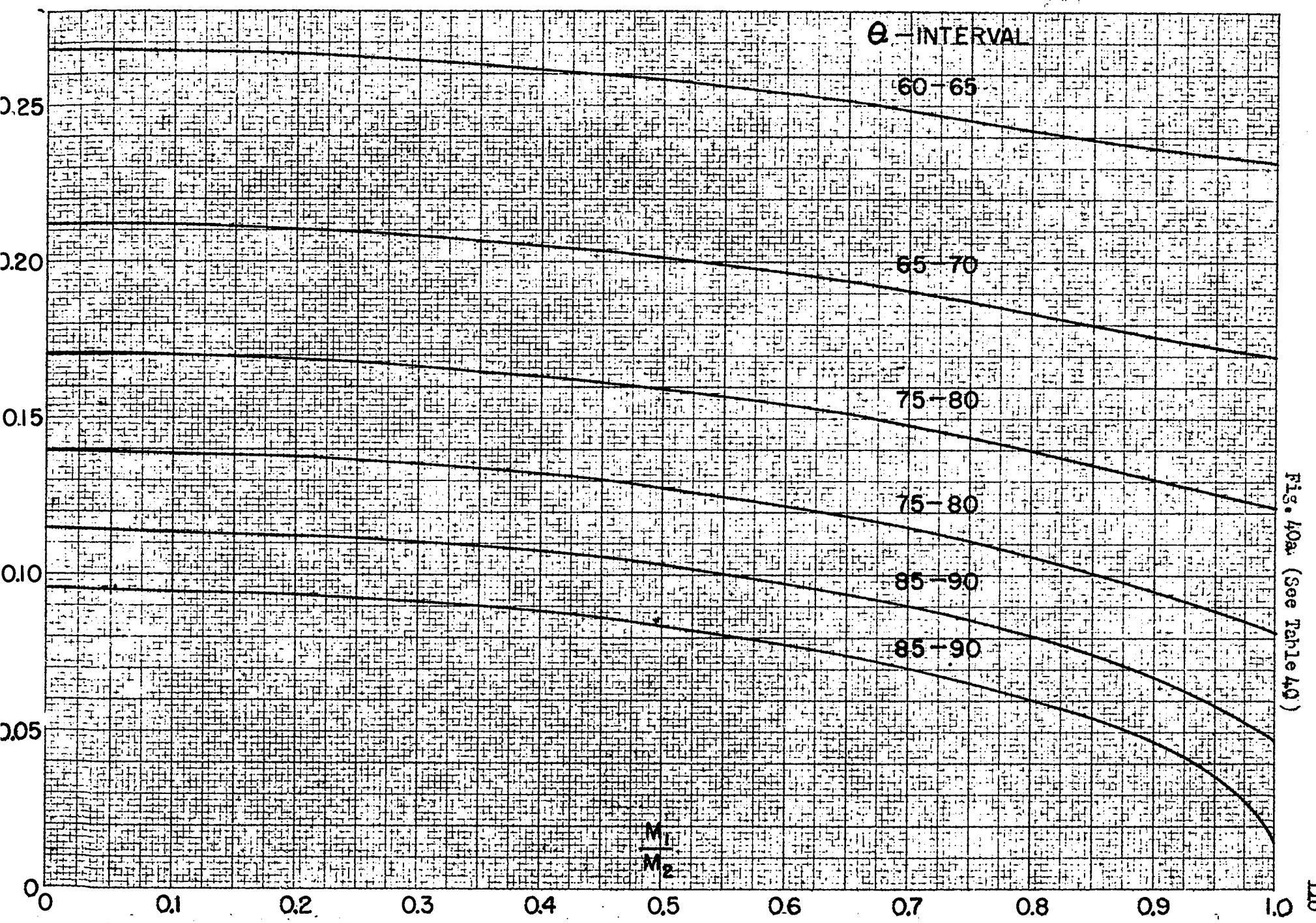


Fig. 40a. (See Table 40)

RUTHERFORD SCATTERING, RELATIVE PARTIAL CROSS-SECTIONS

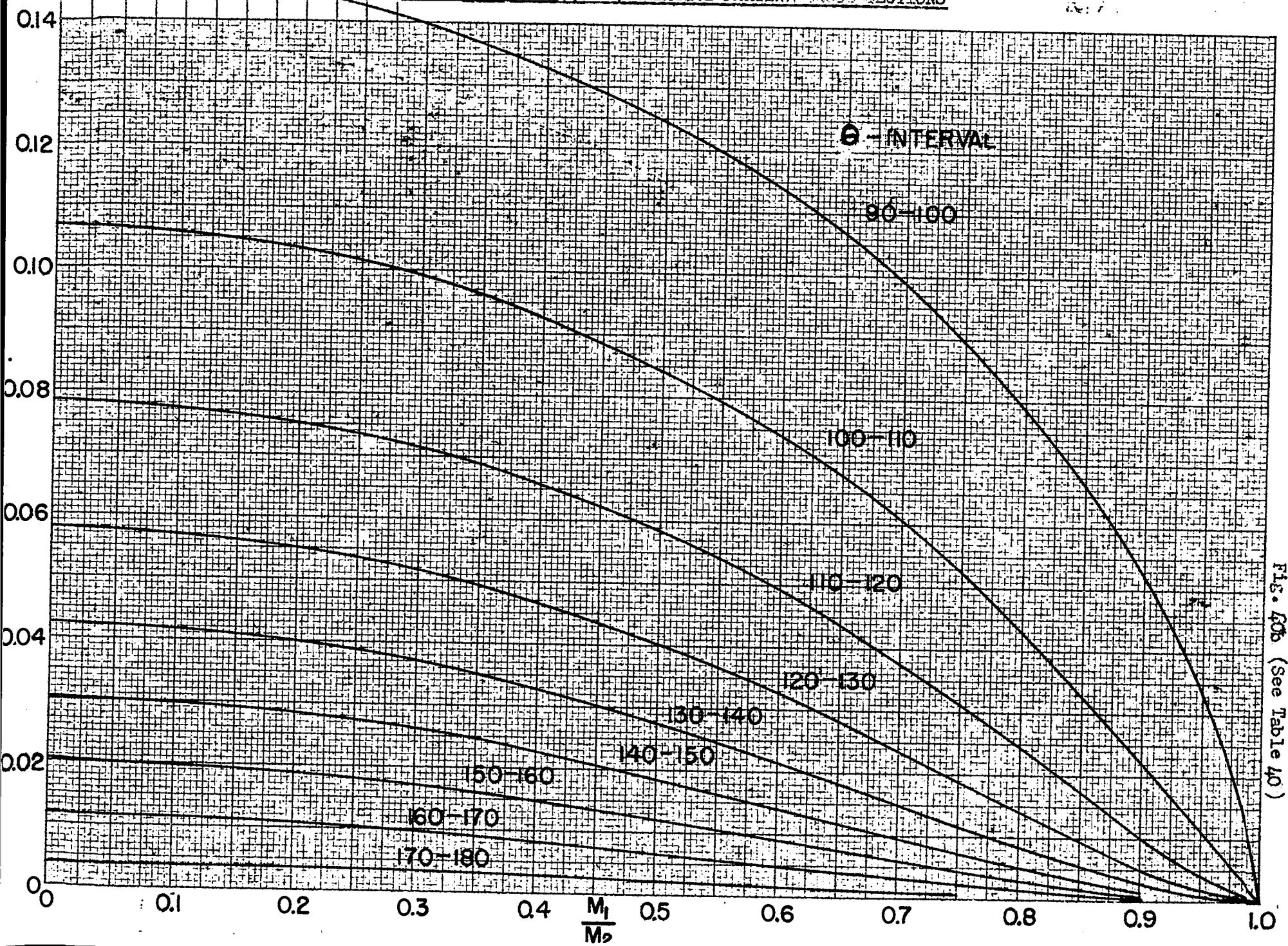


FIG. 40 (See Table 40)

Table 41
(See Fig. 4la & 4lb)

We are indebted to Dr. C. F. Powell and his colleagues of the H. H. Wills Physical laboratory, University of Bristol for the following data:

RANGE-ENERGY RELATION FOR PROTONS AND α -PARTICLES IN THE

NUCLEAR RESEARCH EMULSIONS. TYPE B. 1.

C. M. G. Lattes, P. H. Fowler and P. Cuor
Bristol, January 1947.

Energy (MEV)	Range of protons (microns)	Range of α -particles (microns)
0.5	5.5	2.1
1.0	14.5	3.52
1.5	26.0	4.96
2.0	40.0	6.54
2.5	56.5	8.34
3.0	75.0	10.38
3.5	97.0	12.60
4.0	120.5	15.0
4.5	146.0	17.65
5.0	173.0	20.5
5.5	202.0	23.6
6.0	234.0	26.7
6.5	269.0	30.0
7.0	306.0	33.6
7.5	345.0	37.5
8.0	385.0	41.4
8.5	426.0	45.3
9.0	469.0	49.5
9.5	515.0	53.7
10.0	564.0	58.0
10.5	614.0	62.6
11.0	666.0	67.7
11.5	720.0	72.7
12.0	776.0	77.8
12.5	834.0	83.4
13.0	895.0	89.0*
15.0	1135.0*	113.5*

Precision in the range from 2 to 13 MEV, $\pm 2\%$. Extrapolated $\pm 8\%$

These figures apply also to B.2, C.1 and C.2 types. For B.1 the range for a given energy is about 3% less than the value stated.

* Extrapolated values.

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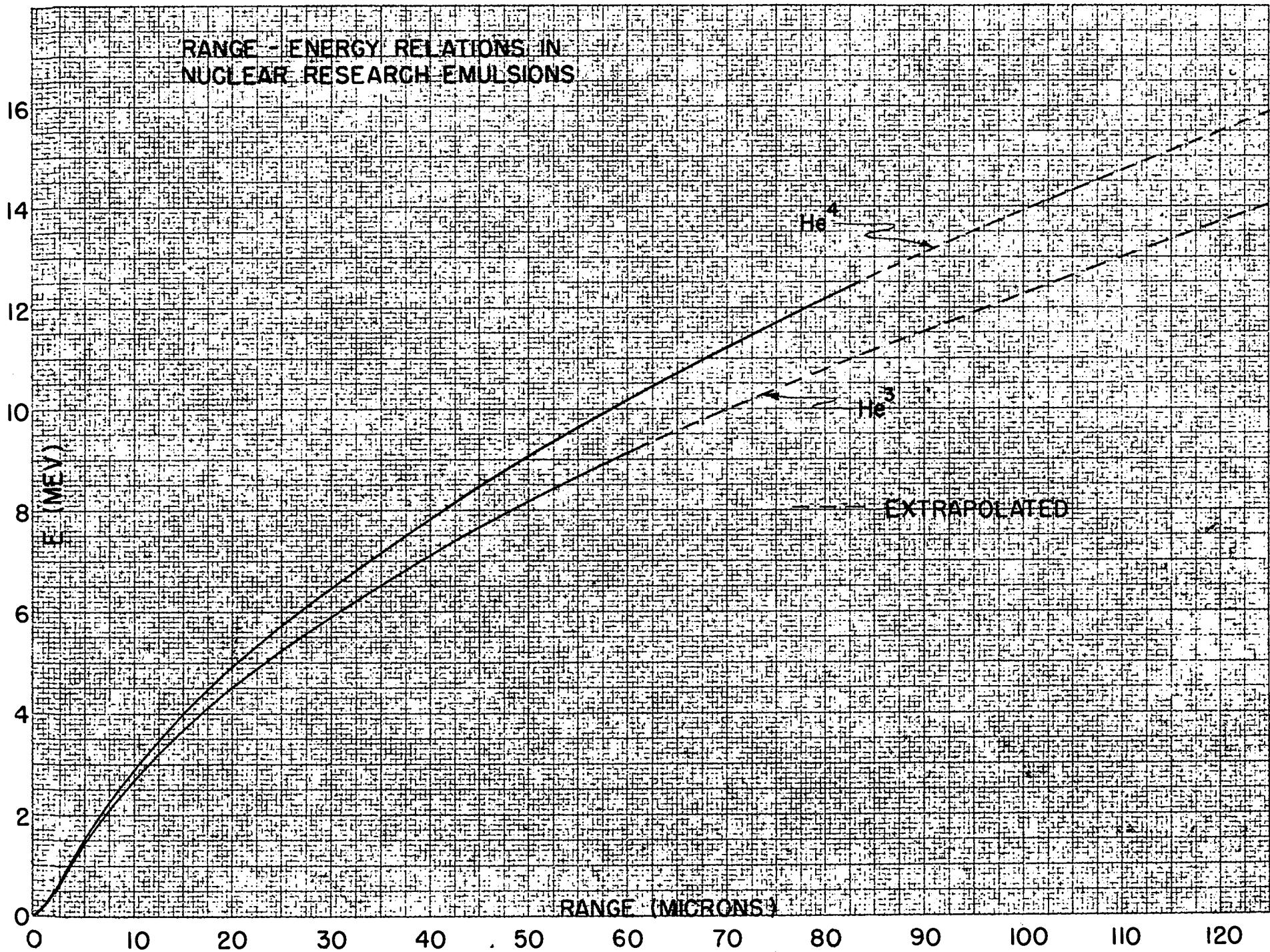


FIG. 4a (See Table 41)

A

RANGE - ENERGY RELATIONS IN
NUCLEAR RESEARCH EMULSIONS

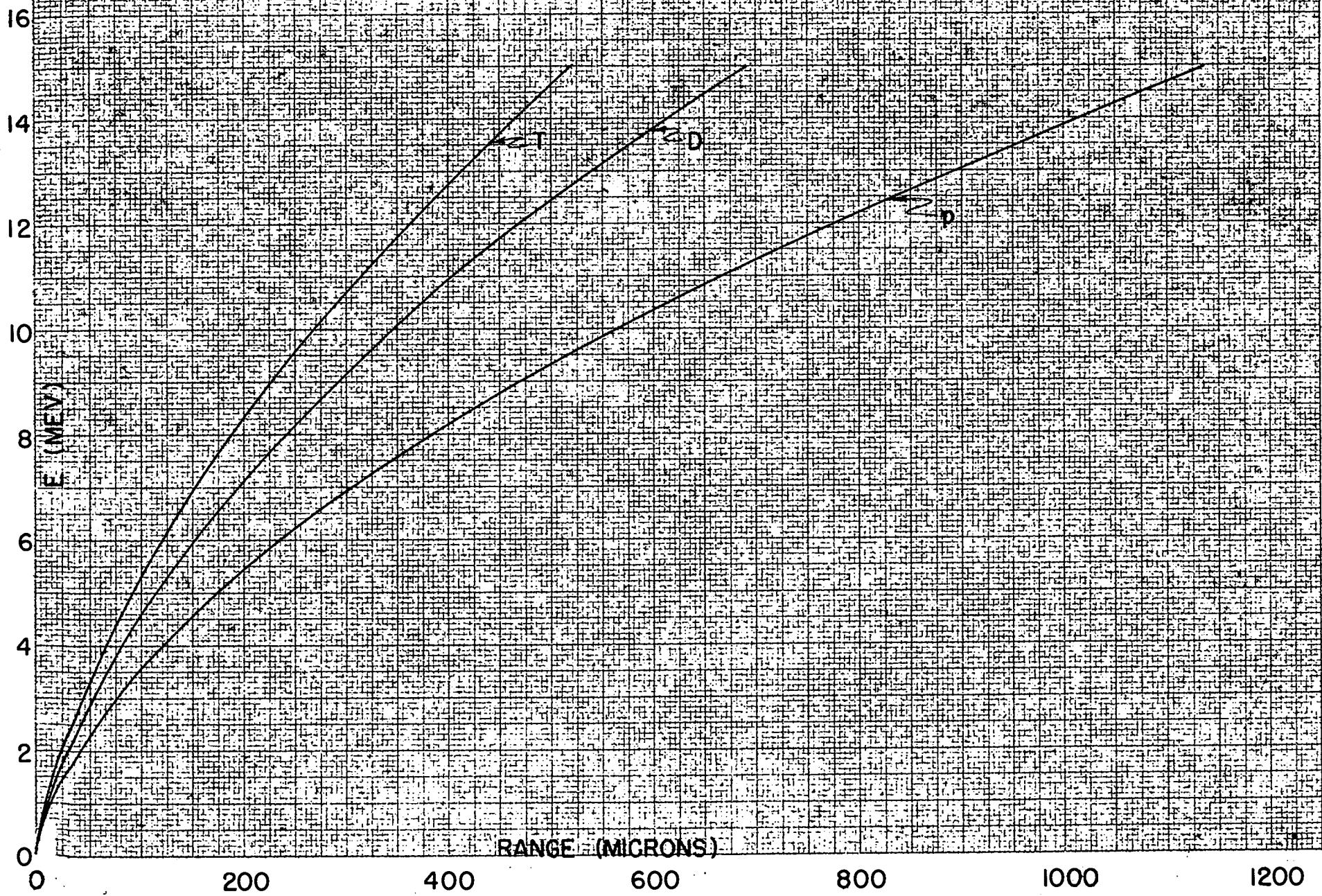
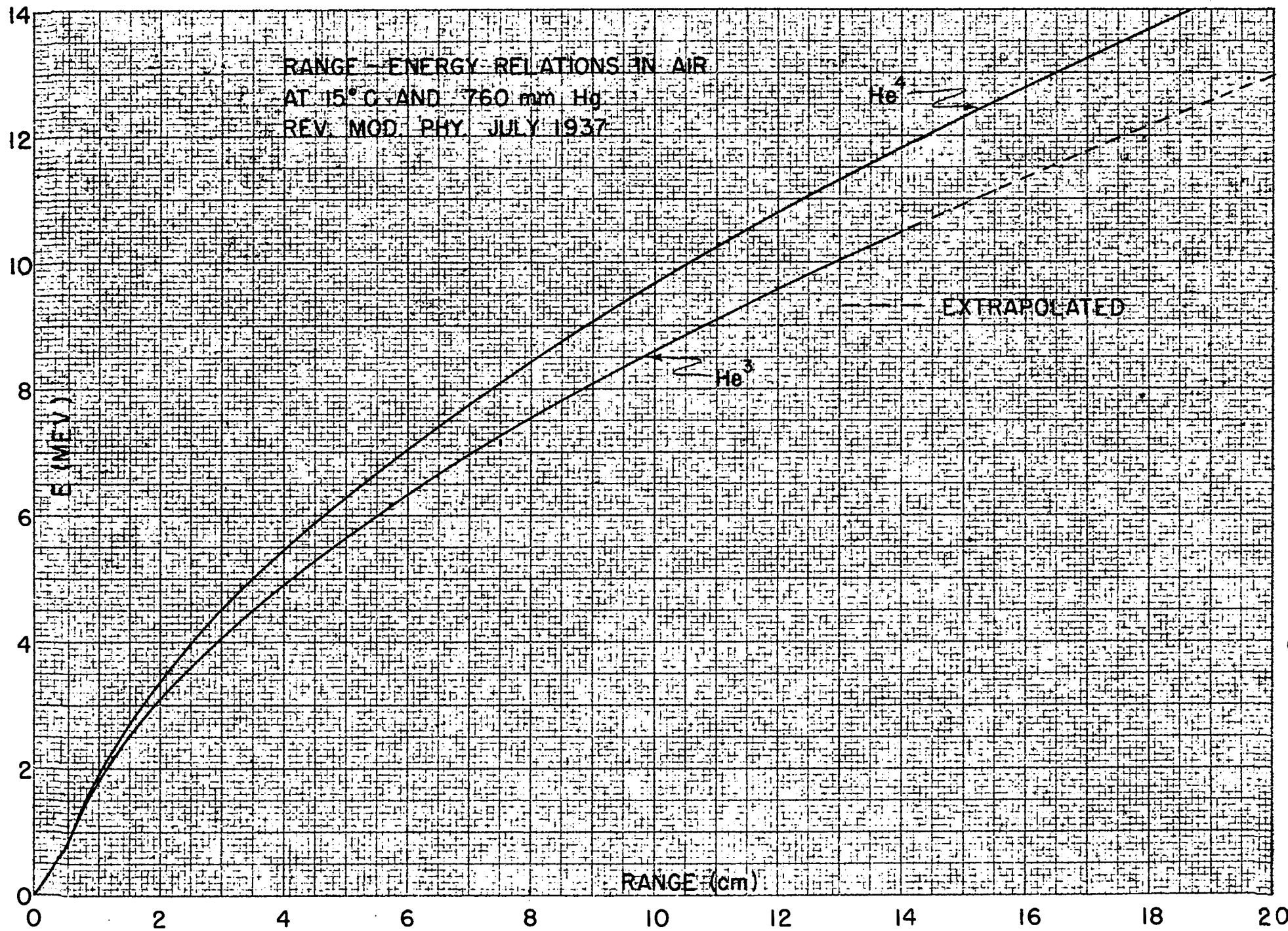


Fig. 41b (See Table 41)

FIG. 42



RANGE - ENERGY RELATIONS IN AIR
AT 15°C AND 760 mm Hg
REV MOD PHY JULY 1937

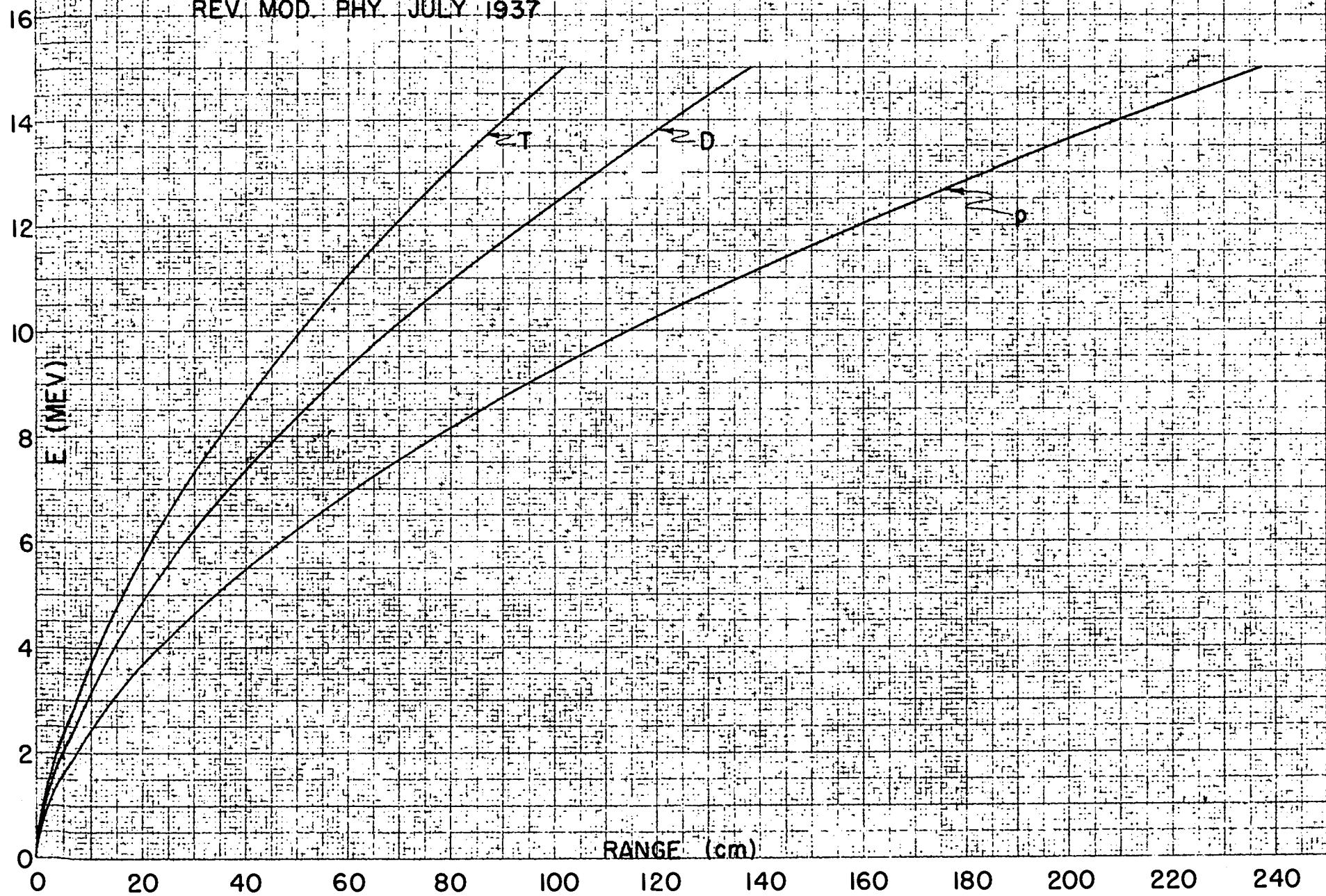


FIG. 43

FIG. 44

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RATE OF ENERGY LOSS vs RANGE
IN NUCLEAR RESEARCH EMULSIONS

0.3

0.2

0.1

0

 $\frac{dE}{dr}$ (MEV/MICRON)

RANGE (MICRONS)

10

20

30

40

50

60

70

80

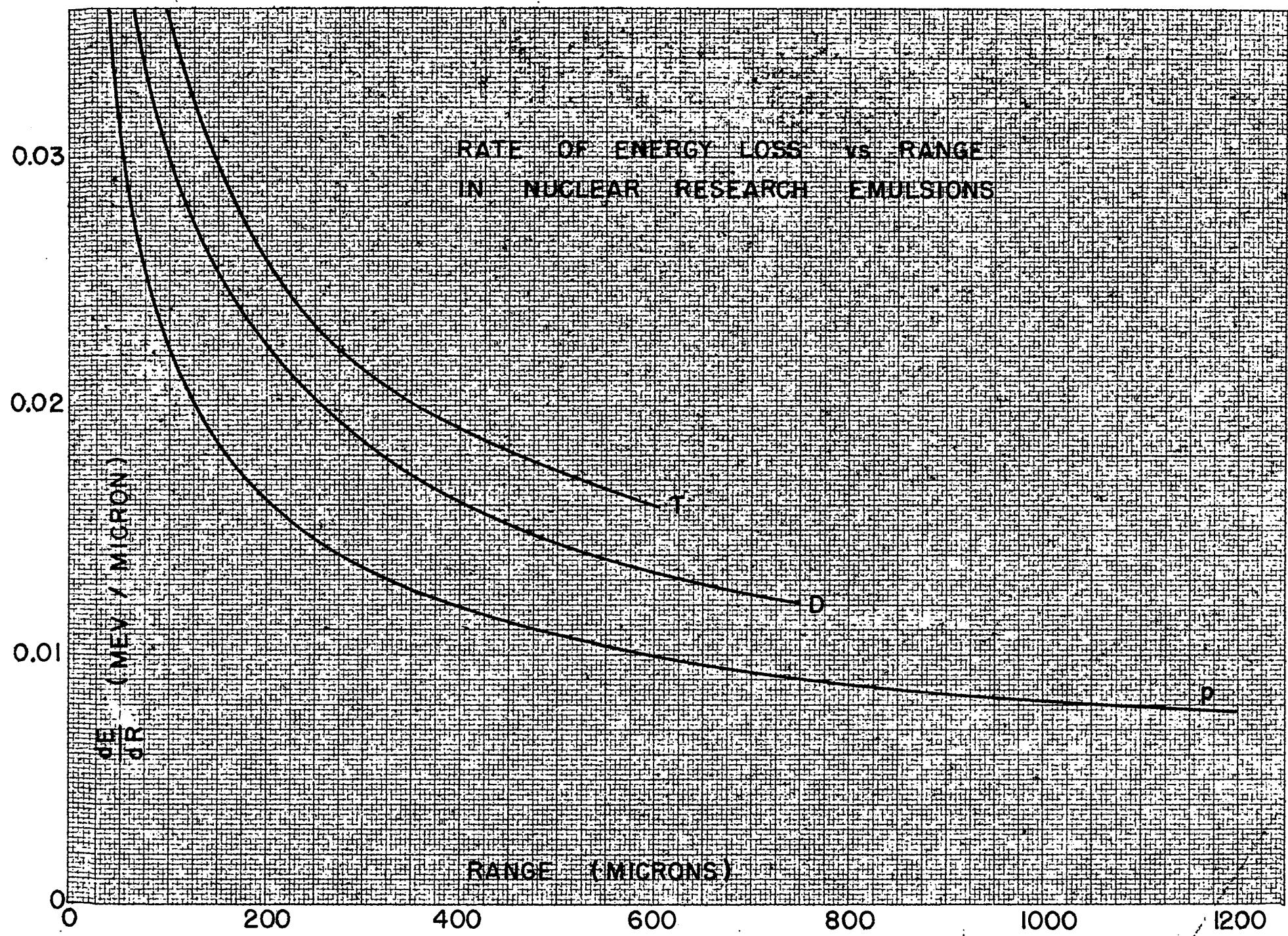
90

100

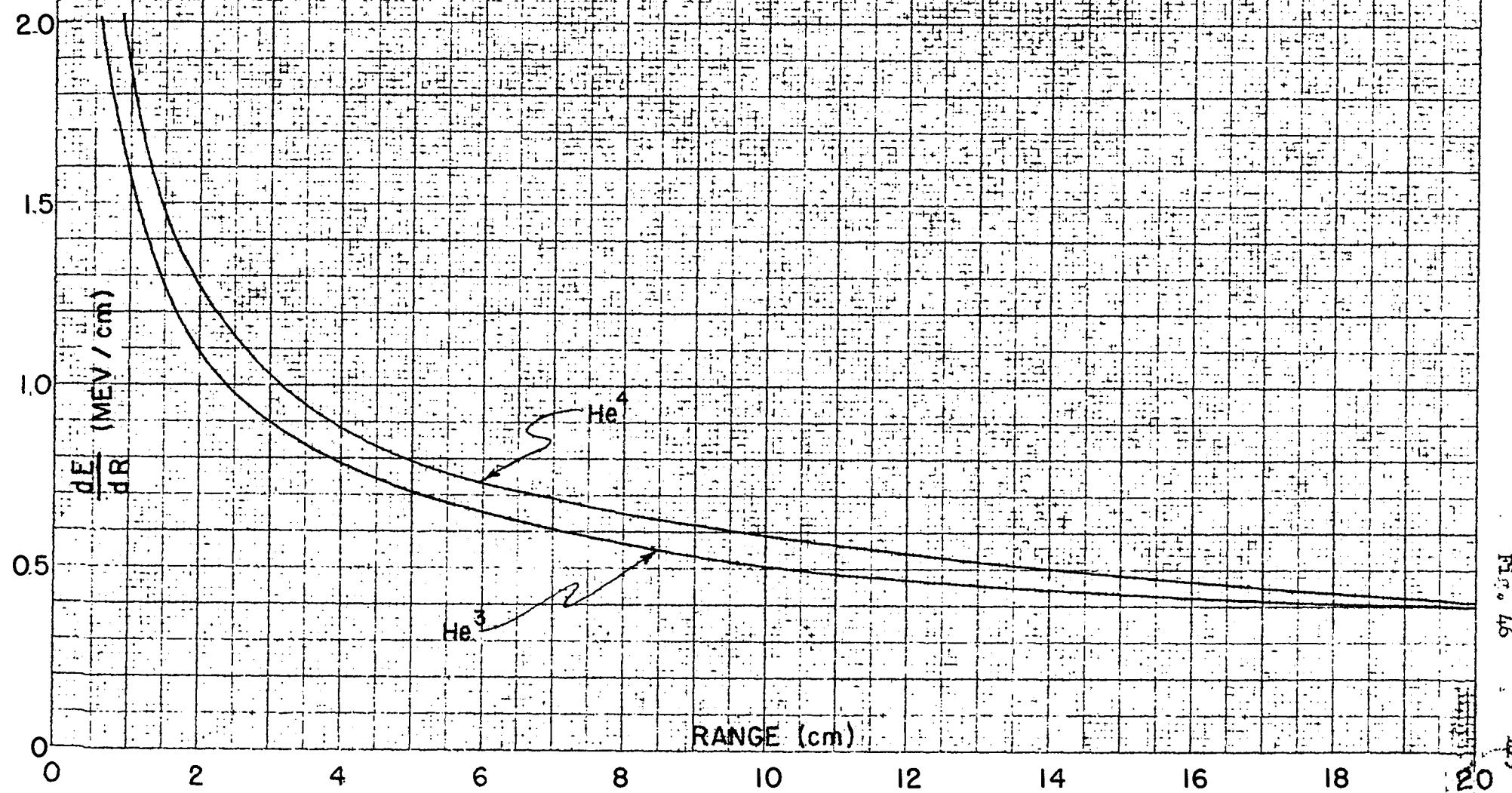
110

120

 He^4 He^3



RATE OF ENERGY LOSS vs RANGE
IN AIR AT 15° C AND 760 mm Hg



RATE OF ENERGY LOSS VS RANGE
IN AIR AT 15°C & 760 mm Hg.

0.3

0.2

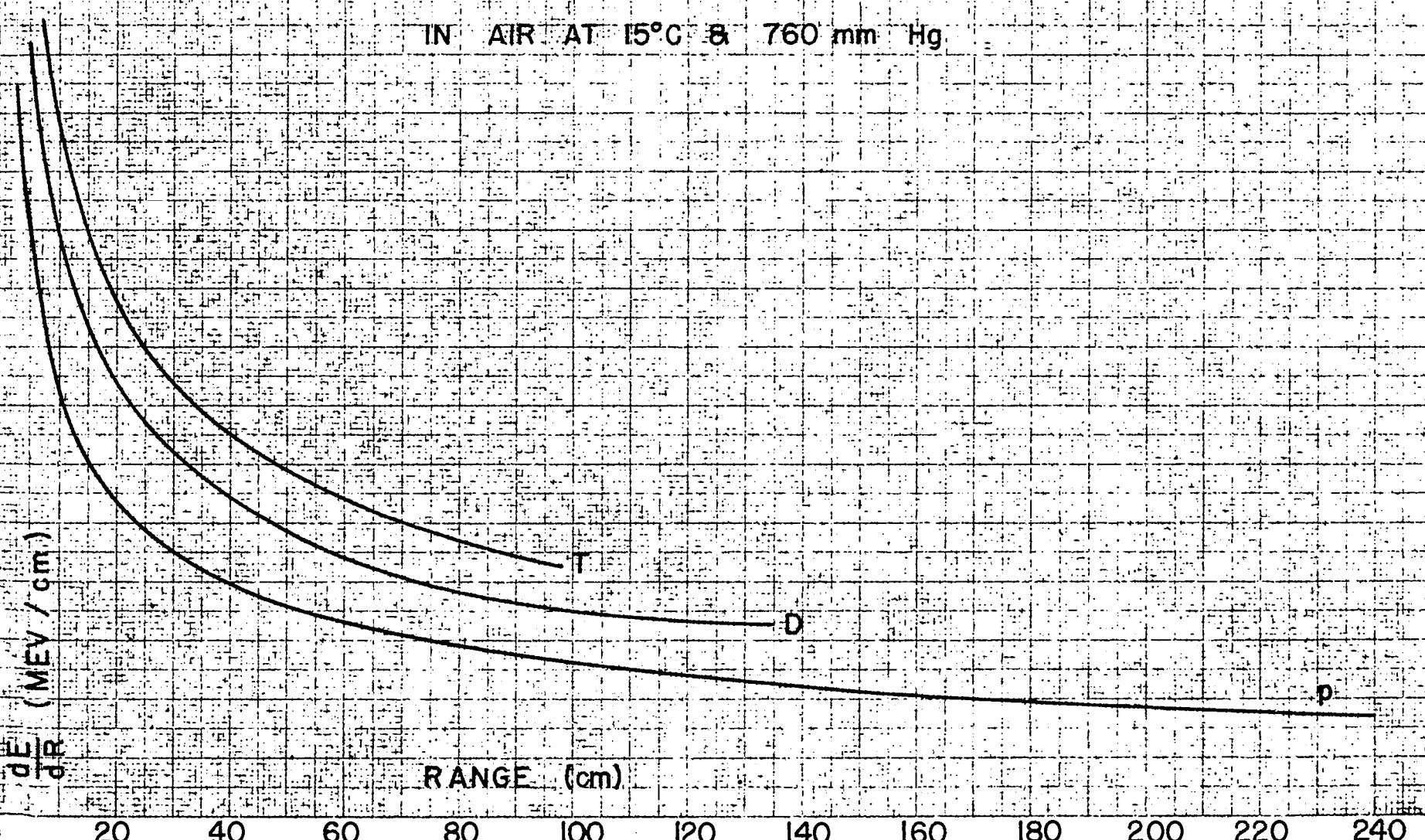
0.1

0

 $\frac{dE}{dr}$ (MeV/cm)

RANGE (cm)

0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240



DOCUMENT ROOM

REC. FROM *Ed. Grys*

DATE 3-14-49

REC. 1 NO. REC.